Key factors in designing a robust biorefinery feedstock preprocessing system

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Outline of presentation

- Why a robust Feedstock Preprocessing is necessary for Biorefinery
- What are the major Biomass Feedstock Handling Issues in a Biorefinery
- How are these issues can be resolved to design a robust feedstock preprocessing system



POET-DSM Cellulosic Ethanol Plant



DuPont Cellulosic Ethanol Plant

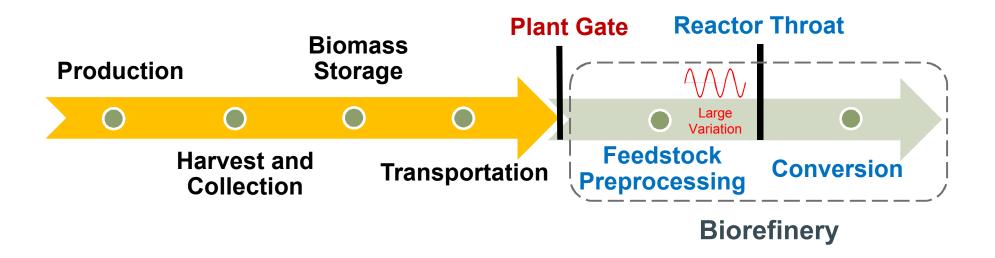


Abengoa Cellulosic Ethanol Plant



What is Feedstock Preprocessing

 Feedstock preprocessing converts raw biomass into a uniform feedstock format that can fed into a conversion reactor



 Feedstock preprocessing should be de-coupled from biorefinery to improve the operational reliability of both plants



Major Types of Feedstock Logistics

- Baling logistics
 - Common in agricultural residue (corn stover, straw)
 - Multi-pass (cut, shred, rake, windrow, bale)
 - High soil contamination
 - Single-pass and double pass technology are available but not commonly used
 - Microbial degradation can cause significant changes in properties and chemical composition during storage
- One-pass harvest and chop logistics
 - Common in energy crops (herbaceous and woody biomass)
 - Low soil contaminant
 - > Suitable for ensiled storage which results in lower dry matter loss





Baling logistics



One-pass harvest & chop logistics



Characteristics of a Robust Feedstock Preprocessing

- A robust feedstock preprocessing system will:
 - Have the capability to handle variability of biomass properties to ensure high operational reliability and throughput
 - Produce consistent quality feedstock (e.g., particle size, moisture content, ash content) that meets the conversion specifications to ensure high product yield
 - Minimize feedstock losses during preprocessing (e.g., not generating too much fines)



Hammer milled Corn Stover



One-pass Harvest Chopped Biomass Sorghum



Common Feedstock Handling Problems

- High moisture biomass causes plugging of hammer mill, screw conveyors, and bins
- High ash content accelerates wear of equipment
- Degraded biomass leads to high content of fines which can cause plugging of reactor feeder
- Variability of biomass properties can cause surge in flows which lead to equipment pluggage and process upset



Bridging in Feedstock Bin



Plugging of Grinder Screen



Worn Screw Press



Main Causes of Biomass Feedstock Handling Problems

- Variability in biomass properties which is caused by:
 - > Heterogeneous properties of biomass such as corn stover, logging residues
 - Harvesting and collection methods & equipment can lead to variable amount of contaminants such as gravel dirt and dirt
 - Storage methods can lead to variable extent of degradation which affect the fiber integrity, moisture content, and composition of biomass
- Lack of knowledge of performance characteristics of equipment which leads to improper selection or operation of equipment
- Lack of proper control of integrated equipment



Hammer Mill is not suitable for fine grinding high-moisture biomass

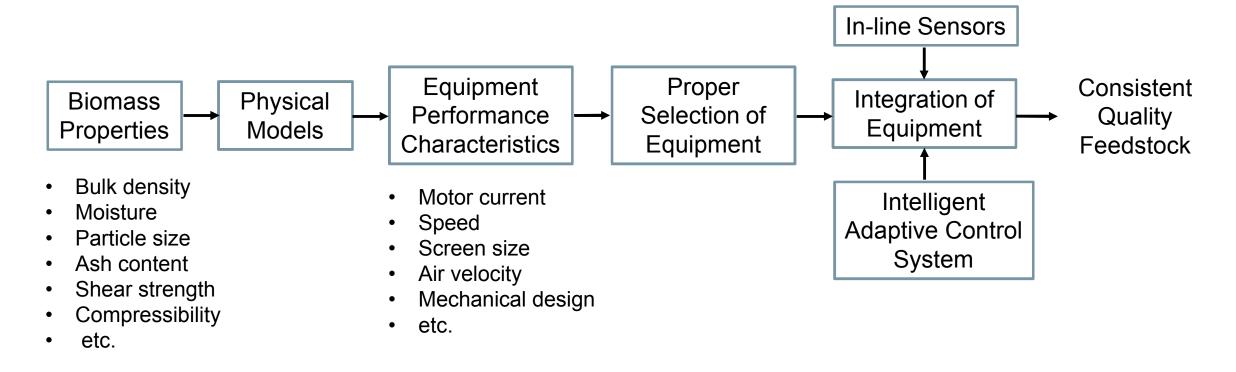


Shredder is suitable for fine grinding high-moisture biomass



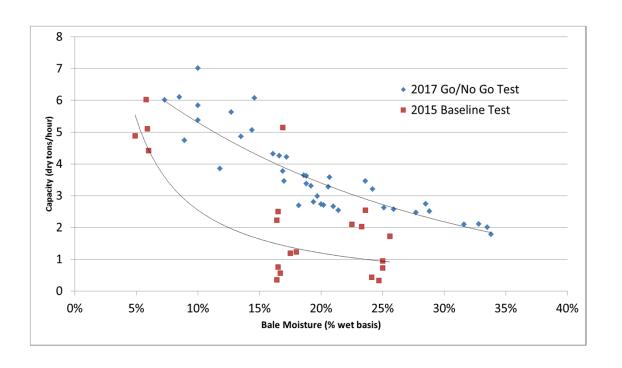
Factors contributing to a robust feedstock preprocessing system

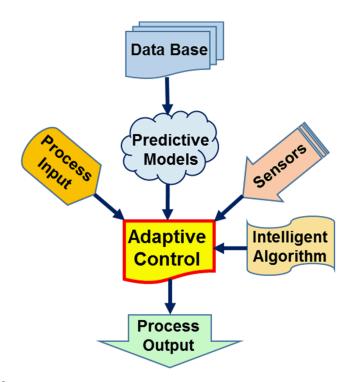
- Measure physical and mechanical properties of biomass and develop physical models predicting how these properties impact the performance of equipment
- Know the performance characteristics of equipment to select proper equipment
- Develop in-line sensors to measure biomass properties and facilitate optimal equipment operation
- Develop effective control system for integrated equipment operation





Adaptive Control System improves throughput of 2-stage grinding high-moisture corn stover



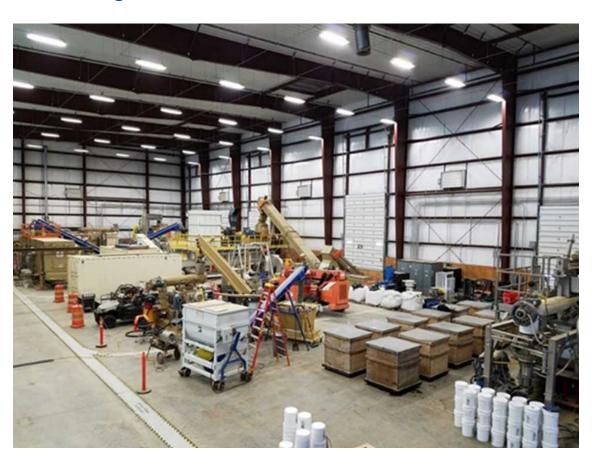


Adaptive Control System achieves 96% operational reliability Feedback Control System achieves 63% operational reliability



Biomass Feedstock National User Facility

- Fully integrated pilot plant with commercial scale processing equipment
- Modular design allows the insertion of thirdparty equipment
- Extensive material characterization and data collection
- Offering
 - Toll processing/piloting
 - > Toll characterization
 - > 3rd party testing & validation
 - Process development
 - Feedstock preprocessing R&D





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Questions?