INL/MIS-23-74161-Revision-0



June 2023 NS&T Highlights

August 2023

Addison Marie Arave

Idaho National Laboratory

hanging the World's Energy Future

INL is a U.S. Department of Energy National Laboratory operated by Battelle Energy Alliance, LLC

DISCLAIMER

This information was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the U.S. Government. Neither the U.S. Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, expressed or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness, of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. References herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trade mark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the U.S. Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the U.S. Government or any agency thereof.

INL/MIS-23-74161-Revision-0

June 2023 NS&T Highlights

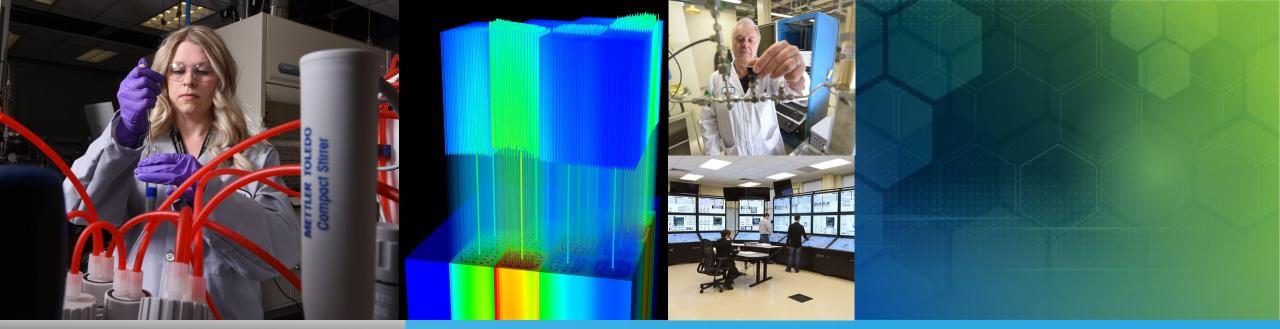
Addison Marie Arave

August 2023

Idaho National Laboratory Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415

http://www.inl.gov

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Under DOE Idaho Operations Office Contract DE-AC07-05ID14517





Nuclear Science & Technology June 2023 Highlights



Researchers Perform Analysis of Federal Legislations and Their Effects on Nuclear Cost Data

- The Systems Analysis & Integration (SA&I) campaign assessed the impact of tax credits from the Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) and Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) on the energy cost to the power plant owners (impact on net revenue in \$/MWh).
- INL/RPT-23-72925 answers three main questions:
 - What are the primary effects of IRA and BIL on nuclear technologies and the secondary effects on nuclear by way of provisions that affect non-nuclear energy technologies?
 - How can an analyst take base nuclear cost data available to them and adjust that data for the impacts of policy to obtain nuclear cost data adjusted by policy?
 - What is the tradeoff between the production tax credit (PTC) and investment tax credit (ITC), the amounts received by producing carbon free electricity and investing in renewable energies, respectively? Is there a preference between them in terms of revenue per megawatt hours?
- The results of this study allow modelers to adjust the capital expenditures (CAPEX) and operating and maintenance (O&M) costs including the benefits from IRA and BIL legislations.

The study estimated a CAPEX reduction between ~6% and ~54% depending on the ITC rate, and an O&M cost reduction between \$7.6 and \$45.8/MWh depending on the PTC rate

| Supporting Mechanism | New Advance d Nuclear | A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT OF | Solar | Carbon Capture | Energy Storage |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| IRA - Tax Credit - PTC (45 U) | | | | | |
| IRA – Tax Credit – PTC (45 Y) | | | | | |
| IRA – Tax Credit – ITC (48 E) | | | | | |
| IRA – Tax Credit – PTC (45 Q) | | | | | |
| IRA – Tax Credit – PTC (45 V) | | | | | |
| IRA – Advanced Energy Project Tax Credit (48 C) | | | | | |
| IRA – Advanced Manufacturing PTC (45 X) | | | | | |
| IRA LGP - Energy Infrastructure Reinvestment (Title 1706) IRA LGP – Innovative Energy and Supply Chain (Title 1703) | | | | | |
| IRA - HALEU | | | | | |
| IRA – Monetizing Tax Credits PTC/ITC direct payments | | | | | |
| IRA + BIL – Industrial Sector Decarbonization | | | | | |
| BIL – Civil Nuclear Credit Program | | | | | |
| IRA – Tribal Energy Development Projects | | | | | |
| IRA - Rural community | | | | | |
| Defense Production Act | | | | | |
| USDA | | | | | |

Trade-off Between PTC and ITC

| Technology | SMR1 | SMR2 | SMR3 | SMR4 | SMR5 |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| Capacity Factor/Overnight CAPEX | \$6,000/kWe | \$7,500/kWe | \$8,500/kWe | \$10,500/kWe | \$13,500/kWe |
| 75% | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC |
| 80% | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC |
| 85% | РТС | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC |
| 90% | РТС | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC |
| 95% | РТС | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC |
| 100% | PTC | ITC | ITC | ITC | ITC |

IDAHO NATIONAL LABORATORY

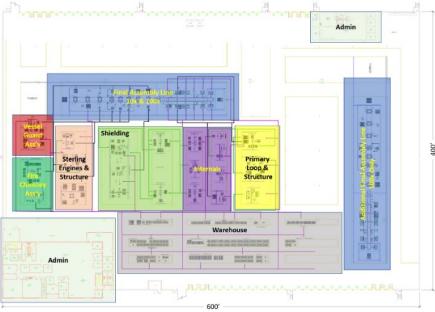
REACTOR SYSTEMS DESIGN & ANALYSIS | INTEGRATED ENERGY & MARKET ANALYSIS Nahuel.Guaita@inl.gov

Research Highlight

DOE-NE Systems Analysis & Integration Campaign and DOE-NE Microreactor Program

New Study Quantifies Cost Reduction Potential from Microreactor Mass Production & Investment Scales Need

- Idaho National Laboratory in collaboration with Munro & Associates published a detailed evaluation of a microreactor factory with throughput ranging from 10 units/year to 100 units/year.
- Mass production will play a key role in driving the costs for microreactors down to commercially viable levels.
- The study estimated that shifting from a stick-built single unit to a factory producing 100 units/year could lead to over 70% cost reductions (excluding site activities).
- While previous studies have discussed the potential benefits from 'learning rates', this is the first study in the open literature to conduct a detailed assessment of costs and potential benefits.
- The conceived factory layout consisted of 22 workstations, 2 final assembly lines, and a 2-shift rotation each with 51 staff members per shift.
- The level of investment needed was projected to be:
 - ~\$10M in equipment, \$72M in building costs
 - ~\$20M/year in staff, \$1M/year in utilities



Detailed schematic of the microreactor factory plant.

Title: Assessment of Factory Fabrication Considerations for Nuclear Microreactors

Authors: Abdalla Abou-Jaoude, Yasir Arafat, Chandrakanth Bolisetti, Botros Hanna, Joshua Belvedere, James Blocker, Brandon Cooper, Shanda Harmon & Dan McCarthy Journal: Nuclear Technology

Link: https://doi.org/10.1080/00295450.2023.2206779

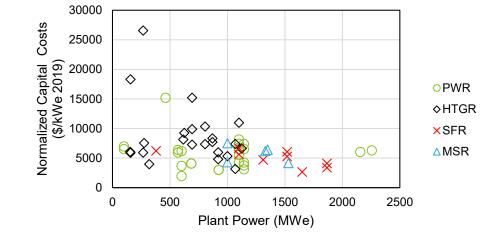
Research Highlight

DOE-NE Integrated Energy Systems Program

Integrated Energy Systems Program Publishes Comprehensive Literature Review of Projected Nuclear Reactor Deployment Costs

- Various stakeholders and modelers need to account for projected costs of nuclear energy and overly conservative cost estimates may lead to nuclear being dismissed by energy planners.
- Thirty literature references were evaluated to harvest a broad sample of advanced reactor cost estimates and cost recommendations were provided for a nuclear reactor between a first and Nth of a kind (BOAK).
- The resulting overnight capital cost for nuclear was \$4,000–\$7,000/kWe, and operating costs were \$15–\$35/MWh.
- These estimates are in line with several nuclear-centric studies and underscores the harm in models using higher target estimates.
- Other important findings of the study are:
 - It is not possible to distinguish, at this level, how reactor technology type (sodium, salt, gas, etc.) impacts costs.
 - It is challenging to delineate if small modular reactor (SMR) costs will differ substantially from costs of larger reactors.
 - Adjustment factors can be used to account for demonstration premiums, learning effects, and multi-plant synergies.





Compiled normalized cost estimates for various reactor types.

Title: Literature Review of Advanced Reactor Cost Estimates

Authors: Abdalla Abou-Jaoude, Linyu Lin, Chandrakanth Bolisetti, Elizabeth Worsham, Levi M Larsen, Aaron Epiney Journal: INL Technical Report, INL/RPT-23-72972

IDAHO NATIONAL LABORATORY

IREACTOR SYSTEMS DESIGN & ANALYSIS | ADVANCED REACTOR TECHNOLOGY & DESIGN Abdalla.Aboujaoude@inl.gov

Research Highlight

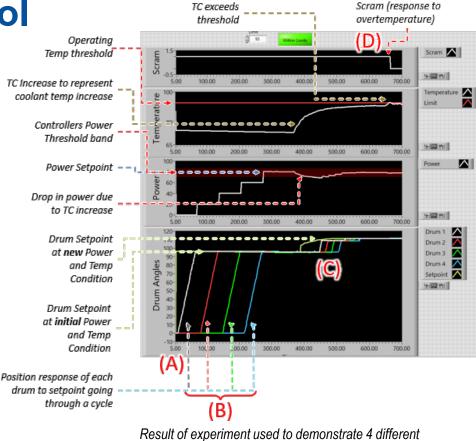
DOE-NE Microreactor Program

Microreactor Autonomous Control System Actuation Hardware Demonstrates Automated Power Control

- The Microreactor Autonomous Control System (MACS) hardware platform provides an accessible general microreactor hardware/digital testbed to test control strategies with an appreciation of hardware/software architectures.
- MACS achieved automated power control using its hardware/digital interface shown in the figure.
 - A. Individual Control Drum Position Control
 - **B.** 4 Control Drum Iteration Control
 - **C**. Power control with simple digital plant including a thermocouple input to simulate coolant
 - D. System scram given an over temperature condition
- The MACS helps pave the way toward autonomous operation of microreactors, which is key to making them cost competitive.



MACS Actuation System (left) controlled by Microreactor Applications Research Validation and Evaluation (MARVEL) prototype control cabinet (right).



automated functions.

Program Highlight

DOE-NE Nuclear Energy Advanced Modeling and Simulation Program

Validation Completed for Pronghorn Modeling of Gas-Cooled Reactors

- High temperature gas-cooled reactors (GCR) have radial and azimuthal temperature gradients due to differential heating and cooling of the graphite core.
- Pronghorn is a MOOSE (Multiphysics Object-Oriented Simulation Environment) based code that provides information on the ability of coolants to remove heat from nuclear fuel.
- Novel approaches for solid conductivity homogenization, radiation heat transfer, and heat exchanges in developing flow were implemented in Pronghorn's 3D porous-media modeling.
- Validation of the Pronghorn modeling capability for both steady-state and transient conditions was completed.
- Experiment data from the Oregon State University High-Temperature Test Facility were used for the validation.
- This expansion of Pronghorn's capabilities provides an additional analysis tool for GCR designs and the Generation IV International Forum.

Reactor Systems Design & Analysis | Thermal Fluids Systems Methods & Analyses Mauricio.TanoRetamales@inl.gov; Sebastian.Schunert@inl.gov Computational Frameworks Vasileios.Kyriakopoulos@inl.gov Core Inner Reflector - Central Region-Core Inner Reflector - Outer Region (Edges) Core Inner Reflector - Outer Region (Corner) Heated Core - Inner Region Outer Reflector - Outer Region Outer Reflector - Central Region Outer Reflector - Central Region Outer Reflector - Central Region Outer Reflector - Outer Region (Corner) Outer Reflector - Outer Region (Corner) Outer Reflector - Outer Region (Center)

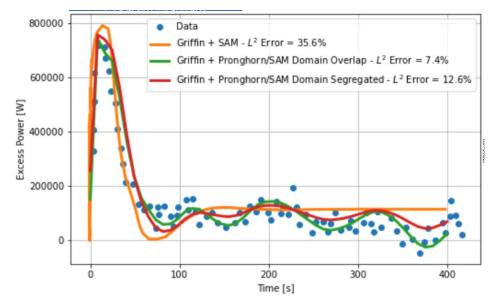
HTTF heated core regions in the Pronghorn model.

Program Highlight

DOE-NE Nuclear Energy Advanced Modeling and Simulation Program

New MOOSE Modeling Capability Uses Pronghorn and Systems Analysis Method for Molten Salt Reactor Analyses

- Liquid-fueled molten salt reactors (MSRs) require detailed multidimensional modeling of the flow, temperature, and delayed neutron precursors fields in the reactor core.
- Pronghorn is a MOOSE-based code that provides information on the ability of coolants to remove heat from nuclear fuel.
- The systems analysis method (SAM) is a whole-plant transient analysis code for design scoping of advanced non-light-water reactors.
- Pronghorn and SAM were coupled to provide complete plant analyses of MSRs with high-fidelity core models.
- The coupling was validated for reactivity insertion transients in the Molten Salt Reactor Experiment.
- This new MOOSE-based modeling capability provides an additional analysis tool for small modular reactors using molten salt as the coolant.



Excess Power for a Reactivity Insertion Transient in the Molten Salt Reactor Experiment.

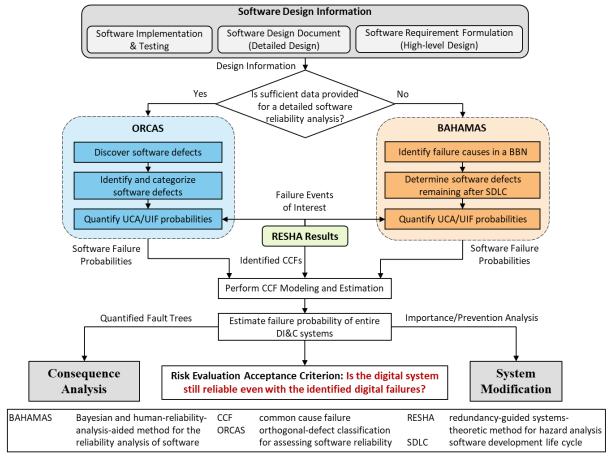
IDAHO NATIONAL LABORATORY

Reactor Systems Design & Analysis | Thermal Fluids Systems Methods & Analyses Mauricio.TanoRetamales@inl.gov; Sebastian.Schunert@inl.gov

DOE-NE Light Water Reactor Sustainability Program

Light Water Reactor Sustainability Program Develops New Methodology to Analyze Reliability of Digital Instrumentation & Control Systems

- Researchers from the Light Water Reactor Sustainability (LWRS) Program are developing a new framework and new methods to support a quantitative reliability analysis of safety-critical digital instrumentation and control (DI&C) systems for use at a nuclear utility.
- The LWRS-developed framework aims to fill the technical gaps in reliability analysis of safety-critical DI&C systems by:
 - Using a new method (i.e., **RESHA**) to identify crucial software failure modes and common cause failures (CCFs).
 - Employing independent methods (i.e., BAHAMAS and ORCAS) to address challenges of limited data and estimate software reliability.
 - Evolving a hybrid method to estimate CCF parameters for various DI&C system designs.
- This framework defines and quantifies metrics of DI&C system reliability to inform decision-makers for managing risk and reducing costs to aid with DI&C design and upgrades.
- This effort was a collaboration with Westinghouse and utilities.



The workflow of multiscale reliability analysis in the LWRS-developed framework for DI&C risk assessment.

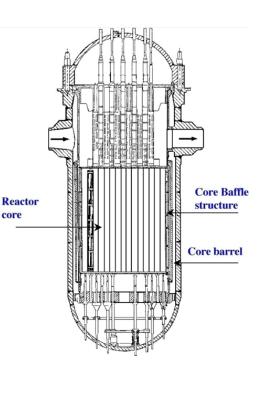


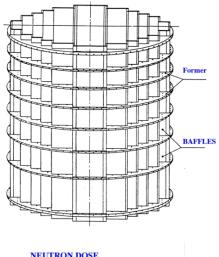
IDAHO NATIONAL LABORATORY

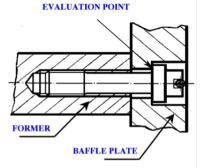
REACTOR SYSTEM DESIGN AND ANALYSIS | DIGITAL REACTOR TECHNOLOGY & DEVELOPMENT Han.Bao@inl.gov

Three Consolidated Innovative Nuclear Research Proposals Awarded

- The Department of Energy (DOE) has selected one national laboratory-led and two university-led projects that will take advantage of Nuclear Science User Facilities (NSUF) capabilities to investigate important nuclear fuel and material applications.
- The three projects will be supported by more than \$6.3 million in facility access costs and expertise for experimental neutron and ion irradiation testing, postirradiation examination, synchrotron beamline characterization and technical assistance for design and analysis of experiments through the NSUF.
- A complete list of NSUF projects with their associated abstracts is available <u>here</u>.







Highly-Irradiated stainless steel baffle plates to be investigated for intergranular cracking



Program Highlight

DOE-NE Light Water Reactor Sustainability Program - Cooperative Research and Development Agreement with Constellation Energy Generation

Limerick Safety-Related Instrumentation and Control Upgrade Project Report Completed

- A partnership has been established between the Department of Energy and Constellation Energy to pilot the use of Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and industry developed processes. This partnership is meant to enable safety-related instrumentation and control (I&C) upgrades and to capture associated lessons learned.
- As part of this effort, INL worked with Constellation to produce a report that describes:
 - Conceptual design phase efforts.
 - Portions of the detailed design phase efforts (up to Constellation's submission of their license amendment request to the NRC for this upgrade).
- Information captured will promote further upgrades in the industry.



Limerick Generating Station.



Mutli-Organization Project Team.

Title: Safety-Related Instrumentation and Control Pilot Upgrade: Conceptual - Detailed Design Phase Report and Lessons Learned Authors: INL - P. Hunton, R. England / Constellation: M. Samselski, G. Segner Report: INL Technical Report INL/RPT-23-72105 Link: https://inldigitallibrary.inl.gov/sites/sti/sti/Sort_66259.pdf



Program Highlight

International Students Learn About Nuclear Deployment at Idaho National Laboratory

- Idaho National Laboratory hosted students from Germany, France, Italy, Canada and the United States to learn from experts in nuclear about deploying nuclear microreactors.
- The "2023 Small Modular Reactor Microreactor Pitch" was organized by:
 - University of Michigan, Fastest Path to Zero Initiative
 - Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
 - Nuclear Energy Agency, Nuclear Education, Skills and Technology (NEST) Small Modular Reactors Program
 - McMaster University, Small Modular Advanced Reactor Training (SMART)
 Collaborative Research and Training Experience (CREATE) program
 - INL, Emerging Energy Markets Analysis Initiative



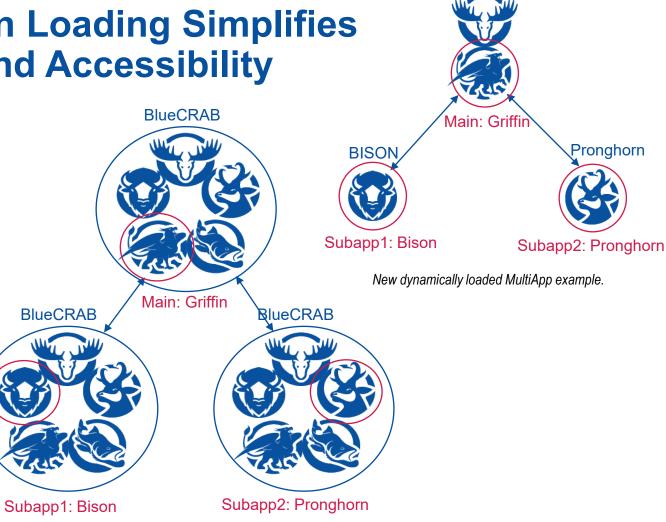
INL Director John Wagner (left) welcomes 38 international students who participated in the NEST program, a weeklong summer school, May 22-26. Students (below) presented their plans on deploying a microreactor. following lessons/ discussions with experts in the field.



DOE-NE Nuclear Energy Advanced Modeling and Simulation Program

MOOSE Dynamic Application Loading Simplifies Configurations, Licensing and Accessibility

- MOOSE's dynamic application loading capability allows individually compiled applications to work with one another seamlessly.
- Only directly-used applications must be licensed and available during runtime.
- Users do not need to add an application to a combined app prior to use in a MultiApp simulation.
- Minimal input file changes may be needed to supply a library search path.

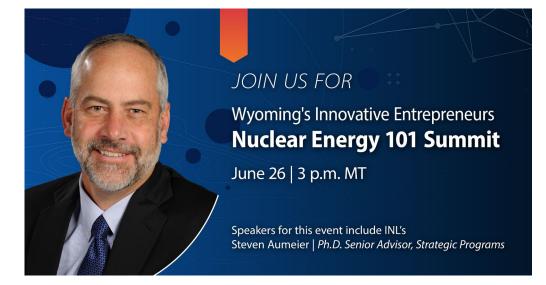


Previous monolithic MultiApp example.

Griffin

Steven Aumeier Presents at the 2023 Nuclear Energy 101 Summit

- On June 26, Steven Aumeier participated in the 2023 Nuclear Energy 101 Summit in Gillette, Wyoming.
- Aumeier spoke on advanced nuclear energy technologies and applications to explain how Wyoming can expand their energy future.
- The mayor of Gillette requested the presentation from INL to inform the public about the basic understanding of advanced nuclear energy technologies and economic opportunities and provide the public a chance to ask questions.



- The event was sponsored by Wyoming's Innovative Entrepreneurs, a group of business leaders who aim to diversify Wyoming's economy through advanced manufacturing collaborations and technologies.
- Other speakers included Todd Allen from the University of Michigan and Marcio Paes Barreto from the Wyoming Energy Authority.

NUCLEAR SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY I EMERGING ENERGY MARKETS ANALYSIS dspangler@inl.gov

Nuclear Energy Influencers Isabelle Boemeke and Madi Hilly Visit Idaho National Laboratory

- As part of INL's efforts to elevate public perception of nuclear energy, Nuclear Science & Technology communications arranged for nuclear energy influencers to tour the lab and promote its clean energy work on social media.
- Isabelle Boemeke, model and influencer known as Isodope, presented a lecture to staff on using social media to impact the narrative around nuclear energy.
- Madi Hilly, founder of Green Nuclear Deal and author of a recent New York Times opinion piece on nuclear waste, also visited.
- Social posts from the influencers about the visit garnered more than 4 million views and resulted in coverage in Newsweek and other national outlets.



Madi Hilly and Isabelle Boemeke with INL Laboratory Director John Wagner.

Curtis Smith, Abderrafi Ougouag, and Yasir Arafat Recognized for Exceptional Nuclear Science Achievements

- Curtis Smith, INL's director of Nuclear Safety and Regulatory Research, and Abderrafi Ougouag, INL senior researcher, were elevated to American Nuclear Society (ANS) Fellows, the organizations highest honor, recognizing individuals with outstanding accomplishments in any one of the areas of nuclear science and engineering.
- Yasir Arafat, lead engineer for the MARVEL microreactor project, was awarded the Walter H. Zinn Medal. The Zinn Medal is one of only three pinnacle awards and recognizes outstanding contributions to the advancement or implementation of nuclear technology.
- These INL employees were recognized during the opening plenary of this year's ANS Annual Meeting.



ANS Fellow Abderrafi Ougouag (left), ANS Fellow Curtis Smith (bottom) and Walter H. Zinn Medal winner Yasir Arafat (right).





IDAHO NATIONAL LABORATORY

NUCLEAR SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY Yasir.Arafat@inl.gov; Abderrafi.Ougouag@inl.gov; Curtis.Smith@inl.gov

Dr. Jacy Conrad Elected to the Miller Trust for Radiation Chemistry

- At the 32nd Miller Conference on Radiation Chemistry, June 3–8, Jacy Conrad was elected as a committee member for the Miller Trust.
- The Miller Trust is an international society dedicated to public education on the chemical effects of radiation that hosts conferences on this subject every two years.
- Dr. Conrad is a staff scientist at the INL Center for Radiation Chemistry Research, a group of INL researchers whose mission is to:
 - Address radiation chemistry challenges throughout the nuclear fuel cycle and beyond.
 - Advance our fundamental and applied knowledge of ionizing radiation phenomena.
 - Train the next generation of radiation chemists, to preserve the world's expertise for future generations.



Jacy Conrad of the INL Center For Radiation Chemistry Research

People / Leadership Highlight

INL Statistician Andrea Mack Receives an Appreciation Award from the American Society for Testing and Materials

- Andrea Mack received an Award of Appreciation from the American Society for Testing and Materials (ATSM) for her work developing probabilistic analysis methodologies for nuclear graphite.
- This award is in recognition of Mack's outstanding service and active participation in the ASTM Subcommittee D02.F, Manufactured Carbon and Graphite Products.
- Graphite is a quasi-brittle material requiring complex probabilistic analysis to determine failure probability within the core components. Development of these probabilistic failure criteria for nuclear graphite is critical in qualifying and eventually licensing graphite core components within Gen IV High Temperature Reactor (HTR) designs.
- The new standards quantify the probability of developing a flaw (crack/pore) within the graphite. Additionally, these methodologies are currently being incorporated within the new ASME Section III, Division 5 design code rules for graphite and ceramic composite components.
- Andrea Mack works with the DOE Advanced Reactor Technologies Graphite research and development program.





American Society for Testing and Materials Award of Appreciation winner Andrea Mack.

NUCLEAR SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY andrea.mack@inl.gov

Laboratory Fellow Sam Sham Recognized with ASME Award

- Ting-Leung (Sam) Sham received the Certificate of Acclamation Award from the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) Boiler and Pressure Vessel Committee on Construction of Nuclear Facility Components (III).
- The award recognizes Sam's technical contributions and leadership for the development activities at Idaho National Laboratory, Oak Ridge National Laboratory and Argonne National Laboratory, establishing three new ASME Section III, Division 5 Code Cases for the evaluation of elevated temperature components.
 - N-924 for primary load
 - N-861-1 for strain limits

REACTOR SYSTEMS DESIGN & ANALYSIS

TingLeung.Sham@inl.gov

- N-862-1 for creep-fatigue
- These three new code cases take advantage of modern computing technology and pseudo-yield stresses to significantly simplify the structural design evaluations for advanced reactors.
- This development was part of the multi-year Alloy 617 Code Case effort, supported by the DOE Office of Nuclear Energy, Advanced Reactor Technologies (ART) Program.



THE BPV COMMITTEE ON CONSTRUCTION OF NUCLEAR FACILITY COMPONENTS (III) AWARDS THIS CERTIFICATE OF ACCLAMATION TO Ting-Leung Sham For outstanding service and technical excellence in the development of three new code cases for the evaluation of elevated temperature components: N-924 for primary load, N-861-1 for strain limits, and N-862-1 for creep-fatigue. These three new code cases take advantage of modern computing technology and pseudo-yield stresses to significantly simplify the evaluations. Thomas P. Pastas Thomas P. Pastor Board Chair Sr. Vice President and Chair, Standards and Certifi Standards and Certification

- A. Abou-Jaoude, Y. Arafat, C. Bolisetti, B. Hanna, J. Belvedere, J. Blocker, B. Cooper, S. Harmon, D. McCarthy. 2023. "Assessment of Factory Fabrication Considerations for Nuclear Microreactors." NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY. https://doi.org/10.1080/00295450.2023.2206779.
- A. Earthperson, C. Otani, D. Nevius, S. Prescott, M. Diaconeasa. 2023. "A combined strategy for dynamic probabilistic risk assessment of fission battery designs using EMRALD and DEPM." PROGRESS IN NUCLEAR ENERGY. Vol. 160. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pnucene.2023.104673.
- A. Khanolkar, M. Cinbiz, J. Yu, X. Hu. 2023. "High temperature elastic properties of substoichiometric yttrium dihydrides." MATERIALS TODAY COMMUNICATIONS. Vol. 35. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mtcomm.2023.105879.
- A. Shah, J. Kim, R. Christian, H. Kang. 2023. "Sensitivity Analysis of Effectiveness of FLEX Strategies Using a CDF-Based Importance Measure Under Accident Conditions." NUCLEAR SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING. https://doi.org/10.1080/00295639.2023.2194460.
- B. Miller, F. Di Lemma, C. Smith, J. Cole, D. Keiser, J. Giglio, J. Jue, T. Trowbridge. 2023.
 "Annealing influence on the microstructure of irradiated U-Mo monolithic fuel foils." NUCLEAR MATERIALS AND ENERGY. Vol. 35. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nme.2023.101436.

- C. Estrada-Perez, P. Sabharwall, P. Bhowmik, J. O'Brien, S. Balderrama Prieto, J. Johnson, J. Fishler, I. Reichow. 2023. "Integral and Separate Effects Test Facilities To Support Water Cooled Small Modular Reactors: A Review." PROGRESS IN NUCLEAR ENERGY. Vol. 160. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pnucene.2023.104697.
- G. Horne, C. Celis-Barros, J. Conrad, T. Grimes, J. McLachlan, B. Rotermund, A. Cook, S. Mezyk. 2023. "Impact of lanthanide ion complexation and temperature on the chemical reactivity of N,N,N ',N '-tetraoctyl diglycolamide (TODGA) with the dodecane radical cation." PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY CHEMICAL PHYSICS. Vol. 25. https://doi.org/10.1039/d3cp01119d.
- J. Conrad, K. Iwamatsu, M. Woods, R. Gakhar, B. Layne, A. Cook, G. Horne. 2023. "Impact of iodide ions on the speciation of radiolytic transients in molten LiCI-KCI eutectic salt mixtures." PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY CHEMICAL PHYSICS. Vol. 25. https://doi.org/10.1039/d3cp01477k.
- J. Conrad, M. Woods, G. Horne. 2023. "Radiolytic Evaluation of Select Sulfur Chlorides (S2Cl2 and SOCl2) for Advanced Low Temperature Chlorination of Zirconium-based Used Nuclear Fuel Cladding." RADIATION PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY. Vol. 206. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.radphyschem.2022.110732.

- J. Ke, A. Jokisaari. 2023. "Effects of Aluminum and Molybdenum on the Phase Stability of Iron-Chromium Alloys: A First-Principles Study." JOM. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11837-023-05909-0.
- J. Kim, S. Yoon, T. Yoo, E. Kim. 2023. "Modelling and analysis of salt-convection effect on oxide reduction process for uranium oxides using smoothed particle hydrodynamics." INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF HEAT AND MASS TRANSFER. Vol. 206. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijheatmasstransfer.2023.123965.
- J. Smith, C. Jesse, W. Hanson, C. Scott, D. Cottle. 2023. "Channel Gap Measurements of Irradiated Plate Fuel and Comparison with Post-Irradiation Plate Thickness." NUCLEAR ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY. Vol. 55. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.net.2023.02.034.
- J. Stempien, Y. Wu, J. Jiang. 2023. "Catalyzed oxidation of IG-110 nuclear graphite by simulated fission products Ag and Pd nanoparticles." NUCLEAR MATERIALS AND ENERGY. Vol. 35. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nme.2023.101438.
- S. Riley, K. Holloway, A. Bateman, R. Skifton, B. Jaques. 2023. "Influence of microstructure and phase morphology on the stability of high temperature irradiation resistant thermocouples." MATERIALS TODAY COMMUNICATIONS. Vol. 35. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mtcomm.2023.105972.

- W. Williams, S. Vogel, M. Okuniewski. 2023. "Phase transformations and thermal expansion coefficients of unirradiated U-X wt.% Zr (X=6, 10, 20, 30) measured via neutron diffraction." JOURNAL OF NUCLEAR MATERIALS. Vol. 579. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jnucmat.2023.154380.
- S. Terlizzi, V. Laboure. 2023. "Asymptotic hydrogen redistribution analysis in yttrium-hydridemoderated heat-pipe-cooled microreactors using DireWolf." ANNALS OF NUCLEAR ENERGY. Vol.186. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.anucene.2023.109735.