INL/EXT-15-34453 Revision 1

Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database Fitness and Suitability Review

Brenden Heidrich, Chair NEID Database Review Panel

March 2015



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http://www.inl.gov

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Nuclear Scientific User Facilities

Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database Fitness and Suitability Review

INL/EXT-15-34453 Revision 1

March 2015

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Date

SUMMARY

In 2014, the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Science and Technology Innovation initiated the Nuclear Energy-Infrastructure Management Project by tasking the Nuclear Science User Facilities, formerly the Advanced Test Reactor National Scientific User Facility, to create a searchable and interactive database of all pertinent nuclear energy (NE)-supported or related infrastructure. This database will be used for analyses to establish needs, redundancies, efficiencies, distributions, etc., to best understand the utility of NE's infrastructure and inform the content of the infrastructure calls. The Nuclear Science User Facilities developed the database by utilizing data and policy direction from a variety of reports from the Department of Energy, the National Research Council, the International Atomic Energy Agency, and various other federal and civilian resources. The Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database currently contains data on 802 research and development instruments housed in 377 facilities at 84 institutions in the U.S. and abroad.

A Database Review Panel was formed to review and provide advice on the development, implementation, and utilization of the Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database. The panel is comprised of five members with expertise in NE-associated research. It was intended that they represent the major constituencies associated with NE research: academia, industry, research reactor, national laboratory, and Department of Energy program management. The Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database Review Panel concludes that the Nuclear Science User Facilities has succeeded in creating a capability and infrastructure database that identifies and documents the major NE research and development capabilities across the Department of Energy complex. The effort to maintain and expand the database will be ongoing. Detailed information on many facilities must be gathered from associated institutions added to complete the database. The data must be validated and kept current to capture facility and instrumentation status as well as to cover new acquisitions and retirements.

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ACRONYMS

ATR	Advanced Test Reactor
DOE	Department of Energy
DRP	Database Review Panel
FIMS	Facility Information Management System
FY	fiscal year
GIS	Geographical Information System
IAEA	International Atomic Energy Agency
IM	Information Management
IM INL	Information Management Idaho National Laboratory
	C C
INL	Idaho National Laboratory
INL NE	Idaho National Laboratory Nuclear Energy
INL NE NEID	Idaho National Laboratory Nuclear Energy Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database
INL NE NEID NSUF	Idaho National Laboratory Nuclear Energy Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database Nuclear Science User Facilities

Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database Fitness and Suitability Review

1. PURPOSE OF THE NUCLEAR ENERGY-INFRASTRUCTURE MANAGEMENT PROJECT

In 2014, the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Science and Technology Innovation initiated the Nuclear Energy (NE)-Infrastructure Management Project by tasking the Nuclear Science User Facilities (NSUF), formerly the Advanced Test Reactor National Scientific User Facility, to create a searchable and interactive database of all pertinent NE-supported or related infrastructure. This database will be used for analyses to identify needs, redundancies, efficiencies, distributions, etc., to best understand the utility of NE's infrastructure and inform the content of the infrastructure calls.

Additionally, NSUF was tasked to develop a web-based application to track research and development (R&D) facilities and associated equipment throughout the NE complex. The system will allow internal authorized users to enter, update, and search facilities and equipment as well as allowing authorized users to run defined reports. There will be one version of the online database (PRIVATE) for internal users, such as Department of Energy (DOE), national laboratory staff and other authorized personnel. There will be another version of the database (PUBLIC) for users and potential users to view the inventory of NE-compatible R&D capabilities available to them through the NSUF. These may be the same database, with various levels of permissions applied to each category of information.

This new directive is built upon the NSUF mission of providing no-cost access to specialized facilities by:

- 1. Developing and maintaining a Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database (NEID) at:
 - a. National laboratories
 - b. Universities
 - c. Industrial R&D facilities
 - d. International R&D facilities
- 2. Coordinating the Office of Nuclear Energy infrastructure awards
 - a. University reactor upgrades
 - b. University general scientific infrastructure
 - c. Nuclear Energy Enabling Technologies Crosscutting Technology Development
 - d. NSUF access awards.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE NUCLEAR ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE DATABASE (NEID)

The NSUF developed the database by utilizing data and policy direction from a variety of reports from the DOE, the National Research Council, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), and various other federal and civilian resources. This basis was built upon with specific searches of institution's internet sites and written surveys to U.S. academic institutions.

2.1 Database Structure

The data was compiled into a Microsoft AccessTM database format, with one database for R&D facilities and another for the R&D instrumentation. That database is being converted to a Structured Query Language database, which will then be accessed through a web portal. The database development activities are being pursued by the Information Management (IM) staff at Idaho National Laboratory (INL). A draft version of the database is available internally at INL at impac.inl.gov. It is intended only for usability testing and idea development.

The NSUF and IM staff will also use Geographical Information System (GIS) technologies to visualize the data in the NEID. This is designed to make the NEID easier to utilize efficiently by all user levels.

2.2 Database Contents

The NEID currently contains data on 802 R&D instruments housed in 377 facilities at 84 institutions in the U.S. and abroad. Because this project has only just started, many of the entries currently lack detail. The NSUF has plans in place to fill in this detail, by use of focused surveys and other tools, over the next year.

The final implementation of the Structured Query Language database will include access to (directly or indirectly) other federal databases such as:

- 1. Facility Information Management System (FIMS): real estate database
- 2. Sunflower: property management database tied into equipment acquisitions
- 3. Nuclear Science and Technology Directorate at INL Availability Database: equipment status.

Other resources, such as IAEA databases, may be accessed and have data entered manually.

3. DATABASE REVIEW PANEL

The Database Review Panel (DRP) was formed to review and provide advice on the development, implementation, and utilization of the NEID. Additionally, the DRP can provide an expert opinion of needed infrastructure for near-, mid-, and long-term future research in support of the NE mission in accordance with established NE direction, such as the NE R&D Roadmap. Their input can be used as one of many sources used in the gap analysis to be completed in fiscal year (FY) 2015 that will assist in providing recommendations and support for future funding opportunities. The DRP Charter is included as Appendix B to this report.

3.1 Duties

The DRP was tasked to provide the following to the NSUF:

- 1. Review the structure of the database, including:
 - a. Types of facilities and instruments to be included in the database
 - b. Types of information to be included about the facilities and instruments in the database
 - c. Layout and usability of the database.
- 2. Review the contents of the database, including:
 - a. Missing facilities or instruments
 - b. Errors in data entered in the database.
- 3. Provide an expert opinion of needed infrastructure for future research in support of the NE mission (for utilization as one source in the capability gap analysis)("Needs" Report).
- 4. Provide preliminary input on possible implementation strategies for future NSUF management of NE-associated R&D infrastructure.

3.2 Membership

The panel is comprised of five members with expertise in NE-associated research. It was intended that they represent the major constituencies associated with NE research: academia, industry, research reactor, national laboratory, and DOE program management. The panel will be chaired by the NSUF Research and Development Infrastructure Lead (Dr. Brenden Heidrich). In their representation of the constituencies listed above, it is anticipated that a portion of the DRP membership will come from the NSUF User's Organization Executive Committee or the Capabilities and Infrastructure Committee. Other members of the DRP, in addition to the chair, will come from DOE and/or other external groups. Table 1 shows the proposed DRP membership for FY 2015. Membership on the DRP is at the discretion of the chair.

Name ^a	Institution	Constituency
Brenden Heidrich	INL	NSUF (Chair)
Jason Tokey	DOE-NE Office of Facilities Management	Program Management
Dave Senor	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	National Laboratory
Peng Xu	Toshiba-Westinghouse	Industry
Lin-wen Hu	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	University

Table 1. FY 2015 NSUF NE infrastructure DRP membership.

^a Peter Hosemann from University of California Berkeley will act as an alternate in the event a member cannot complete their duties.

3.3 Deliverables

The DRP membership will provide input and feedback to the R&D Infrastructure Lead, who will generate two reports based on the panel's work, as detailed in Table 2.

Table 2. FY 2015 deliverables.

	Report	Completion Date
1.	DRP NE Infrastructure Database Fitness and Suitability ReportFitness of the data included in the NEIDSuitability of the structure of the NEID.	March 15, 2015
2.	DRP NE R&D Capability Needs Report DRP member's expert opinions of the infrastructure requirements to support the near-, mid- and long-term future Nuclear Engineering research.	April 30, 2015

3.4 Proposed Timetable of the DRP for FY 2015

Table 3 details the proposed timetable of the DRP in FY 2015.

Table 3. FY 2015 timetable.

Event or Task ^a	Completion Date
Formation of DRP and acceptance of charter and plan by: DOE-NE, NSUF Director and proposed panel members.	January 30, 2015
Dr. Heidrich presents summary of DRP efforts to the Nuclear Energy Advisory Committee-Facilities Subcommittee	February 19, 2015
Panel members provide their review of the database format and contents to the chair. Dr. Heidrich generates NEID fitness and suitability report.	February 27, 2015
Dr. Heidrich provides support to Nuclear Energy University Program/Nuclear Energy Enabling Technology infrastructure application review using database and other supporting resources, including DRP opinions as appropriate.	March 19, 2015
Panel provides expert opinion of R&D direction and capability needs to the chair. Dr. Heidrich generates the DRP NE R&D Capability "Needs" Report.	April 30, 2015
Dr. Heidrich presents summary of DRP efforts to the NSUF Scientific Review Board.	June 2, 2015
Dr. Heidrich presents summary of DRP efforts to the NSUF User's Organization during User's Week.	June 22, 2015

^a Review of the project by the DOE program office can be performed at any time.

4. REVIEW COMMENTS FROM THE NEID DATABASE REVIEW PANEL

The detailed comments and responses are in Appendix A. This section attempts to group the comments by functional area and provide discussion of the improvements made in response to the panel's input.

4.1 Data and Data Sources

4.1.1 What capabilities will be included in the NEID?

The NEID is designed to identify and document all of the major capabilities associated with NE research across the DOE complex. This has been expanded to cover similar capabilities at universities and commercial sites, primarily in the U.S., but also international facilities of interest.

Currently, the NEID contains data on 802 R&D instruments housed in 377 facilities at 84 institutions in the U.S. and abroad. There is still detailed data to be gathered about these capabilities and some additional capabilities to be discovered and added to the NEID, but the vast majority of capabilities are cataloged in the NEID. Figures 1 and 2 show the functional distribution of the facilities and instruments in the NEID. Figure 3 shows the distribution of institutional owners of the R&D capabilities.

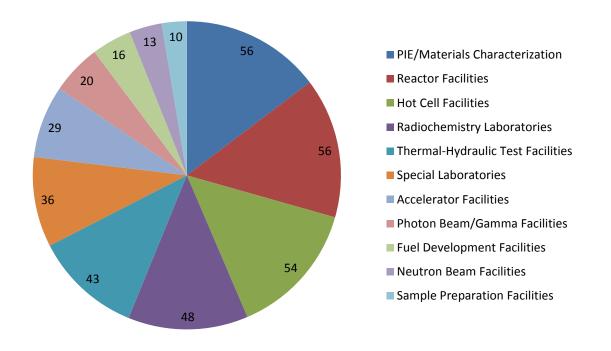


Figure 1. Functional distribution of the 377 facilities in the NEID (February 27, 2015).

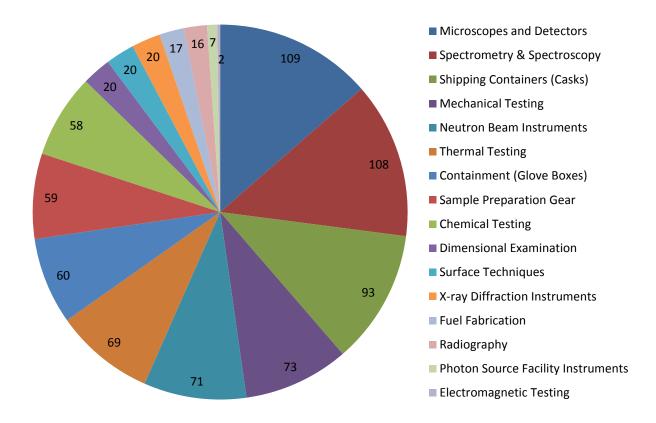


Figure 2. Functional distribution of the 802 instruments in the NEID (February 27, 2015).

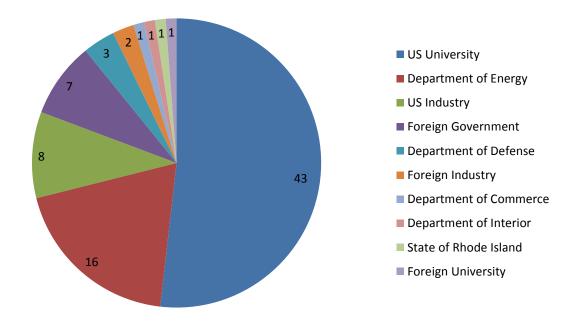


Figure 3. Institutional affiliations for the NEID capabilities (February 27, 2015).

4.1.2 How will the data in the NEID be kept current?

The NEID will be maintained through a tiered approach. NSUF staff will work with INL IM and the various facilities to gather and input the data in an efficient manner.

- 1. Data for DOE-complex <u>facilities</u> (real estate) are maintained through the FIMS. This database contains information about the condition of the facility as well as its fitness for meeting mission needs. The fields of interest are shown in Table 4. The FIMS database will be queried periodically and the data fed into the NEID.
- 2. Acquisition data for DOE-complex <u>instrumentation</u> are maintained through the Sunflower database system. The NEID will be setup to query the INL implementation of the Sunflower system. Similar systems are in use at other DOE-complex laboratories although their implementation may differ slightly from INL. The other laboratories will be queried for input periodically. Ideally, they would format their data to match the NEID format. The data translation may have to be handled by NSUF/INL. Sunflower data can be filtered by various criteria, including initial cost of the equipment and federal supply codes.
- 3. NSUF partner facilities will be polled periodically for updates to their facility and instrumentation entries. This can be accomplished either manually or by giving them access to the NEID so they can edit their own entries. Their participation in this effort will be part of the partner agreement between NSUF and the partnering institution.
- 4. Other facilities in the NEID will be polled periodically for updates to their facility and instrumentation entries. Their participation in this effort is voluntary and will likely be less than complete.

To facilitate this effort, the point of contact address and telephone number will be added to the facility and instrumentation entries in addition to their name and e-mail address.

Property Name	Laboratory Operations Board Overall Asset Condition	
Property Type	Laboratory Operations Board Condition Notes	
Ownership	Core Capability – Primary	
Mission Dependency	Core Capability – Secondary	
Status	Core Capability – Tertiary	
Hazard Category	Asset % Utilized	
Elevated Security	Asset Utilization Level	
Repair Needs	Utilization Notes	
Deferred Maintenance	Laboratory Operations Board Utilization Space Type % Utilized	
Summary Condition	Laboratory Operations Board Utilization Space Type Util. Level	

Table 4. FIMS Data for the NEID.

4.1.3 What sources were used to initially populate the NEID?

Over 50 references were used in the first 6 months of the project. Twenty-four sources or sets of sources were gleaned to provide the information that formed the NEID. A listing of these is shown here in Table 5.

Reference	Date
1. IAEA Databases Research & Test Facilities Database, Research and Test Reactor Database & Beamline Database)	≤2015
2. Facility Site (web page)	2015
3. Facility NSUF User's Guide	2014
4. Facility Fact Sheets/Annual Reports/etc.	2014
5. www.lightsources.org (web page)	2015
6. Hot Cell Strategy Report	2006
7. Alternatives to Academic and Professional International Evaluations report & raw data	2012
8. DOE Facilities Inventory Draft (June 16, 2014)	2014
9. Required Assets for a NE Applied R&D Program	2009
10. Nuclear Energy University Program Research Reactor Infrastructure Program Annual Reports	2012–3
11. INL Ten-Year Site Plans	2012–4
12. DOE-Office of Science User Facilities Ten-Year Plan	2013
13. DOE-NE Infrastructure FOA Awards	2015
14. INL Portfolio Integration & Prioritization Tool	2012
15. INL Nuclear Science and Technology Directorate Inventory System	2015
16. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Test, Research, and Training Reactor Licensing Presentation (ML14226A953)	2014
17. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Test, Research, and Training Reactor Licensing Presentation (ML12269A373)	2012
18. Nuclear Science and Engineering Education Sourcebook (American Nuclear Society/DOE)	2013–4
19. NRC.GOV (web page)	2015
20. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Compliance Certificate (radioactive materials packaging)	2015
21. Sunflower Property Management Database	2015
22. Advanced Fuel Cycle Facility Existing Facilities Data Report	2008
23. Facilities for the Future of NE Research	2009
24. INL Facility Planning Portal	2015
99. Personal/Phone/E-mail Contact	2015

An additional reference, U.S. DOE, "Directory of Operating Research, Training, and Test Reactors in the United States of America," Fourth Edition, 1997, will be researched as a possible addition to the NEID.

4.2 Categories and Classification

4.2.1 What information does the NEID store about a facility or instrument?

The NEID structure will change slightly as a result of the initial review by the DRP as well as several uses of the database to assist NSUF users. Originally, the NEID was arranged into two individual databases: one for R&D facilities and one for instruments. These were sorted by purpose. The major capabilities are shown in Table 6.

Facility Categories	Instrumentation Categories
Accelerator Facilities	Chemical Testing
Fuel Development Facilities	Containment (Glove Boxes)
Hot Cell Facilities	Dimensional Examination
Neutron Beam Facilities	Electromagnetic Testing
Photon Beam/Gamma Facilities	Fuel Fabrication
Post-irradiation Examination/Materials Characterization	Ion Beam Instruments
Radiochemistry Laboratories	Mechanical Testing
Reactor Facilities	Microscopes and Detectors
Sample Preparation Facilities	Neutron Beam Instruments
Special Laboratories	Photon Source Facility Instruments
Thermal-Hydraulic Test Facilities	Radiography
	Sample Preparation Gear
	Shipping Containers (Casks)
	Spectrometry & Spectroscopy
	Surface Techniques
	Thermal Testing
	X-ray Diffraction Instruments

Table 6. Types of facilities and instruments in initial NEID design.

Roughly 50 fields of information were gathered for both types as shown in Table 7.

The fields were chosen to ease searching by potential users and so that each NEID entry could stand on its own. Based on DRP input and actual utilization of the NEID, the database design has been updated so that institution, facility, and instrument entries contain the information important to each one. Instruments are linked in the database to their home facility, which is linked to its home institution. As before, specific sets of fields are available to add specialized information about different types of facilities and instruments. The main fields for the updated NEID are shown in Table 8.

The new fields are highlighted.

- The light-green fields have been added to support GIS mapping integration with the NEID.
- The light-blue fields have been added to support multiple capabilities for the facilities and instruments.
- The light-violet fields are data from the FIMS database.
- The light-red fields are from DRP comments.

Facility	Instrument
facility_name	instrument_name
facility_abbreviation	instrument_abbreviation
owner_type	owner_type
	home_facility
	specific location
	instrument type
	purpose
institution	institution
state	state
region	region
country	country
major_capability	major capability
minor area	minor area
materials allowed	materials allowed
modifiers	modifiers
core capability	core capability
unique capability	unique capability
hotwork facilities	hotwork facilities
support equipment	support_equipment
radiological limits	radiological limits
sample encapsulation	sample encapsulation
atmosphere	atmosphere
comissioning_date	comissioning date
recent_upgrade	recent_upgrade_date
material condition	material condition
Upgradable	upgradable
physical plant	physical plant
RAM license	RAM license
license_end_date	license_end_date
docket number	
user facility	user facility
cost to use	cost to use
cost_to_maintain_MM	cost_to_maintain_MM
cost_to_replace_MM	cost_to_replace_MM
funding_sources	funding_sources
NSUF_partner	NSUF_partner
NE_use_pct	NE_use_pct
NE_objectives	NE_objectives
utilization_hours	utilization_hours
number_of_users	number_of_users
number_of_staff	number_of_staff
point of contact	point of contact
email	email
	owner
web_site	web_site
data_source	data_source
data_date	data_date

 Table 7. Information fields for facilities and instruments in initial NEID design.

 Facility
 Instrument

Institution	Facility	Instrument
Institution name	Facility Name	Instrument Name
Owner Type	Abbreviation	Instrument Abbreviation
State	Institution	Home Facility
Region	Core Capability	Core capability
Country	Unique Capability	Unique capability
Map Coordinates	Hot Work Facilities	Radiological Limits
	Materials Allowed	Materials Allowed
	Support Equipment	Support Equipment
	Building	Building
	Map Coordinates	Map Coordinates
	Type of Facility (hot cells, post-	Major Capability-1
	irradiation examination, etc.)-1	
	Type of Facility (hot cells, post-	Minor Area-1
	irradiation examination, etc.)-2	
	Type of Facility (hot cells, post-	Major Capability-2
	irradiation examination, etc.)-3	
FIMS (Facility) Data	Type of Facility (hot cells, post-	Minor Area-2
FINIS (Facility) Data	irradiation examination, etc.)-4	
Property Type	Regulating Agency	Major Capability-3
Ownership	License end date	Minor Area-3
Mission Dependency	Recent Major Upgrade	Modifiers
Status	Material Condition	Floor
Hazard Category	Mission Upgradable?	Room
Elevated Security	Supporting Physical Plant	Sample Encapsulation
Summary Condition		Atmosphere/environment
Overall Asset Condition	No. of staff	Number of Items
Condition Notes	User Facility or Contract?	Cost to Use
Core Capability - Primary	NSUF Partner?	Cost to Maintain
Core Capability - Secondary	Funding Sources	Cost to Replace
Core Capability - Tertiary	DOE-NE Use [%]	DOE-NE Use [%]
Asset % Utilized	NE Objectives [1,2,3,4]	NE Objectives [1,2,3,4]
Asset Utilization Level	No. of users	Utilization [%]
Utilization Notes	Commissioning Date	Commissioning Date
Space Type % Utilized	Contact information	Contact information
Space Type Util. Level	E-mail Address	E-mail Address
	Contact Address	Contact Address
Instrument Specific Data	Contact Telephone	Contact Telephone
Manufacturer	Web Site	Web Site
Model	Source(s) of Data	Source(s) of Data
This will have several different choices here for	Date of Data	Date of Data
reactors, microscopes, etc.		

Table 8. Information fields for facilities and instruments in the updated NEID design.

4.2.2 Non-Infrastructure Capabilities

Another concern of the panel was the ability to capture capabilities that did not involve an instrument, such as experimental design or neutronics analysis. While this has not been ultimately decided, a significant capability of this sort, such as the Test Train Assembly Facility at INL, could be added as a facility. Smaller capabilities can be added as an instrument, if there is a facility to which they can be related. This is an open item.

4.2.3 Definition of Fields

There was confusion about the type and format of data that is assigned to a particular field. The IM staff can attach a set of definitions to the fields in the NEID that can be accessed either by a separate link on the web page or on "mouse-over" when using the web page. The definitions will need to be written, but they can be attached to the NEID at any time.

4.3 Cost Data

4.3.1 Facility/Instrumentation Cost Data

The NEID currently stores cost related data for three categories:

- 1. Cost to use
- 2. Cost to maintain
- 3. Cost to replace.

This data was obtained or will be obtained from a variety of sources, mostly self-reported. FIMS (repair needs and deferred maintenance) and Sunflower (original purchase price) will have some of this data for DOE-complex facilities. Facilities that follow the user facility model will often have stated price lists for instruments. In many cases, this data will be difficult to obtain.

4.3.2 Facility/Instrumentation Utilization Data

The NEID stores utilization data for facilities and instruments. Like cost data, this is largely self-reported. FIMS supplies utilization data for DOE-complex facilities. The INL Ten-year Site Plan supplies similar data, as do other similar documents for other facilities. University research reactors supply this data to the Research Reactor Infrastructure program (DOE) and the IAEA database.

Instrument data can be expressed in hours/year or in percentage of time utilized. It must be considered what the datum is for these cases. It can either be the total calendar time or some value less than that, based on available time. The definition of "utilization" will also be prescribed as the time available for use by a researcher, to differentiate it from maintenance activities.

4.3.3 Facility/Instrumentation Status

The "status" of a facility or a piece of instrumentation will let the NEID user know if the capability is operational, in standby or pending decommissioning. This data is available in FIMS for DOE-complex facilities, but it is much harder to ascertain for instruments and non-DOE-complex facilities. The best direction is likely to be facility visits or periodic queries of the equipment/facility owner.

4.4 Online Database & User Interface

The NSUF envisions three types of users for the NEID:

- 1. Administrators and Sub-admins. Editors of the database (NSUF staff) and partners who can add and update data entries, but not delete them.
- 2. **Programmatic Users.** Federal or laboratory staff who will search the internal or private database for information about NE R&D capabilities either to help inform funding decisions or to support their own research goals.
- 3. External Users. Academic or commercial researchers who will search the external or public version of the database to support their own research goals.

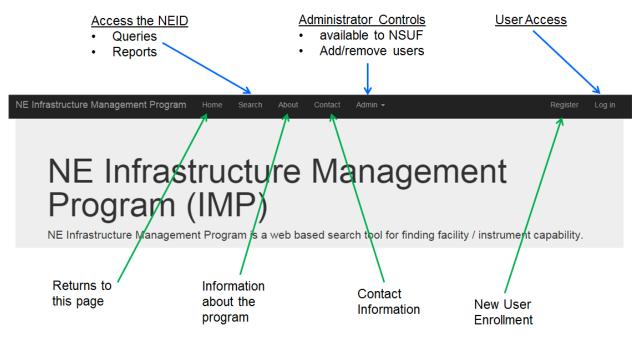
One important goal for the next few months is the collection of the types of queries and reports needed by the users of the NEID. This will help guide the development of the website and the interface to increase usability for all types of users.

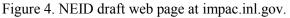
4.4.1 How will a user interface with the NEID?

The typical interaction between a user and the NEID will be through the web portal. Currently, the NEID is available at <u>impac.inl.gov</u>, which is accessible only through the INL network. This is intended for development and testing only, although it has been used to answer questions in a few initial cases.

In the future, NEID will be accessed through the Nuclear Energy University Program web page. This would allow the NEID to use the same login information and user profiles it currently employs. Since external users would visit the Nuclear Energy University Program page for proposals already, this is a logical location for the NEID. Security will be maintained by user access levels for each field in the NEID. Internal users would be able to see more (or all) of the NEID data, while external users would be limited to fewer fields.

The current version of the NEID web page is shown here.





The NEID is accessed through the search tab. The main interface is the grid view.

Institution:		•	Facility:	•
			Facility Type:	•
			Instrument Type:	•
rag a column header and drop it h	ere to group by that column			
Institution) Owner 🛞	State 🛞	Region 🛞	Country
Argonne National Laboratory	Energy	IL	MW	US
General Atomics	Industry	CA	SW	US
General Electric-Hitachi	Industry	CA	SW	US
Idaho National Laboratory	Energy	ID	NW	US
Los Alamos National Laboratory	Energy	NM	SW	US
National Institute of Standards and Technology	Commerce	MD	NE	US
North Carolina State University	University	NC	SE	US
Oak Ridge National Laboratory	Energy	TN	SE	US
Oregon State University	University	OR	NW	US
Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	Energy	WA	NW	US
Pennsylvania State University	University	PA	NE	US
Purdue University	University	IN	MW	US
Savannah River National Laboratory	Energy	sc	SE	US
Toshiba-Westinghouse	Industry	PA	NE	US
University of Michigan	University	МІ	MW	US
University of Nevada-Las Vegas	University	NV	SW	US
University of Wisconsin	University	WI	MW	US

Figure 5. Draft NEID web page. Grid view of database search page.

NE Infrastructure Management Program

All facilities and instruments are shown in this view. Sorts and filters are available in each column, similar to a spreadsheet. A user can filter the whole page using the four drop-down lists above the table. The whole table can be sorted by dragging a column header to the top. The columns listed here are only temporary placeholders; they can be changed to any of the fields in the NEID.

4.4.2 What sort of results will the user get from the NEID?

There are no direct queries or reports set up in the online version of the database yet. In the future, we envision four types of results.

- 1. **Grid View Data.** Most users would merely access the NEID web page and use the grid view and the associated tools to find the information that they need. This is the simplest form of interaction.
- 2. **Pre-built Queries and Reports.** More advanced users would access the NEID web page and then select a question or "query" from a drop-down list of pre-built choices. Figure 6 shows some potential examples.

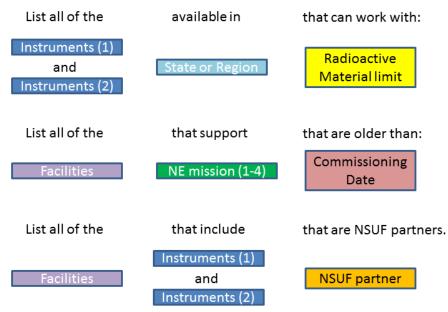


Figure 6. Examples of possible pre-built query functions.

3. **Custom Queries.** These are the typical database queries. An even more advanced user would be able to query all of the database fields in a variety of orders and combinations. A simple example is shown here. The user is interested in a listing of government-owned research and test reactors with power levels above 1 MW. This is the most powerful tool that would be available to the user, but it is also the most difficult to use. The expectation is that this would require training and would be limited to a small group of (likely internal) users.

Step 2: Run Query Step 1: Build Query Institution(rel)_T Rx_testing_Q Reactor_T facility_name thermal powe institution owner_type - reactor_type RX_ID facility_nam facility_abbi owner_type institution 1 Geological Survey TRIGA Reactor US Geological Survey Interior Sandia National Laboratory 2.4 Annular Core Research Reactor Energy pulsing 20 National Bureau of Standards Reactor National Institute of Standards and Technology Commerce beamline Oak Ridge National Laboratory Energy 85 High-Flux Isotope Reactor beamline state 250 Advanced Test Reactor Idaho National Laboratory Energy test Step 3: Generate Report Federal Rx Query 1MW cent_upgr **Reactor Type** Power **Facility Name** Institution **Owner Type** nysical_plant M_license ense_end_date ocket_number beamline 20 National Bureau of National Institute of Commerce Standards and Technology er_facility **Standards Reactor** ost_to_use ost_to_maintain_Mi ost_to_replace_MM inding_sources IUF_partner _use_pct _objectiver 85 High-Flux Isotope Reactor Oak Ridge National Energy Laboratory pulsing 2.4 Annular Core Research Sandia National Laboratory Energy Reactor ation ho number_of_staff umber_of_us RR 1 **Geological Survey TRIGA US Geological Survey** Interior Reactor test 250 Advanced Test Reactor Idaho National Laboratory Energy Field: thermal_pov Table: Reactor_T Sort: Ascending facility_nar Reactor_T Ascending reactor_ty Reactor_T Descendin Friday, September 26, 2014 Page 1 of 1 ng I♥ ING >0.9

Figure 7. Example of custom query process.

4. **GIS Mapping.** This would be integrated into the three types of queries to display data visually. While this will aid interpretation of the data, it is not vital to the success of the project, so it will be implemented as schedule and funding allow. It can be added at a later date to the existing NEID. There is a wide variety of GIS examples available on the internet. INL uses a system called iMap, but there are many others in the federal government. The final form of the GIS implementation for the NEID is not set.

4.4.3 How will the NEID be tested before deployment?

The NEID web portal will be tested by NSUF and IM staff during development. It will be utilized as possible for all inquiries to the NEID. NSUF will endeavor to make the site available to DRP members for testing before deployment. The development of a wide variety of use cases will help to design the interface even without widespread testing by external users.

5. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

5.1 New Directions

As a result of the DRP comments and NSUF efforts since the beginning of the project, the NSUF has elected to apply several improvements and changes to the NEID going forward. The goal of the NEID project is to provide a valuable and usable capability and infrastructure database for NE R&D capabilities. To this end, input from all possible users is welcomed. Fine-tuning the direction and interface of the database is most efficiently performed during development.

5.2 Conclusions

The NEID Review Panel concludes that the NSUF has succeeded in creating a capability and infrastructure database that identifies and documents the major NE R&D capabilities across the DOE complex, academic institutions, and industry.

The effort to maintain and expand the database will be ongoing. Detailed information on many facilities must be gathered from associated institutions added to complete the database. The data must be validated and kept current to capture facility and instrumentation status as well as to cover new acquisitions and retirements.

The review panel will continue to work on NEID-related matters, including:

- NEID web portal design and user interface
- The development of use cases to support built-in queries and reports
- NE R&D infrastructure requirements to support the near-, mid-, and long-term future Nuclear Engineering research.

Appendix A

Review Panel Comments

Appendix A

Review Panel Comments

These comments are only edited for format and arranged into functional groups. They stay as true as possible to the original comments. There were additional notes from the panel concerning database entries that were either missing or in error. Those have been fixed in the Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database (NEID) and are not shown here, although they are archived. The actual comments and responses are archived with the Nuclear Science User Facilities (NSUF).

The panel member's question or comment is shown in black text. The DRP Chair's response is shown in blue text.

Data and Data Sources

- Keeping such a comprehensive database up-to-date will be almost as big an undertaking as compiling it in the first place. Have you given thought to how you will keep it current?
- If the data are outdated, they may create more frustration than anything else when users find out the capability they're most interested in is no longer available.
 - This is a difficult task. We have to think about how to get our database institutions to keep us informed. At Idaho National Laboratory (INL), the Nuclear Science and Technology Directorate maintains an availability database, but I don't know about elsewhere.
- Similarly, you wouldn't want users to miss out on new equipment that has been recently added to a facility.
 - I will be tapping into the Sunflower asset management database. I am told that this is used complex-wide for archiving new purchases. It can be searched by many factors, including cost and federal supply code. Federal Supply Code 66 is "laboratory equipment." This covers a lot of what we are interested in, but things still slip through the cracks. I will work with the appropriate staff here to sharpen that tool.
 - I expect to get the best quality information from the national laboratories and other federal facilities. Industry and universities form a different problem. Some are very good, and some are not. Even the labs vary widely in what information is easily available. Once I can get a back-channel into their systems, it will get easier.
 - I will need some additional staff over the next year. Even at this point, there is a lot of work that needs to be done to fill in the detail for the database and perform quality and consistency checks on the current data. I have switched into gap analysis mode, where I will be for the rest of the FY. I am adding new data as it comes up naturally, but it is not as concerted of an effort as before.
 - We should set up a method (surveys) to get periodic updates from facilities like universities that are not in the federal system. I can query those databases directly.
- From my initial review, I think that the information for the smaller pieces of equipment like the "Neutron_other," "neutron_diff," "Microscope," and "Mechanical" Excel file tabs provide some of the most detailed and descriptive information. It may be that it is just harder to classify the more advanced systems like reactors in this format.
 - A lot of the instruments that you are describing had very detailed web pages or user guides. Many other instruments/facilities were lacking. If we want to have this level of detail in the NEID, then we need to apply the resources to achieve that end. It is certainly reasonable to do this. We do

also have to have a review plan to update the information. I will have that for INL equipment and facilities and possibly other Department of Energy (DOE)-complex sites. Industry and academia are more labor-intensive.

- Was the initial content compiled exclusively from the list of references included in one of the spreadsheets, or did you request input from the various facilities?
 - Most of the initial content came from the references, including facility web sites. I did send out a survey to ~75 universities asking about rad work in materials characterization facilities. Those that said yes were included. I have a survey in draft to ask for detailed information from every facility in the database. It is going through review.
- What is the plan to fill in these empty cells, namely the missing information?
 - We are planning to handle the missing data by sending detailed surveys, based on the database fields, to the facilities in the database. I have contact information for most facilities.
 - NSUF is also making visits to the NSUF partner facilities over the next 2 months.
 - We are also going to get facility data directly from the Facility Information Management System (FIMS) (<u>http://energy.gov/lm/services/property-management/facilities-information-management-system-fims</u>). This data was recently updated as part of the DOE Laboratory Operations Board review.
- What is the plan for database maintenance?
- Since one of the reviews is that the amount of maintenance work could be substantial, how can we make it more efficient?
 - My plan is to send out a spreadsheet with the facility entry (and instrumentation entries) to each point of contact (POC) annually. I expect to get good response from the labs and NSUF partners. Other institutions will be less likely to comply.
 - We will automatically poll the FIMS database frequently (weekly/monthly). Those data will go directly into the NEID for existing facilities.
 - We will automatically poll the Sunflower database frequently. We will be able to see (as much as
 organizations allow) new acquisitions at DOE complex sites.
- Can we ask each POC to report any update?
 - Once again, I expect to get good response from the labs and NSUF partners.
- Can we generate automated emails to POC to remind them to update their capabilities and facilities?
 - The issue with anyone not directly involved with Nuclear Energy (NE)/NSUF is that they don't have any incentive to help us. The rest of the facilities should be okay.
 - Some type of automation is a good idea.
- Can we do anything to make the process simpler and less time consuming for POC to update?
 - We can give them access to the online database. They could edit their own entries. It is as easy as filling out a web site form.
 - They could read and write, but not delete. I discussed this with the programmers this week. Even if they do try to delete, the system backs up all changes for a long time.

- For all the POCs, I suggest we include their contact number, address, and their titles in their organization.
 - Great idea. I will add that to the programmer's directions.
- The ion beam page should be removed from the instrument spreadsheet.
 - There will eventually be instruments on that page. I did not add any to the NEID at this point. It is only a placeholder for now.
- For the sample preparation page, I think University of Wisconsin-Madison and Westinghouse also have capabilities.
 - Thank you for the information. I will make sure to inquire and add their capabilities.
- DOE published a directory of operating research, training, and test reactors in the U.S. in 1997 (4th edition). This directory focuses more on reactor operation characteristics than utilization. It would be a valuable resource to include in NEID.
 - I will look for this reference. I did use the most recent International Atomic Energy Agency Research and Test Reactor database (http://nucleus.iaea.org/RRDB/RR/ReactorSearch.aspx?rf=1)
- Massachusetts Institute of Technology Reactor, Missouri University Research Reactor and some other research reactors also have neutron beam ports that should be listed in "Neutron_beam" as the PULSTAR and National Bureau of Standards Reactor facilities.
 - That is definitely part of the development process. Some categories only have a few entries because I added them as I came across the capability. There are many places to improve. Please let me know as you come across them.
 - This type of work, maintaining, growing and validating the NEID, is going to be a point of discussion in the future. I was able to get it so far in the first 6 months. I am looking to add a staff member to take over the maintenance while I focus on the analysis. That will likely happen next FY. Until then, it will move slowly.
- Some facilities listed under post-irradiation examination do not appear to have rad license to receive radioactive materials, such as the California Institute of Technology and University of California, Berkeley facilities. Should these be under the "instrumentation" category?
 - I may have been overzealous in adding some of these facilities. In this case, we have a partner at the University of California, Berkeley, Peter Hosemann, who can do some work with radioactive materials. I got a "maybe" from the California Institute of Technology when I inquired about their facilities late last year. I intend to follow up on my initial university survey. There are a few that are interested in expanding into this area.
- More than half of the website links do not work, so they should be fixed.
 - As far as I can tell, the web sites are correct addresses.
 - I don't know why some of them link from the spreadsheet and why some don't and have to be pasted into a web browser. They may be missing their hyperlink tag.

Categories and Classification

- The categories seem pretty comprehensive, but one that I didn't really see would be a "status" category. There are pieces of equipment that exist that in principle are available, but in practice need some sort of maintenance or upgrade before they're really available.
- It would be useful to know when perusing the database whether a piece of equipment is being used on a daily basis or if it's in some sort of mothballed condition.
 - Good point. I found a deuterium-tritium neutron generator at the Hot Fuel Examination Facility/Neutron Radiography Reactor that is ready for the trash heap, but there was no indication online that this was not operational.
- If the latter, it would be useful to know what it would take to make it truly usable.
- If the capability is unique enough, a modest investment might be worthwhile to provide data that isn't readily available elsewhere.
 - This reminds me of the facility reviews done in support of the NE Roadmap (2010). I am also working with the FIMS database people now. The secretary reformed the Laboratory Operations Board (for a few reasons), and they have been looking at facility conditions and applicability to the NE missions. At the facility-level, I should be able to get those data. As far as instruments go, I think that it would be case-by-case for refurbishment and refit. Intermediate Voltage Electron Microscope is an example that is coming up.
 - I am willing to rethink many of the categories in the database. We put the framework together quickly last summer so we had something to use. I appreciate committee input on what we really need to make this useful.
- Is there a category to indicate multiple units of a given instrument? An example that came to mind is gamma spectrometers.
- As an example, at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory we have many gamma spec systems that are all virtually identical. Some indication of capacity would be useful.
- A related issue is some indication of capacity available to the user facility, but this is probably a more difficult thing to capture in a database.
 - Unless the instruments are truly fungible, like gamma spec systems in a counting lab, we are better off with individual entries. For a set of eight counting systems in a lab, we should probably have one entry with a field for number of systems.
- Some instruments cross capabilities. An atomic force microscope can be considered a microscope but is also capable of measuring mechanical properties on small dimensional scales.
- When a user searches the database and looks for mechanical properties, will it be capable of pulling up an atomic force microscope (in the present example) or other instruments with cross capabilities?
- I'm not sure I consider "sample prep" a facility-type capability. That's more of an instrument-type capability in my mind.
 - As I mentioned before, we started by building a framework based on the previous 5–8 years of DOE-NE policy documents and then casting a wide net to capture data. Now I think that we need to look at the database design from a high-level and see what works best.
 - Part of the problem stems from the fact that I am a novice database programmer, so the NEID took the form that I knew how to build. The professionals are fixing that now.

- Since instruments live in facilities that are part of institutions, perhaps the only type of entry should be the instruments. The facility and institution would just be characteristics of the instrument. The capabilities (microscopy, mechanical testing, sample preparation) would be other characteristics.
- I think that by using relational database programming, we will still be able to search for a given facility or institution and get all of the instruments therein.
- We can do a lot with the database format and structure. We should make decisions as early as
 possible in order to limit the amount of resampling that we need to get the extra data. Don't worry
 about big changes though. We should do what we need to make this as useful as possible.
- Unfortunately, I have to wait on some of these things because the database is in the hands of the programmers. They are converting it from Microsoft Access to Structured Query Language.
 Anything that I do locally is almost wasted effort. We should get our thoughts together though, so I can use them to guide their actions.
- I am not sure there is any value in the "material condition" category. For example, the Advanced Test Reactor (ATR) has been down for ~6 months due to a failed pressurizer, but it is listed as "excellent." Facilities are likely to be hesitant to give their own equipment a negative condition.
- Overall, consistency of responses seems to be a challenge. I understand that you are working on a facility survey, and maybe you can include specific examples of what a complete response looks like as a guide. For example, "Physical_plant" under the reactors tab has a wide array of responses for various facilities, including "sealed tube from argon cell into radiography beam," "converting to LEU," and "excellent." I'm not sure what this category is trying to convey.
 - The material condition category is meant to describe the conditions of the instrument itself, or the scientific area of the laboratory/facility, namely its readiness and ability to carry out the mission. The physical plant category would be similar but applied to the rest of the facility, including the electrical supply; heating, ventilating, and air conditioning; building structure; etc. This sort of question was asked in the "Required Assets for a Nuclear Energy Applied R&D Program (2010)" document.
 - I am certainly open to modifying the format of the NEID, including the fields. I think that we should include something like these two fields, but I certainly agree that getting a frank response will be difficult.
 - I still have significant quality control issues to resolve with respect to consistency of entries. In some cases, there were clear places to put certain information, in others, I put it somewhere until I could revisit it. Some of these fields were added to the NEID as I was gathering data last year. I expect that we may be able to remove several of the fields before deployment. I hope to get some part-time help to review the NEID for errors, typos, and consistency.
 - There is no expectation that the NEID is the only reference for these instruments and facilities.
 That is why I link to the web page and provide some idea of the references used to get the data. I attached the list of references in a spreadsheet as well.

- Have you given any thought to how you capture capabilities that may not easily fit into a facility or instrument category? For example, at Pacific Northwest National Laboratory, our partner facility agreement with NSUF includes our irradiation experiment design and fabrication capability. Both of those capabilities are dispersed around the lab in various facilities, so it's hard to categorize them unless there is a capability-based compilation.
 - This is an important point. We could put this sort of thing in the database as an "instrument," but the categories for its capabilities would be different: modeling and simulation, machine shop, target fabrication, instrumentation design shop, etc.
 - The high-performance computing capabilities may fit into this area.
- In some of the sheets, you have listed values for different instruments. I think the more suitable word would be "attribute."
 - I have rethought the structure of the database. Instead of a facility or instrument falling into a given category, I want to have each facility or instrument stand on its own and have primary, secondary, and tertiary capabilities as fields under the instrument or facility. This is similar to the way that FIMS handles it.
 - This helps remove some of the issues that I have seen raised in this review. Is a focused ion beam a microscope or a sample preparation device? It can have detectors installed to make it able to perform crystallographic or chemical analysis as well. If we just have multiple capabilities for each instrument and facility, it ends the issue.
 - Users will be able to search by instrument type, capability, or both.
- I think we need one more sheet for thermal analyses, such as Laser Flash Apparatus, Differential Scanning Calorimetry, differential thermal analysis, thermal gravimetric analysis, simultaneous thermal analysis, Dilatometry, etc.
 - There is a thermal analysis sheet in the instrumentation spreadsheet with that type of instrumentation.
- On the fuel fabrication page, I would like to see more instruments listed (spark plasma sintering, powder milling machines, particle size analyzer, powder flow ability tester, etc.).
 - We are trying to set a cost floor for the equipment in this database. Some equipment will be left out because of this. I will try to make sure that all important equipment is recorded. I did see some of these items under sample preparation.
- I want to see x-ray diffraction, x-ray tomography, 3-D x-ray scan, or non-destructive exam each in new sheets or embedded in existing sheets.
 - There is an x-ray diffraction sheet in the instrumentation spreadsheet.
- I suggest plasma neutron sources be listed in a separate category and not as part of "reactors."
 - I am redoing the whole structure of the database. Each facility and instrument will stand alone. They will have fields for primary, secondary, and tertiary capabilities. Facilities will also have ties to NE missions. This will allow users to search by mission or capability and get all of the facilities and/or instruments that match. I will elaborate in the upcoming report.
- What do the letter codes "I," "F," "T," etc. mean for "major_capability," "minor-area," and "modifiers" categories?
 - I was using a coding system that I neglected to supply along with the spreadsheets. I am
 interested to know if the panel thinks it is still necessary in light of the changes to the NEID
 structure, namely adding multiple capabilities for a single instrument or facility.

- The low-enriched uranium conversion for U.S. high performance reactors has been delayed to 2026 or later. This may not be important information to include under "physical plants" for ATR, ATR-C, etc.
 - That is a fine idea since it (potentially) jeopardizes future operation of these remaining facilities.
- What are the criteria considered for "material_condition"? A few facilities are listed as "excellent," which is not apparent due to age of the facilities.
 - This is a category that flows out of some older DOE documents looking at physical facilities (real estate) to meet future DOE needs. Any entries that are in there now were based on a statement in one of the references. In order to reduce errors, I am intending to get this type of data straight from the FIMS database. This is used DOE complex-wide. The data is updated quarterly and vetted through the DOE-NE facilities office. They just concluded a comprehensive review for the Secretary of Energy.
- I suggest using the word "coolant" instead of "atmosphere." Why is the High Flux Isotope Reactor listed "many"?
 - "Atmosphere" was another category that went from specific (microscopes, glove boxes, and furnaces) to general. It may not fit well. I can step it back to those instruments that are appropriate. I was trying to make as many categories as possible, since that will simplify searching.
 - Perhaps a solution for the database would be to have a page that briefly defines the different categories for the user.
- "Thermal flux" and "fast flux"—are these average fluxes or maximum?
 - Likely maximum, but often unspecified in the references. It is best when the fluxes are given for a specific core location.
 - I would also prefer a standard definition for this sort of thing (e.g., thermal = 25.4meV, fast ≥1MeV, or 0.1MeV). We can include these in the detailed survey that I am intending to send out to facilities in the NEID. There will likely still be issues with conformity. Perhaps we can add a clarifier that has the definition or "unknown."
 - The NEID is meant to be a relatively high-level database. We can decide what information that we want included to help the various users. It is not meant to be the only reference that a user utilizes in their search. It should enable them to narrow their search to a few facilities and give them the direction to go deeper.
- "Flow_loops" seems to mean in-core loops.
 - Yes. We can certainly change the names to clarify as needed.
- Is it necessary to indicate "high security facility"?
 - The issue would be access to all types of users. There is a facility in the Nevada desert that advertises itself as a user facility, but I doubt the ability of a general user to access the site. Even with a path for access, some of our foreign national users may have to wait a long time to gain access. They may be better served somewhere else.
- I suggest we include heat flux and flow rate range for thermal hydraulics facilities.
 - I will do that. The original choice of fields did not anticipate these other types of facilities that we are now being directed to include.

- General question: is it important to identify the radioactivity limits for instruments such as microscopes and neutron instruments?
 - In many cases, this is likely a "facility" limit. It could be a limit for an instrument as well. We
 may be suited with just a rough limit for a facility unless there are very different limits for certain
 instruments.
- "Containment" glove boxes are typically used for specific types of materials/radioactivity. Can this information be included in the database?
 - Certainly. Since I tried to make a generic set of fields for all instruments and facilities, I may have missed certain ones that are important. I will add this to the 'glove box specific' list.
- Is a complete list of all of the classifiers available? It is difficult to rate the usefulness of the data without these. For example, ATR is listed as "F" for Materials Allowed, but I can't find a description of what that means. From what I can see, your slides only had a partial listing of the classification system.
 - I have attached a spreadsheet with the classifiers matrix (2-NE_Core_Capabilities_Matrix). We can move beyond this at some point, but it seemed like a good start to be able to classify these different facilities with a few characters.
- Maybe it's just a formatting or sorting thing, but the order of the categories was not the same on all the different spreadsheets. I like the final category order because it puts the instrument name on top, but some of the sheets had the instrument name buried further down the list.
 - The order (which I thought that I had fixed) is based on the sorting that I had recently done in the actual Microsoft Access database. I exported that to Microsoft Excel to distribute. The database users will see something standardized.

Cost Data

- For the three cost categories (use, maintain, and replace), I think allowing more input than just a dollar figure would be helpful.
- Are these dollars per irradiation unit?
- What is included in these costs? Without some additional context, this information may not be useful.
 - These categories have proved to be troublesome. User facilities have established price lists. It may be better to just link to them. Some DOE sites have costs for the facilities and instrumentation and initial purchase or replacement costs, but few have any use charges; they just don't work this way. I am happy to use anything for these areas, but it would be nice to have something that can be compared among the different facilities.
 - Once we establish use cases for the different potential users, we may see that some of this
 information is not needed. We cast our net very wide initially, choosing many different fields, but
 they may not be needed in the final product.
- How will we go about capturing the "cost per use?" It will be a very tough item to characterize because it depends on so many things (type of material, type of fuel, activity level, dispersibility, etc.). For some things, it may be straightforward, and for others it may be almost impossible to characterize in a concise way.
 - Costs will be one of the most difficult fields to populate. User facilities have published price lists, but many other facilities work on a contract basis, so everything is decided ad hoc.
 - We can use the best information that we can get. Perhaps we can add a flag to let users know when the value is an estimate.
- Where do we capture the facility usage/utilization information?
 - There is a field for "utilization hours" in both spreadsheets. Data for facilities will also be available from FIMS. Some of this will be difficult to judge. It will be self-reported from the facility.

Online Database

- Will we have the opportunity to test the online system before it goes live? Actually interfacing with the system would be useful. In the event any changes are recommended by the panel, it would be beneficial to do this as soon as possible.
- I know your slides had one example of a search window, but I am curious on the actual functionality of setting up searches with specific parameters, like a reactor with a coolant loop YYY and a thermal flux greater than XXX.
 - Yes, of course. The system is up right now in the crudest form for testing. The URL is impac.inl.gov. It is only available inside the INL network, so I don't know if you can log in. We will figure out how to get access to the Database Review Panel members before the rollout in late June.
 - We can add whatever functionality we like. The budget for development was planned to allow for this type of try-and-redo until we get something usable. One of the tasks that we need to look at is the creation of "use cases." What would a user want from the NEID? What questions would Fuel Cycle R&D ask, or someone from different program offices at DOE? What questions would a principle investigator working on a proposal ask? (This pertains more to the public version to be released in December 2015.)
 - As far as specific things like flux values, they are in the NEID, so they could be queried. It might be a challenge to make it clear to the user on how to ask the question. Some fields are currently locked to a certain data type. If you put the wrong type of information in the cell, it will reject it. This helps keep the database clean, but can also make things confusing.
- For researchers who are searching for the right facility or instrument to perform their work, how can they search for it quickly in the database?
- Do we have a search engine? Being user friendly is important.
 - The NEID is up on an internal INL web site. I will attach a few slides of the web site's functionality. It does not yet have search capability beyond simple instrument or facility type. That will be added over the next few months as it is developed.
 - I am very interested in getting "use cases" from the review panel. Think about situations where you might use the NEID. Let me know what kind of questions you come up with. We will likely have a custom ad hoc query capability, but it might only be for internal users. I would like to have a set of predefined queries for external users. There can be many of them.
 - We will also have Geographical Information System mapping-based searches and visualizations.
 We will implement that as funding allows.
- Can the database be designed so that the entries for each facility are printed on a separate sheet for interested users?
 - The "normal" mode of access for the NEID will be through the website portal. The types of reports available to the users will be guided by this committee. I will ask about that as soon as I get this report written. I will include some screenshots of the early draft web page.

Appendix B

Database Review Panel Charter

NE Infrastructure Management Program

Database Review Panel Charter

Purpose

In support of the Nuclear Energy Infrastructure Database (NEID) being developed by the Nuclear Science User Facilities (NSUF), a Database Review Panel (DRP) is hereby formed and chartered to review and provide advice on the development, implementation and utilization of the NEID.

Additionally, the DRP provides an expert opinion of needed infrastructure for near-, mid-, and longterm future research in support of the NE mission in accordance with established NE direction, such as the Nuclear Energy Research and Development Roadmap. Their input will be used as one of many sources supporting the gap analysis to be completed in fiscal year (FY) 2015 that will assist in providing recommendations and support for future funding opportunities.

Duties

The DRP is tasked to provide the following to the NSUF:

- 1. Review the structure of the database, including:
 - a. Types of facilities and instruments to be included in the database,
 - b. Types of information to be included about the facilities and instruments in the database,
 - c. Layout and usability of the database.
- 2. Review the contents of the database, including:
 - a. Missing facilities or instruments,
 - b. Errors in data entered in the database.
- Provide an expert opinion of needed infrastructure for future research in support of the NE mission (for utilization as one source in the capability gap analysis).
- Provide preliminary input on possible implementation strategies for future NSUF management of NE-associated research and development infrastructure.

INL/MIS-15-34099

Rev.8

Meetings

It is expected that the work of this panel can generally be performed remotely via teleconference and email. This will have the advantage of reducing costs for NSUF/DOE and additional burdens on committee members. Prior to the submission of each report, the DRP will hold at least one remote interactive meeting to discuss the panel's findings and the content of the report. One physical meeting will be held at the annual NSUF User's Week meeting. Ad hoc meetings may be held at advantageous times, such as professional conferences where a majority of the panel is in attendance for other business.

Membership

The panel shall be comprised of five members with expertise in nuclear energy-associated research. It is intended that they represent the major constituencies associated with nuclear energy research: academia, industry, research reactor, national laboratory, and Department of Energy program management. The panel will be chaired by the NSUF Research and Development Infrastructure Lead (Dr. Brenden Heidrich).

In their representation of the constituencies listed above, it is anticipated that a portion of the DRP membership will come from the NSUF User's Organization Executive Committee or the Capabilities and Infrastructure Committee. Other members of the DRP, in addition to the chair, will come from DOE and/or other external groups. The chair shall recommend changes to the DRP membership for NE-4 approval as needed. The DRP membership for FY 2015 is listed in Table 1.

Name	Institution	Constituency
Brenden Heidrich	Idaho National Laboratory	NSUF (Chair)
Jason Tokey	DOE-Office of Nuclear Energy	DOE
Dave Senor	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	National Laboratory
Peng Xu	Toshiba-Westinghouse	Industry
Lin-wen Hu	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	University

Table 1: FY 2015 NSUF NE Infrastructure Database Review Panel Membership*

*Peter Hosemann from University of California Berkeley will act as an alternate in the event a member cannot complete their duties

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FY 2015 Deliverables

The DRP membership will provide input and feedback to the R&D Infrastructure Lead, who will generate two reports based on the panel's work. The reports will be reviewed by the NSUF Director.

Report 1. DRP NE Infrastructure Database Fitness and Suitability Report • Fitness of the data included in the NEID • Suitability of the structure of the NEID		Completion Date

DRP Activities for FY 2015

Event or Task	Completion Date
DRP formed and charter approved by: DOE (NE-4), NSUF Director and panel members, as appropriate.	
Panel members provide their review of the database format and contents to the chair. Dr. Heidrich generates NEID fitness and suitability report.	2/27/2015
Dr. Heidrich provides support to NEUP/NEET infrastructure application review using database and other supporting resources, including DRP opinions as appropriate.	3/15/2015
Panel provides expert opinion of R&D direction and capability needs to the chair. Dr. Heidrich generates the DRP NE R&D Capability Needs Report.	4/30/2015
Dr. Heidrich presents summary of DRP efforts to the Department of Energy Office of Science and Technology Innovation (NE-4).	6/5/2015
Dr. Heidrich presents summary of DRP efforts to the NSUF Scientific Review Board and User's Organization during User's Week.	6/22/2015

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Due to the evolving nature of the Infrastructure Management Program (IMP), a revised DRP Charter will be generated each year to reflect the current program direction, as part of the annual NEID program review process.

Approval

R. Shane Johnson, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Science and Technology Innovation Office of Nuclear Energy

1/28/15

Date