

Demonstration Reactor Infrastructure

Nicholas Vise Smith

November 2019



The INL is a U.S. Department of Energy National Laboratory
operated by Battelle Energy Alliance

Demonstration Reactor Infrastructure

Nicholas Vise Smith

November 2019

**Idaho National Laboratory
Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415**

<http://www.inl.gov>

**Prepared for the
U.S. Department of Energy
Under DOE Idaho Operations Office
Contract DE-AC07-05ID14517**

Demonstration Reactor Infrastructure

***Nicholas V. Smith, Deputy Director
National Reactor Innovation Center (NRIC)***

November 12, 2019



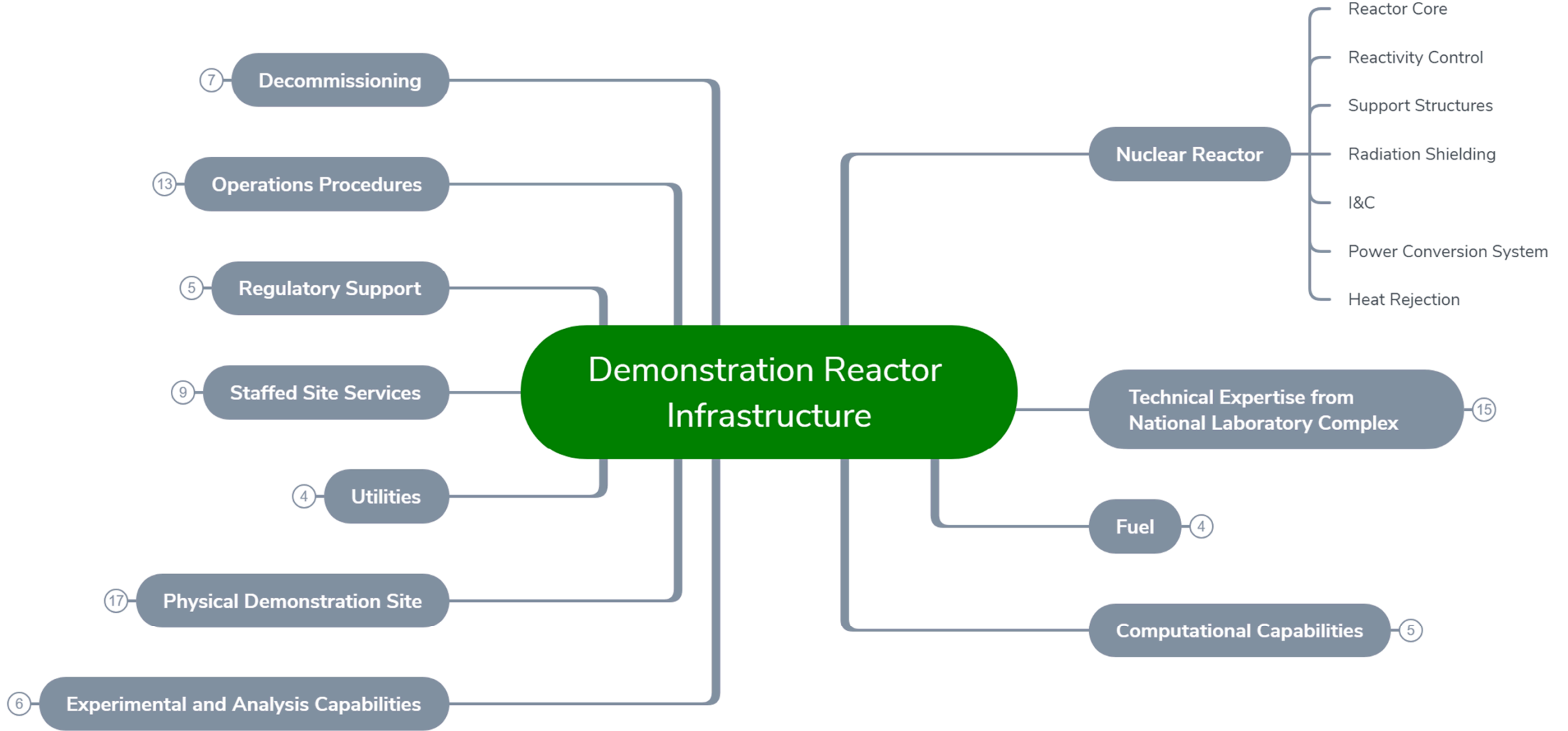
www.inl.gov

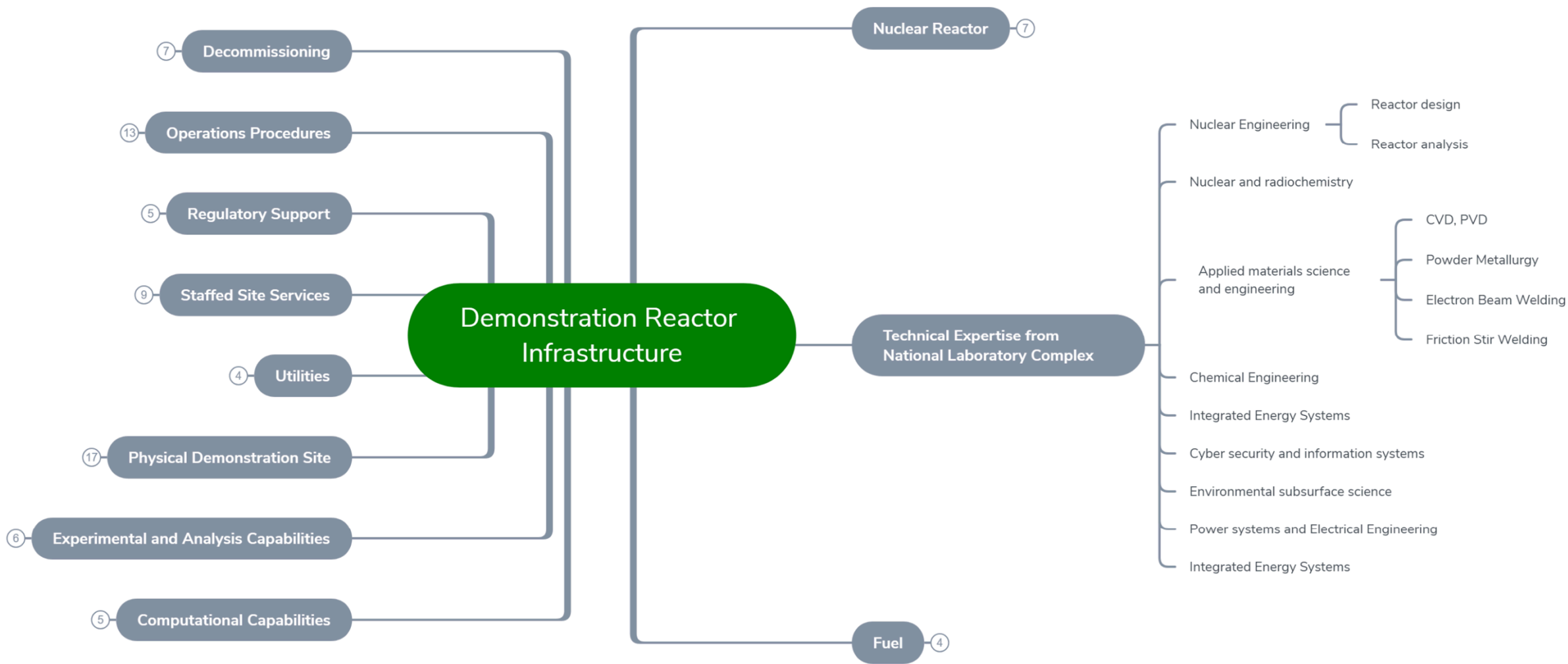


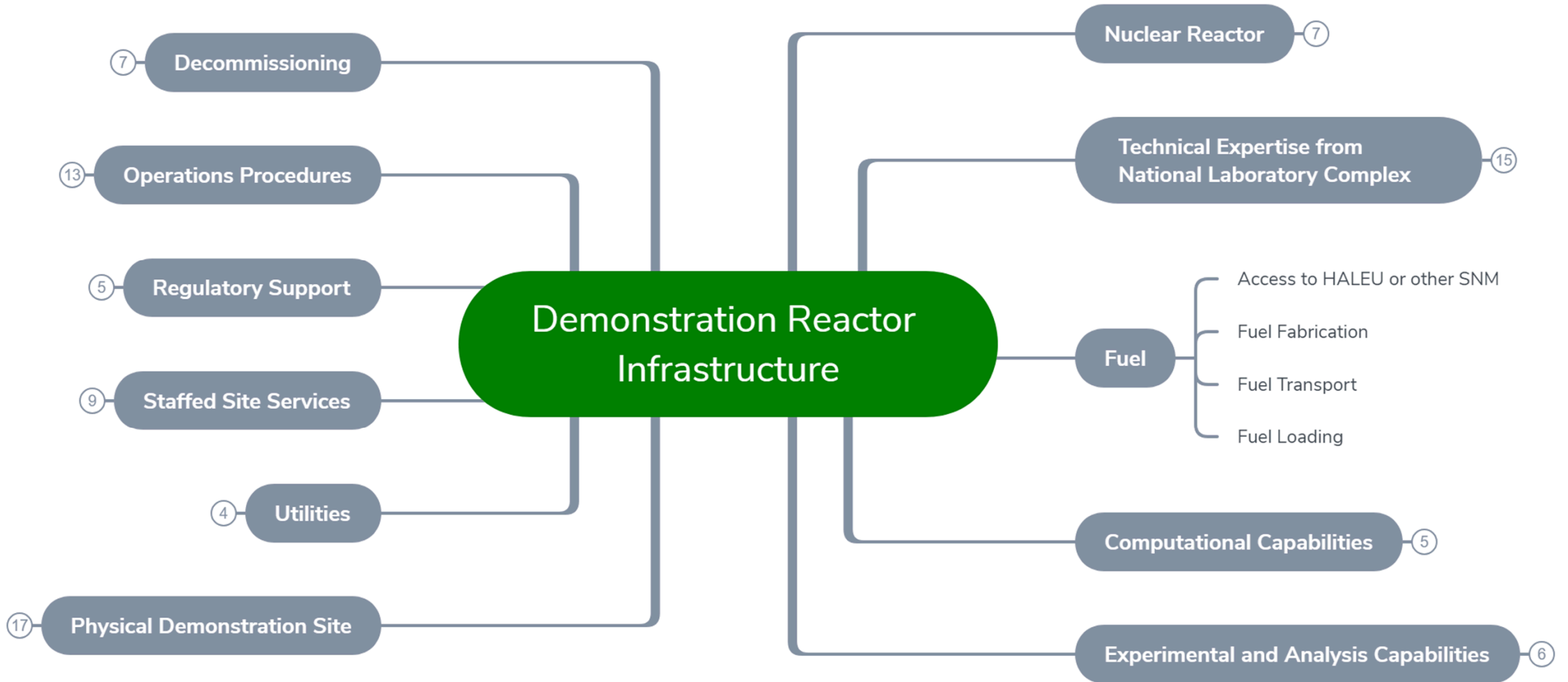
National Reactor Innovation Center (NRIC) authorized by Nuclear Energy Innovation Capabilities Act (NEICA)

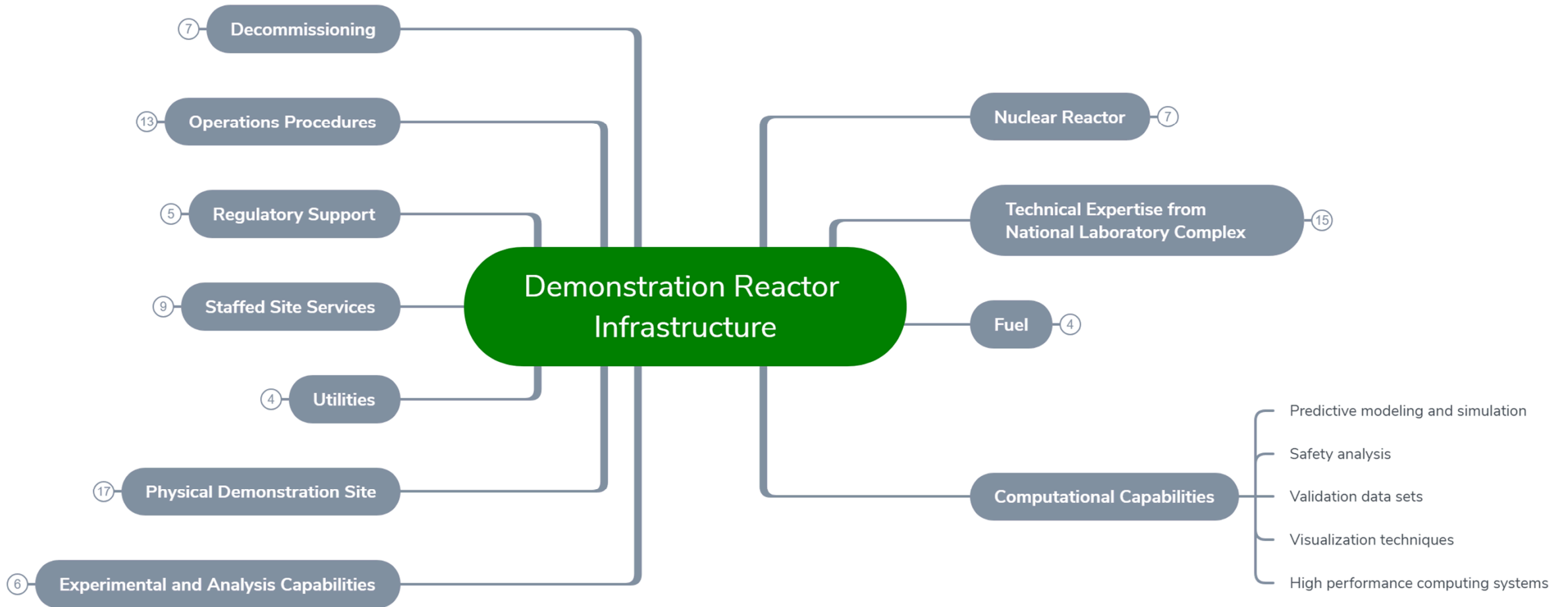
- DOE Launched NRIC on August 15, 2019
- The National Reactor Innovation Center is intended to:
 - Enable testing and demonstration of reactor concepts
 - Access to infrastructure
 - Led by INL, coordinating with other national labs

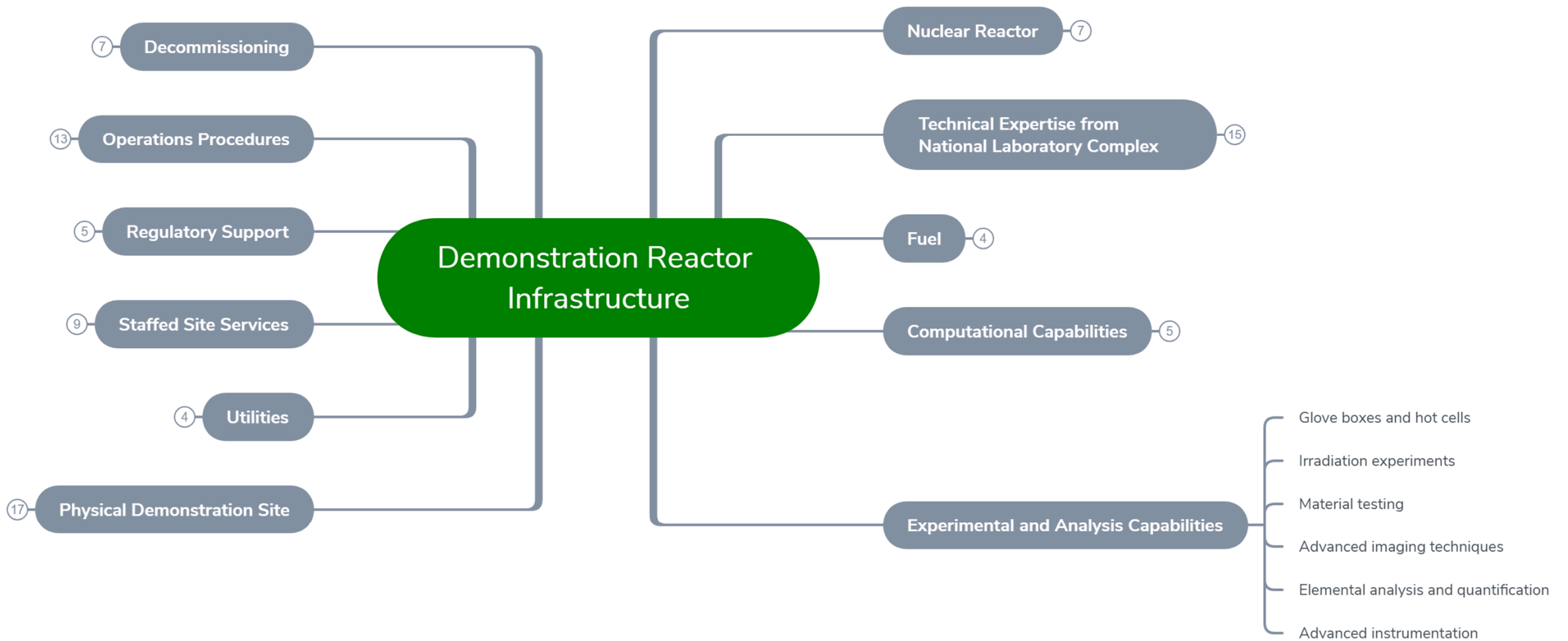


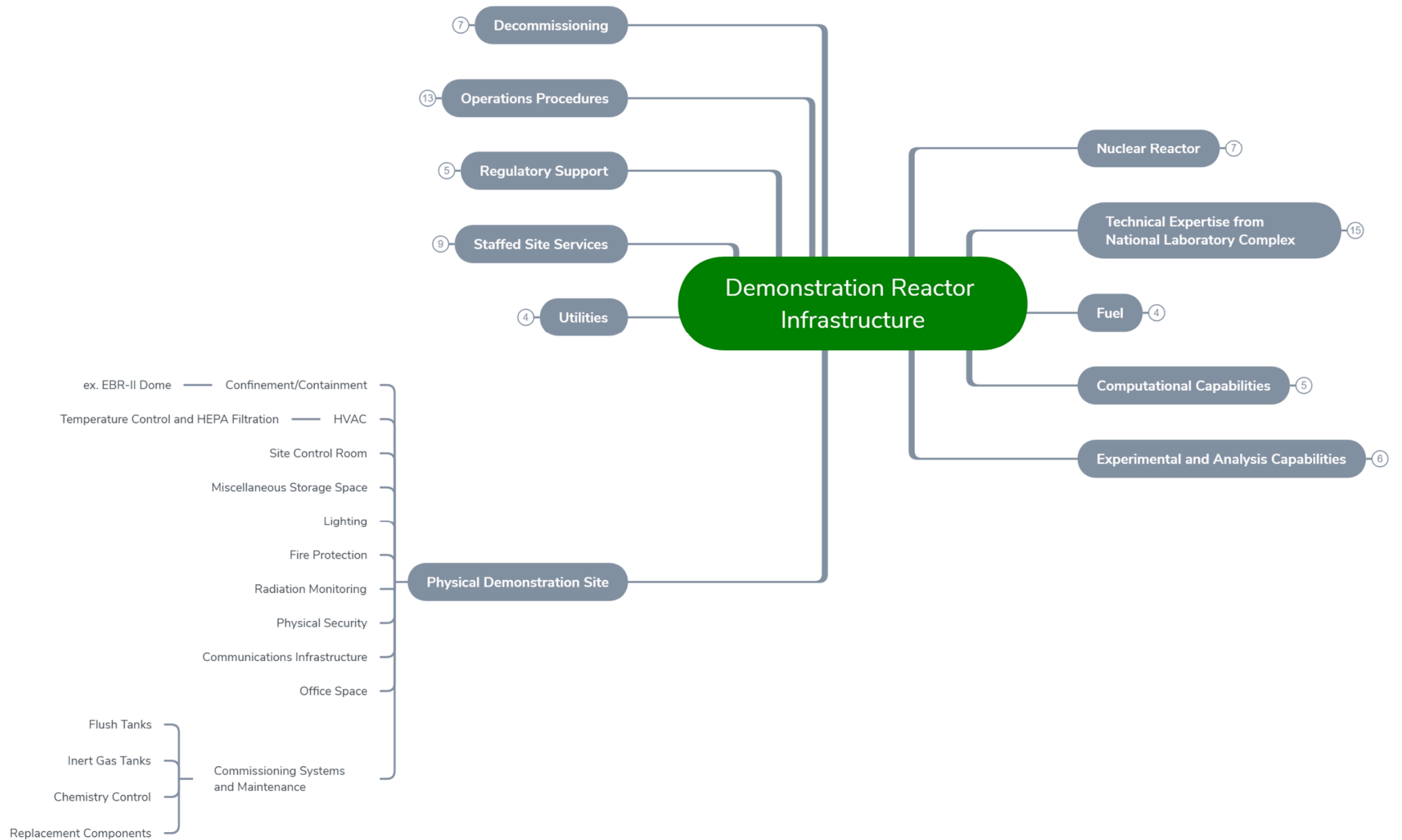


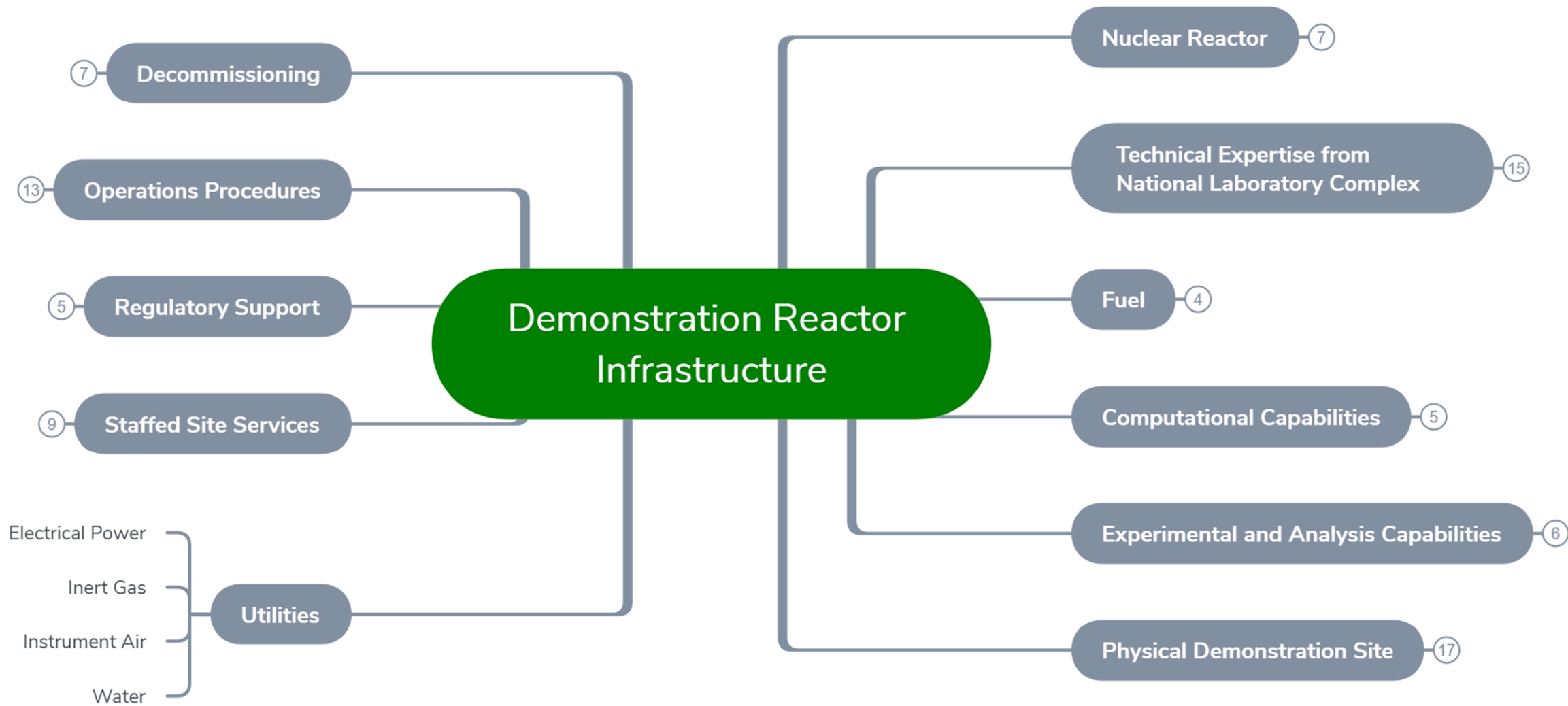


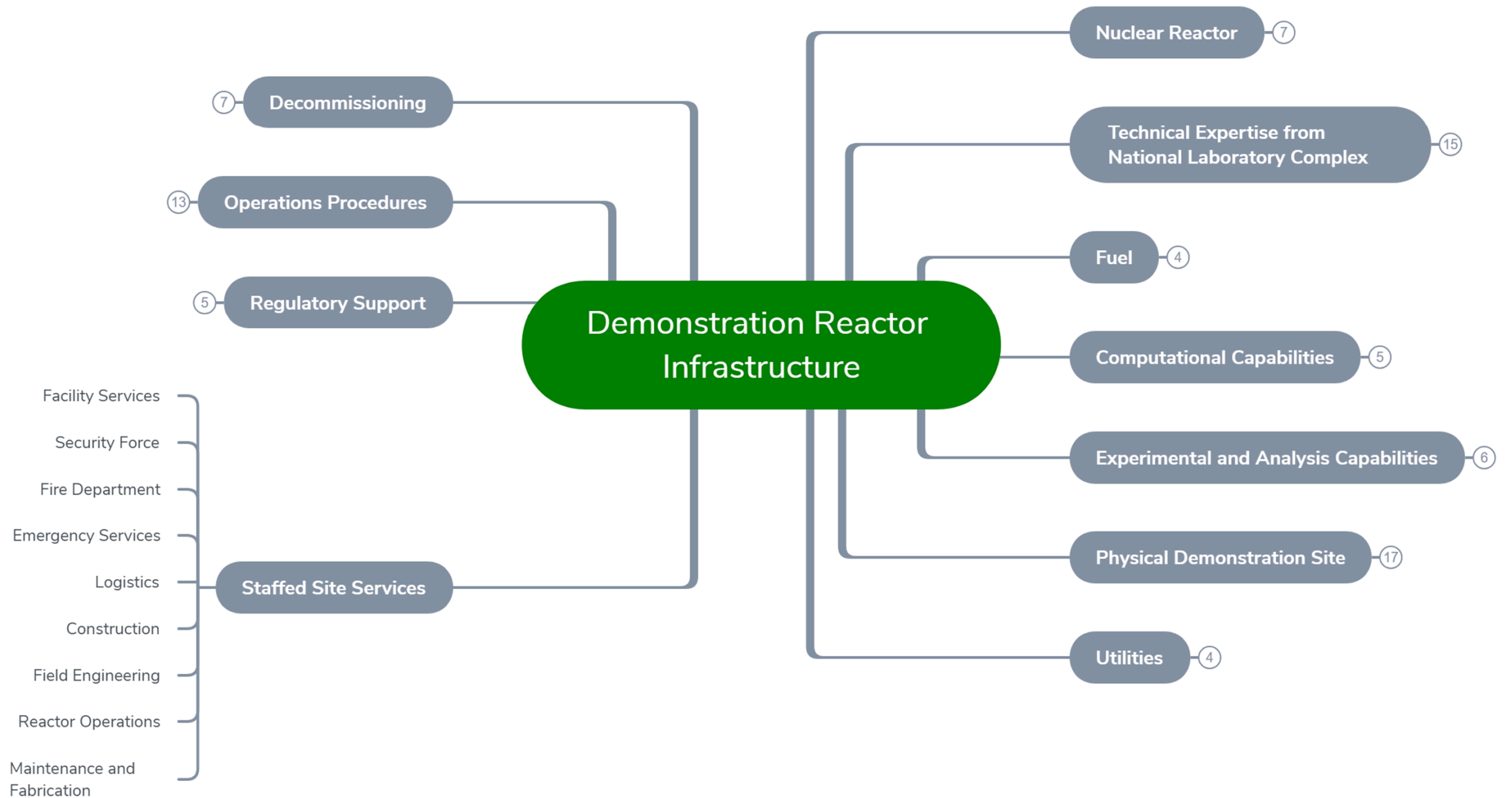


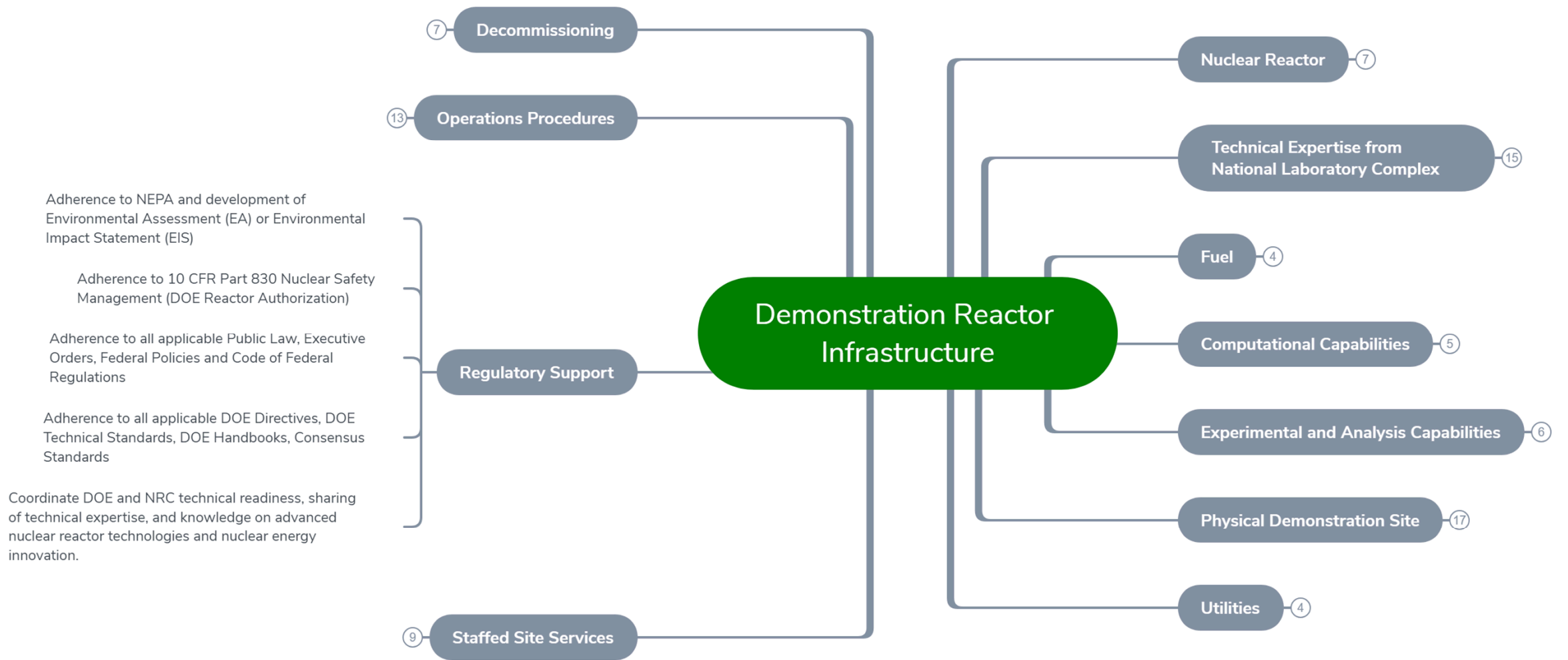


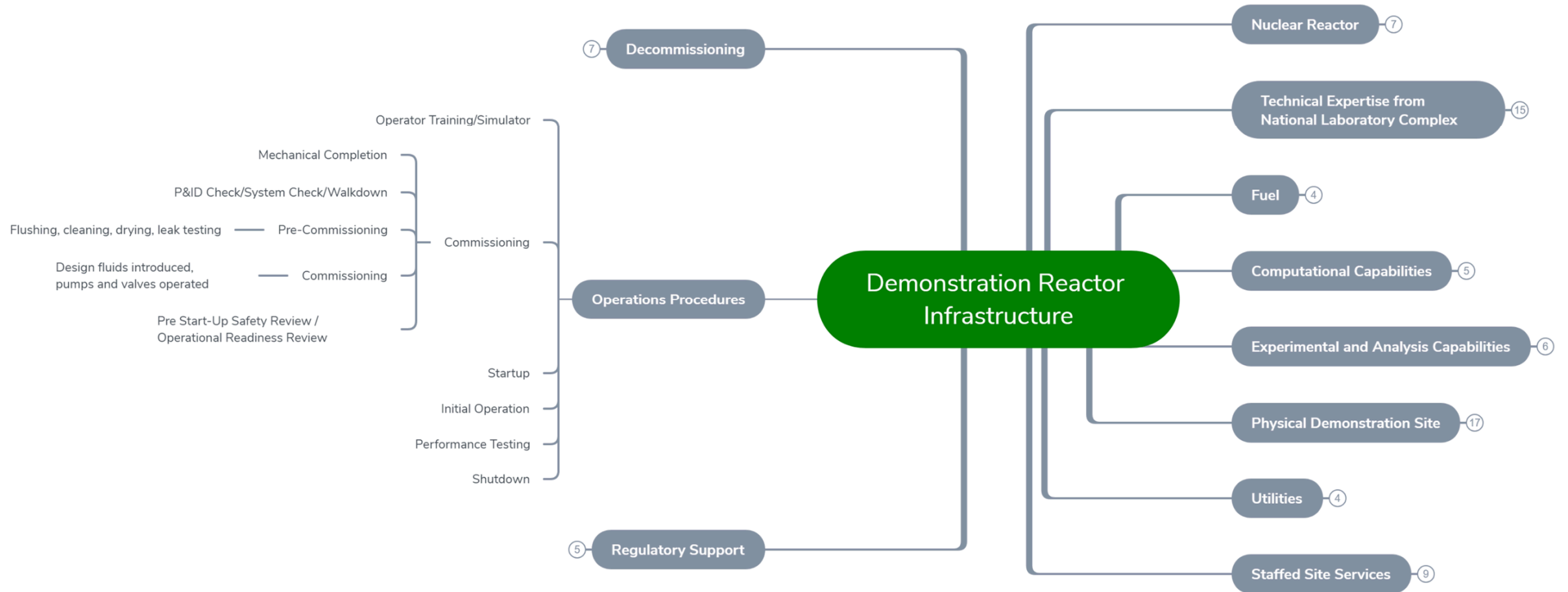


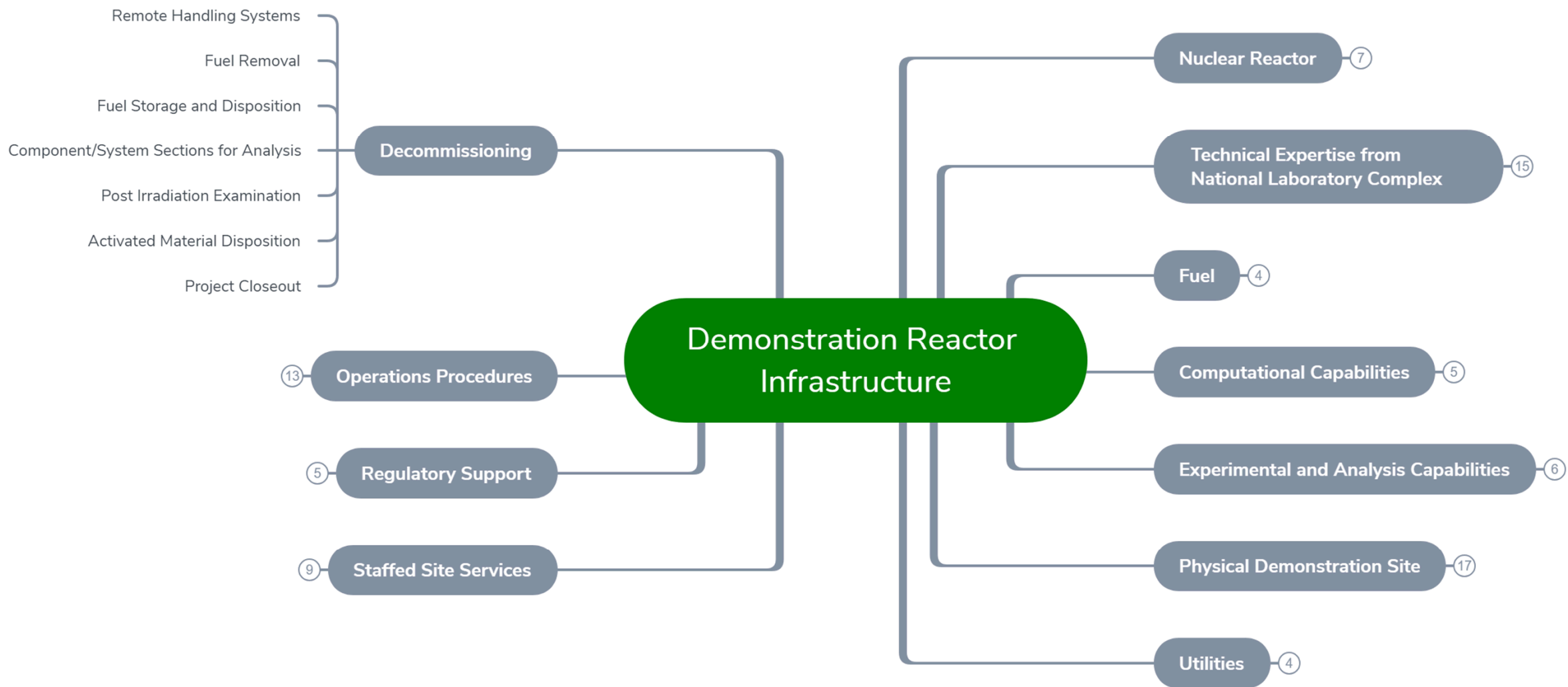












The EBR-II Dome has great potential as a demonstration reactor site

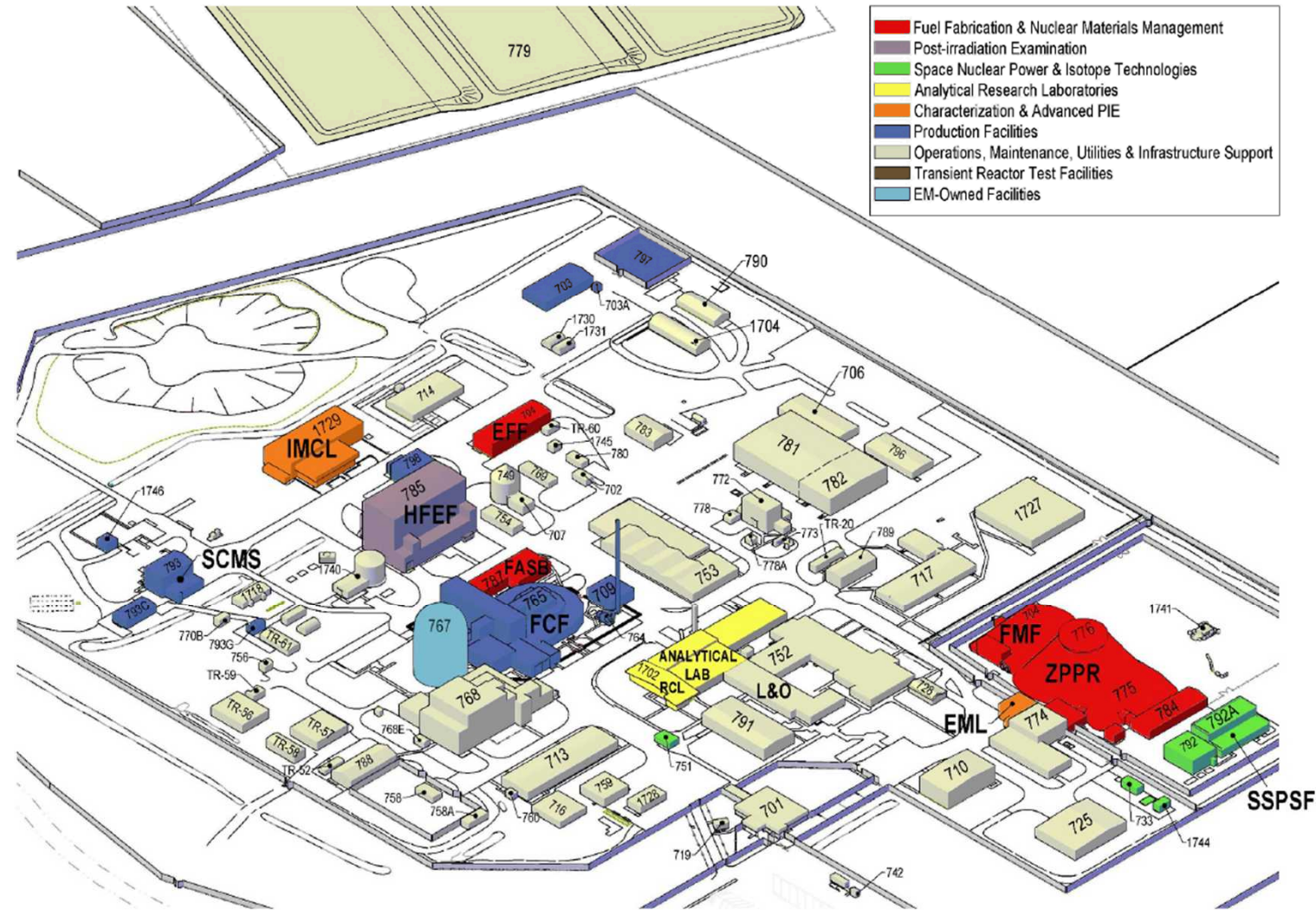
- Experimental Breeder Reactor-II Dome (EBR-II) MFC-767
- 78ft internal diameter, 87ft tall from ground level at highest point, walls are 1ft thick rebar reinforced concrete with 1inch of steel plating on outer side. Leak tight to 24psi.
- Safeguards category 2, hazard category 2
- Floor loading capacity of 5,000 pounds per square foot
- Two lightly loaded 2MVA transformers. 13.8kV or 480V service could be supplied
- 75ton overhead crane was damaged during decommissioning, could be repaired (est. cost ~\$3M)
- Has been seismically qualified in the past, (est. cost ~\$300k to recertify)
- Upgrades needed:
 - Larger containment penetration needed for equipment (currently only 6ft x 6ft door)
 - Installation of cooling capacity needed
 - Electrical power, instrument air, argon, and nitrogen not currently installed
 - Repairs to overhead crane
- Excellent radiation protection, very large space, co-located with MFC for access to infrastructure

Critical Infrastructure Test Range Complex (CITRC) Power Burst Facility (PBF) 612 and 613 as options for demonstration reactors

- PBF-612 and PBF-613 have very similar layouts and floor plans (PBF-612 basement floor plan is broken up with multi-level steel platforms, PBF-613 is open)
- 60ft x 90ft building with a 40ft x 90ft high bay on first floor and 44ft x 37ft x 22ft deep basement
- 10ft x 10 ft bay doors on opposite sides of the building to bring in equipment
- Plenty of open asphalt staging area
- Restrooms, breakroom, conference room, office space to accommodate 10 to 15 personnel
- Safeguards category 3, hazard category 2
- Floor loading in concrete basement estimated at 1,000 pounds per square foot, main floor ~10x less
- Fed from two 167kVA transformers providing ~300kVA at 480V
- Overhead crane with 10ton lift capacity
- Has been seismically qualified in the past, (est. cost ~\$300k to recertify)
- Hall road connecting to MFC for access to infrastructure without public roads
- Upgrades needed:
 - Installation of cooling capacity needed
 - Instrument air, argon, and nitrogen not currently installed

INL's Materials and Fuels Complex (MFC) offers world class infrastructure to support demonstration reactors

- IMCL- Irradiated Materials Characterization Laboratory
- HFEF- Hot Fuels Examination Facility
- EML- Electron Microscopy Laboratory
- FASB- Fuel and Applied Science Building
- AL- Analytical Laboratory
- EFF- Experimental Fuels Facility
- FCF- Fuel Conditioning Facility
- RCL- Radiochemistry Laboratory
- MFC-767 (EBR-II) Experimental Breeder Reactor-II Dome



Irradiated Materials Characterization Laboratory (IMCL) MFC-1729

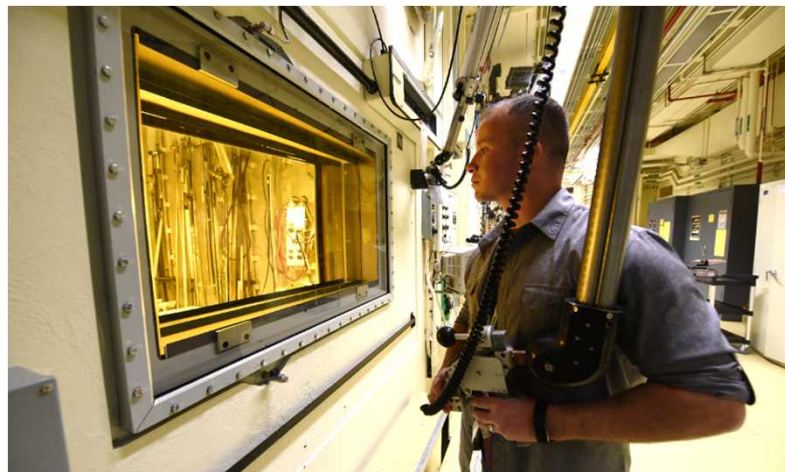
Irradiated Materials Characterization Laboratory (IMCL) MFC-1729

Recently installed thermophysical glovebox/hot cell	Thermophysical characterization of metallic and oxide nuclear fuels.
	Allows for remote manipulation of highly radioactive samples via master/slave manipulators on the hot cell side of box
	Part of National Science User Facility (NSUF)
Abundant microscopy resources	
Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)	Specific Heat
Thermogravimetric Analyzer (TGA)	*When combined with DSC* melting temperature, crystallization temperature, phase changes, enthalpy, volatility
Laser Flash Analysis (LFA)	Thermal Conductivity, Thermal Diffusivity
Gas Chromatograph	
Surface Morphology, Elemental Analysis, Grain Structure, Corrosion Rates, Lattice Defects	Focused Ion Beam (FIB)
	Energy Dispersive X-Ray Spectroscopy (EDS)
	Electron Backscatter Diffraction (EBSD)
	Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)
Electron Probe Microanalyzer (EPMA)	Elemental Mapping
Optical Microscopy	Surface and Cross Section Imaging
Microindentation, Microhardness Testing System	Material Hardness and Ductility
X-ray Diffraction (XRD)	Crystal Structure, Phase Analysis, Interplanar Spacing
Sample Prep Equipment	Polishing, Cross Sectioning
Metrology Equipment	Analytical Balances, Micrometers, etc.



Hot Fuels Examination Facility Fuel and Applied Science Building

(HFEF) MFC-785 (FASB) MFC-787



Hot Fuels Examination Facility (HFEF)
MFC-785

Large number of experiments ongoing, variable atmosphere quality

Electrochemistry Energies of formation, redox potentials, chemical activity,

Bubbler Surface Tension, Contact Angle, Interfacial Behavior (Foaming, Wetting of Surfaces)

Tensile Strength

Creep Strength

Fatigue

Fracture Toughness

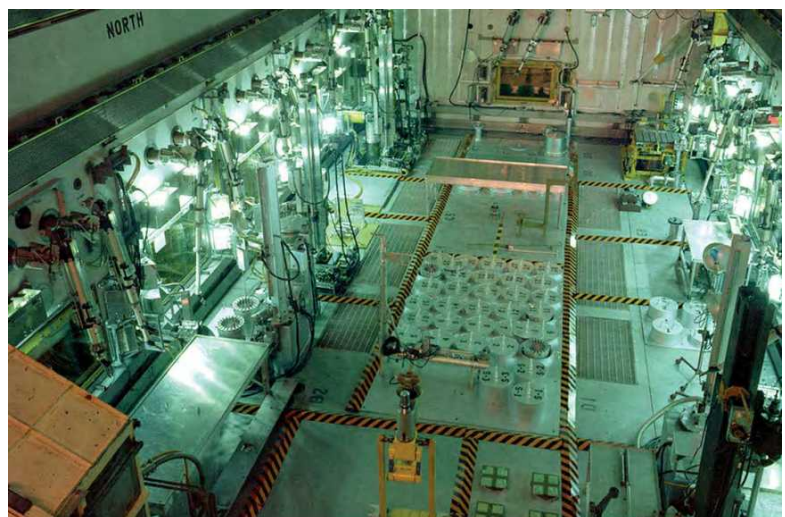
Bending Strength

Microindentation, Microhardness Testing System Material Hardness and Ductility

Sample Prep Equipment Polishing, Cross Sectioning

Metrology Equipment Analytical Balances, Micrometers, etc.

Neutron Radiography NRAD (TRIGA)



Fuel and Applied Science Building (FASB)
MFC-787

Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) Specific Heat

Thermogravimetric Analyzer (TGA) *When combined with DSC*
melting temperature, crystallization temperature, phase changes, enthalpy, volatility

Electrochemistry Energies of formation, redox potentials, chemical activity,

X-ray Diffraction (XRD) Crystal Structure, Phase Analysis, Interplanar Spacing

X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) Elemental, Chemical Analysis

Sample Prep Equipment Polishing, Cross Sectioning

Metrology Equipment Analytical Balances, Micrometers, etc.

Electron Microscopy Laboratory (EML) MFC-774

Analytical Laboratory (AL) MFC-752

Abundant microscopy resources

Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM)

Surface Morphology, Elemental Analysis, Grain Structure, Corrosion Rates, Lattice Defects

Focused Ion Beam (FIB)

Energy Dispersive X-Ray Spectroscopy (EDS)

Electron Backscatter Diffraction (EBSD)

Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)

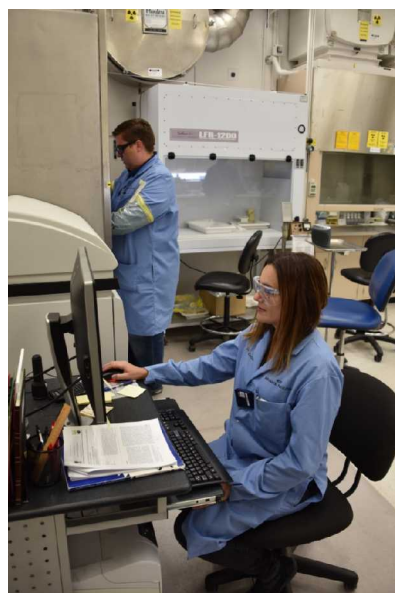
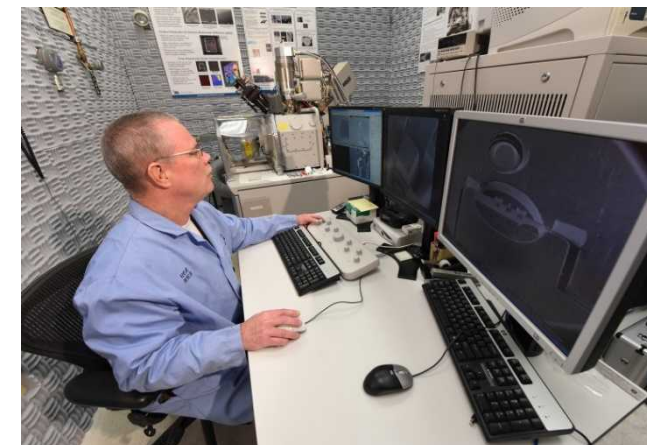
Sample Prep Equipment

Polishing, Cross Sectioning

Metrology Equipment

Analytical Balances, Micrometers, etc.

Electron Microscopy Laboratory (EML)
MFC-774



Analytical Laboratory (AL) MFC-752

Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC)	Specific Heat
Thermogravimetric Analyzer (TGA)	*When combined with DSC* melting temperature, crystallization temperature, phase changes, enthalpy, volatility
Laser Flash Analysis (LFA)	Thermal Conductivity, Thermal Diffusivity
X-ray Fluorescence (XRF)	Elemental, Chemical Analysis
Alpha Spectroscopy	Identification and quantification of alpha emitting isotopes
Gamma Spectrometry with high purity germanium detectors	Identification and quantification of gamma emitting isotopes
Gas Pressurized Extraction Chromatography	Uses pressurized nitrogen to push solutions through media instead of liquid or gravity
Fourier-transform infrared spectroscopy (FTIR)	Vibrational spectroscopy
Laser Ablation Laser Induced Breakdown Spectrometry (LIBS)	Elemental analysis (ppm)
Inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) Mass Spectrometry (MS) and Optical Emissions Spectroscopy (OES)	Elemental analysis (sub-ppm)
Thermal Ionization Mass Spectrometry (TIMS)	Elemental Analysis (sub-ppb) time consuming, costly, ultra-accurate results
Liquid Scintillation Counting	Quantify the radioactivity of low energy radioisotopes, mostly beta-emitting and alpha-emitting
Ultraviolet/Visible Spectrometry	Speciation, Oxidation States



Idaho National Laboratory