

ART Graphite R&D Introduction

July 2021

William E Windes

Changing the World's Energy Future



DISCLAIMER

This information was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the U.S. Government. Neither the U.S. Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, expressed or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness, of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. References herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trade mark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the U.S. Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the U.S. Government or any agency thereof.

ART Graphite R&D Introduction

William E Windes

July 2021

Idaho National Laboratory Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415

http://www.inl.gov

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Under DOE Idaho Operations Office Contract DE-AC07-05ID14517 July 14, 2020 - Session 3

Will Windes
DOE ART Graphite R&D Technical Lead

ART Graphite R&D Introduction



ART Graphite Team

Researcher	Expertise
Andrea L. Mack andrea.mack@inl.gov	ASME Code
Austin C. Matthews austin.matthews@inl.gov	Material property testing, ASTM, PIE, Oxidation
Anne Campbell campbellaa@ornl.gov	PIE, Irradiation damage, Irradiation behavior
Cristian Contescu contescuci@ornl.gov	Oxidation, microstructure
David T. Rohrbaugh david.rohrbaugh@inl.gov	Unirradiated and Irradiated material properties
Martin Metcalfe martin.p.metcalfe@gmail.com	HTR operations, ASME, ASTM
Jose' D. Arregui-Mena arreguimenjd@ornl.gov	Microstructure, irradiation damage
Joseph L. Bass Joseph.Bass@inl.gov	Behavior Modeling

Researcher	Expertise
Michael E. Davenport michael.davenport@inl.gov	Irradiation experiments
Nidia C. Gallego gallegonc@ornl.gov	Molten salt technical lead, irradiation damage
Paul, Ryan paulrm@ornl.gov	Oxidation, graphite manufacturing
Philip L. Winston philip.winston@inl.gov	Irradiation experiments
Rebecca E. Smith rebecca.smith@inl.gov	Irradiated and unirradiated graphite oxidation
Steve Johns stevejohns@u.boisestate.edu	Irradiation damage
William Windes william.windes@inl.gov	Technical lead, irradiation behavior, ASME
Yuzhou Wang Yuzhou.Wang@inl.gov	Characterization, XRD, Raman

Five different research areas



- Predicts irradiated material properties and potential degradation issues
- Irradiation behavior for continued safe operation

Licensing & Code

- Establishes an ASME approved code (for 1st time)
- Develops property values for initial components and irradiation induced changes

Graphite R&D Program

Defines the safe working envelope for nuclear graphite and protection of fuel

Virgin Properties

- (Statistically) Establishes asreceived material properties
- Baseline data used to determine irradiation material properties

Mechanisms and Analysis

- Data analysis and interpretation
- Understanding the damage mechanisms is key to interpreting data

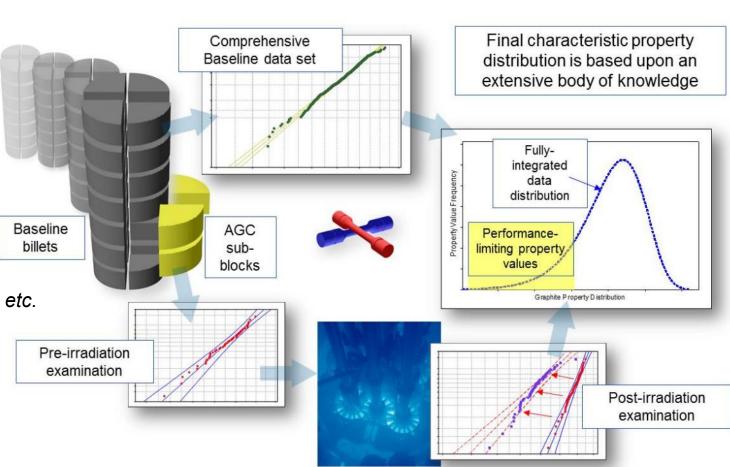
Irradiation

- Determines irradiation changes to material properties
- Irradiation behavior for continued safe operation

As-Fabricated Properties (Baseline) (Matthews)



- Baseline (unirradiated) material properties
 - As-manufactured material property data for all major AGC graphite grades
 - Provides a "baseline" of material property values
 - Compare to changes resulting from irradiation, oxidation, molten salt interaction
- New uses for Baseline data everyday
 - Data for NRC degradation model
 - Testing conservatism of ASME code
 - Sample pop., location, degradation effects, etc.
 - Elevated temperature mechanical testing
 - Per ASME requirements
 - Split-disk testing critical for:
 - Irradiation changes
 - Molten salt effects
 - Combination effects
 - Limited testing of new super fine grades



AGC Experiment (Irradiation) (Windes)

Initial Development

Opticipal State of the state of the



Micro and Prismatic

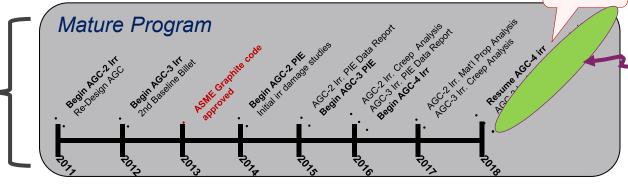
Program starts 2006

- Large initial investment
- AGC-1

Initial validation of ASME Code

- Prototype test train
- Lessens learned from design & irradiation

- Improved/Final AGC Design
- Initial data allows:
 - Initial irr. analysis
 - Collaborations
- Model development
- High Dose Graphite



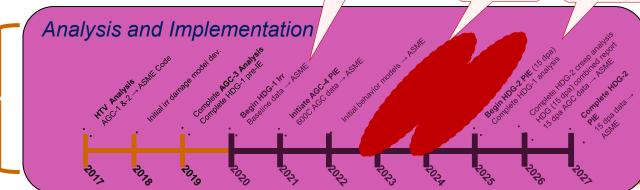
Decision to increase AGC irradiation dose

- High Dose Graphite (HDG) capsules
- Reuse VHTR capsules AGC-5 and AGC-6 (1100°C)
- Pertinent to current commercial HTR designs

Micro and prismatic dose range (800°C) Large PB & MSR dose range (600°C) Large PB & MSR dose range (800°C)

Data analysis:

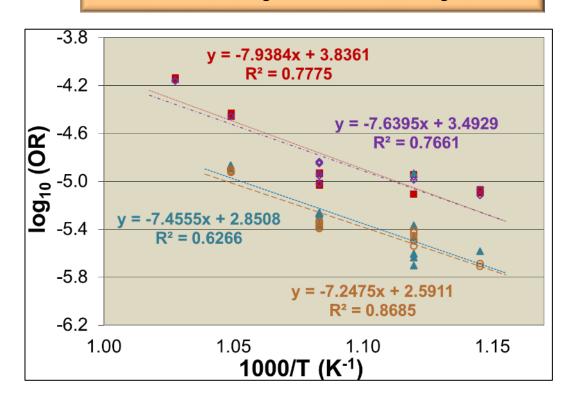
- Baseline data → ASME
- Mechanism studies data → AGC data
- AGC data → ASME
- Behavior Models → ASME
- ASME Code complete



Oxidation testing (Smith)

Wrapping up irradiated oxidation

- Oxidation of irradiated specimens
- Oxidation rate increases
- Dose dependency
 - Increasing rate with increasing dose?





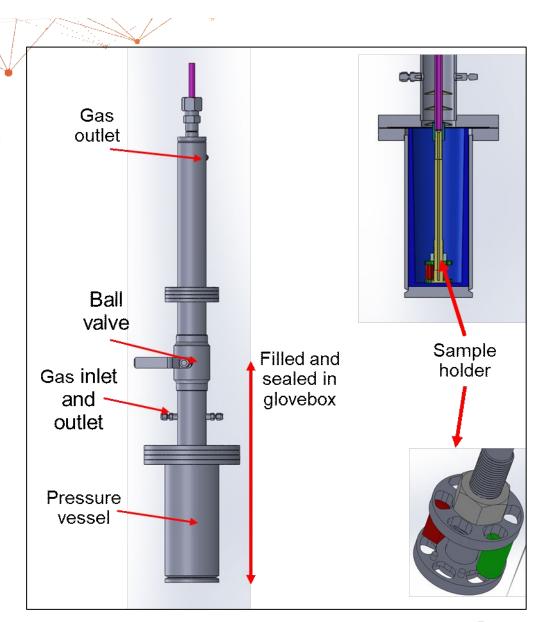
GIF oxidation report

- Summary of all oxidation results for all GIF contributors
 - USA, EU, China, Japan, N. Korea
- GIF High Level Deliverable (HLD)

Continuing effects on material properties

- Mechanical strength changes from oxidation
 - Modifications to ASME code rules
- Material property changes due to increasing oxidation
 - Strength, CTE, modulus, thermal diffusivity
- Fine grain and moderate grain size materials

Molten Salt Studies (Gallego)





Molten Salt testing

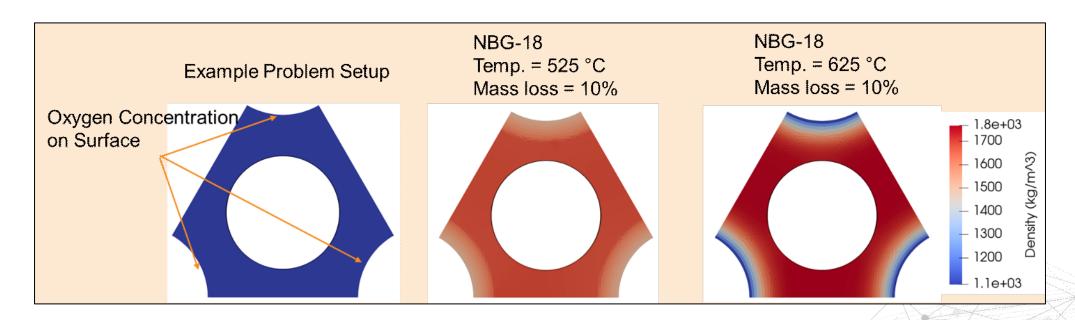
- Salt impregnation into graphite pores
 - Physical damage/cracks
 - "Hot spots" from fueled molten salt
- Wear/abrasion/erosion
 - Molten salt has higher density than graphite
 - Liquid flow over soft graphite has potential
- Chemical coupling with metallic systems
 - Graphite MS is inert
 - There are questions when a metallic component is added

Behavior Models (Bass)



Behavior Models: Answering core design and degradation behavior

- New developments in graphite behavior models addressing:
 - Oxidation behavior in large core components
 - Irradiation effects on structural integrity of components
 - Molten salt effects anticipated
- Adding ASME code rules/methodology to determine core component integrity

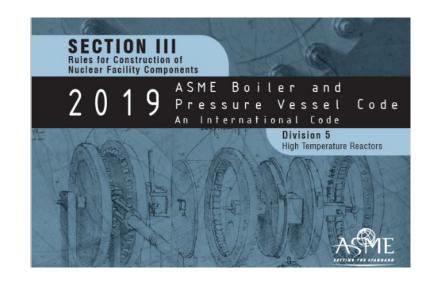


Graphite Code Development (Geringer)

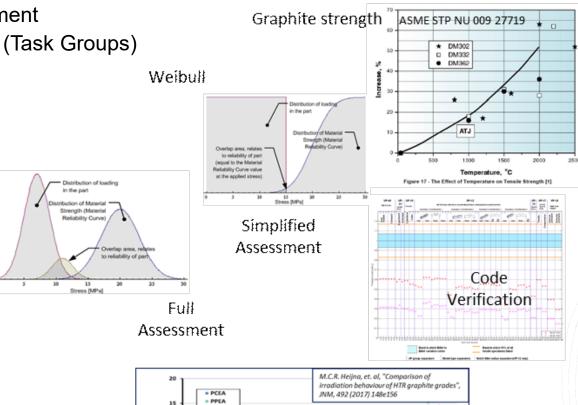


Progress in ASME Code development

- Latest updates on ASME graphite and composite code development
- Laundry list of new areas of optimization from NRC assessment (Task Groups)
 - · Defining failure criteria
 - Oxidation rate and effects on structural performance
 - Clarification of probability of failure (POF) assessment
 - Addition of irradiation data and trends to code rules
 - Assessment of molten salt







ADVANCED REACTOR TECHNOLOGIES

• IG-110 • NBG-10

Collaborations (domestic and international)



