

ECAR-2925 AGC-2 SPECIMEN LOAD CALCULATIONS BY STACK

February 2016

David T Rohrbaugh

Changing the World's Energy Future



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ECAR-2925 AGC-2 SPECIMEN LOAD CALCULATIONS BY STACK

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February 2016

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Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Under DOE Idaho Operations Office Contract DE-AC07-05ID14517

Document ID: ECAR-2925

Project No: 32138 Revision No: 0

Effective Date: 02/10/2016

INL/MIS-16-37831

Engineering Calculations and Analysis

ECAR Title: AGC	-2 Specimen Load	Calculations by	Stack	
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- 3. Concurrence of procedure compliance. Concurrence with method/approach and conclusion.
- Concurrence with the document's assumptions and input information. See definition of Acceptance, LWP-10200.
- 5. Does the document contain CUI material please check either yes or no.

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Title: AGC-2 Specimen Load Calculations by Stack

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REVISION LOG

Rev.	Date	Affected Pages	Revision Description
0	02/10/2016	All	Newly issued document.

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Quality Level (QL) No.	2	Professional Engineer's Stamp
2. QL Determination No.	RTC-000486	NA NA
3. Engineering Job (EJ) No.	NA	
4. SSC ID	NA	
5. Building	NA	
6. Site Area	NA	

7. Objective/Purpose:

This Engineering Calculations Analysis Report (ECAR) documents the results of the summarization of the load cell data taken during the Advance Test Reactor (ATR) during Cycles 149A, 149B, 150A, 150B, 151A, 151B, and 152A. During each cycle, the specimens in the upper portion of the experiment (Stacks 1–6) were subjected to a compressive load. The applied load of each stack was monitored using six different load cells. Collecting data detailing the loads applied over the life of the experiment is necessary for use in future analyses. This load summary data will be used in creep rate estimations and post-irradiated examination (PIE) of material properties.

8. If revision, please state the reason and list sections and/or pages being affected:

NA

9. Conclusions/Recommendations:

The load data from the AGC-2 experiment were analyzed. Quantification of the data was necessary to obtain a single load value for each of the stacks of specimens. These values will be used in future analysis and characterization of material properties. The mean load values were calculated using a threshold method. This method only averaged data if it were at or above 90% of the stack's nominal load. After the averaging, the coefficient of variation (COV) was calculated for each stack. This provided an evaluation of the precision of the load cell data. The range of these COVs was between 0.7% (Stack 5) and 1.3% (Stacks 1 and 2).

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PROJECT ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Project Role	Name (Typed)	Organization	Pages covered (if applicable)
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CUI Reviewer ^c			All
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Nuclear Safety ^e	N/A		
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Responsibilities:

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- d. Concurrence of procedure compliance. Concurrence with method/approach and conclusion.
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SCOPE AND BRIEF DESCRIPTION

This Engineering Calculations Analysis Report (ECAR) documents the results of the threshold averaging on the load cell data taken during the second advanced graphite creep (AGC) experiment, AGC-2. Specimens were irradiated in the Advance Test Reactor (ATR) during Cycles 149A, 149B, 150A, 150B, 151A, 151B, and 152A. During each cycle, the specimens located in the upper portions of the stacks were subjected to a compressive load. The applied load of each stack was monitored and load data were recorded in 5-minute intervals. The load on each stack remained relatively constant throughout the reactor cycles. However, during reactor outages, the load was removed until the beginning of the next reactor cycle. Using the load cell data, it is necessary to estimate the load applied to each stack (and therefore each specimen in each stack) for use in the creep rate calculations and post-irradiation examination (PIE) property comparisons.

DESIGN OR TECHNICAL PARAMETER INPUT AND SOURCES

- 1. The requirements for this analysis were the following:
 - a. Describe the AGC capsule mechanical loading system and verify that the system operated as designed during irradiation.
 - b. Calculate the compressive load imposed on the specimens for each of the outer stacks (1-6) in the AGC-2 experiment at power.
 - c. Describe the method used to quantify the loads for each stack.
 - d. Provide an estimate of the precision and accuracy of the calculated loads and the method for calculating them.
 - e. Evaluate the quality of the data in terms of precision, accuracy, representativeness, comparability, and completeness (PARCC).

Requirements for the AGC-2 capsule irradiation data collection are presented in three INL technical and functional requirements (TFRs): TFR-645, "Advanced Graphite Capsule AGC-2 Experimental Test Train"; TFR-509, "Advanced Graphite Capsule Temperature Control System"; and TFR-510, "Advanced Graphite Capsule Compressive Load Control Gas System." The compressive load systems are unchanged from the AGC-1 experiment and use the same TFRs. A description of the approach to the load data qualification is included in INL/EXT-12-26248, "AGC-2 Irradiation Data Qualification Report."

- Load, power, and stack position data were obtained from NGNP Data Management and Analysis System (NDMAS) from ATR starting at Cycle 149A (April 12, 2011) and ending at Cycle 151B (May 5, 2012).
- 3. The accuracy of the load cells that are used is 0.3% of full scale. Full scale for this model is 1000 lb, thus the accuracy is +-/ 3 lbs. During the assembly of the experiment, these load cells were Quality Assurance verified to be calibrated (Engineering Work Instructions for Assembling the AGC-2 Experiment). Both Table 1 and DWG 601266 show additional information about the instruments used in the load control system. The load cell calibration sheets are attached in Appendix A.

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Table 1. Load control system instrumentation.

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model/ Part No.	Accuracy or Linearity	Repeatability
Precision miniature load cell	Honeywell Corp.	31/AL311CV	± 0.3% of full scale (FS = 1000 lbf) accuracy	± 0.05 % full scale
Position Sensor (LVDT)	Macro Sensors	PRH 812-1000-080	≤ ±0.25% of full range linearity	<0.01% of FS Output

ASSUMPTIONS

For this analysis, it was assumed that the specimens in each stack did not become lodged or stuck in a position that would alter the load of the remainder of the specimens in the stack. To help prevent this from happening, during reactor outages, the compressive loads are removed from the specimen stacks and each graphite stack is raised vertically. This is done by use of pneumatic rams. Stack raising was performed after Cycles 149A, 149B, 150A, 151A, and 151B and at the end of the experiment. No evidence of sticking was observed during any of those episodes (INL/EXT-12-26248). In addition, the position of each stack remained unaffected between cycles. To support this, the position data of each stack (recorded from linear variable differential transformers [LVDTs] and saved in NDMAS) were analyzed. The position magnitudes for each stack were plotted versus time. Then the LVDT values at the end of each reactor cycle were compared to the LVDT values at the beginning of the subsequent cycle. For all cycles and stacks these values were roughly the same, indicating the loaded samples remained free during the entire experiment. An example of this is shown in Figure 1, the position data of Stack 1 between Cycles 149B and 150B.

The load cylinder gas pressure was also monitored during the test. A constant specimen pressure over the duration of the experiment would indicate no degradation in any of the load cells that required a compensating change in the gas pressure. This pressure remained relatively constant throughout the experiment. However, during Cycle 151A, there was a slight decrease in the gas pressure for Stacks 1–3. This led to a change in load of less than 4% (<15 lbf). There were maintenance activities being conducted on the pressure system during this same time period; therefore, this change in pressure is thought to be related to the maintenance activities rather than instrumentation degradation or drift. More information on the qualification of the load control system data is provided in INL/EXT-12-26248, "AGC-2 Irradiation Data Qualification Report."

The condition of the load cells was checked during the assembly of the compressive load control system by performing wire-to-wire resistance checks. Load cell resistance values were measured and recorded for both the excitation and signal lines. A similar process was used on the position sensors. This is documented in the "Engineering Work Instructions for Assembling the AGC-2 Experiment." It was impossible to make similar checks on the load and monitoring system after the completion of the experiment due to disassembly actions and high levels of radiation; however, the load and position data are consistent within itself indicating that the load cells and LVDTs operated properly for the entire experiment.

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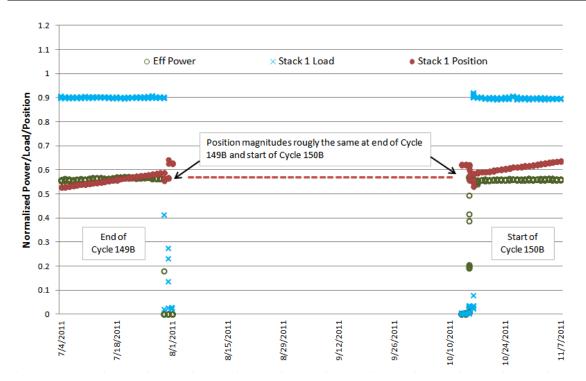


Figure 1. Position data between reactor cycles.

COMPUTER CODE VALIDATION

The "AGC2 5min Load Data ECAR-2925.xlsx" spreadsheet used load and reactor power data from NDMAS that were in 5-minute increments. The calculations were simple enough to justify using an Excel spreadsheet. The load data can be found in NDMAS. The output of the spreadsheet is an average load value for each stack (1–6) of specimens along with an uncertainty estimation. This is shown in Table 3 below. The calculations performed in the "AGC2 5min Load Data ECAR-2925.xlsx" spreadsheet were validated by random hand-calculation performed by the checker.

DISCUSSION/ANALYSIS

Load cell data from each stack of specimens in the AGC-2 experiment were recorded in 5-minute intervals and saved to NDMAS. Data logging for AGC-2 began on April 14, 2011, with Cycle 149A and ended on May 5, 2012, with Cycle 151B. For reasons unknown, there were no load cell data logged for Stack 2 in Cycle 149A from April 29, 2011, 23:00 through April 30, 2011, 22:55. Figure 2 is a history plot of the loads for each stack across all of the reactor cycles. The load data distributions were also plotted as histograms. These histograms illustrated that for each stack there were at least two modes. One of those modes is just above zero, representing the loads at the startup of each reactor cycle. In addition to the startup mode, Stacks 1, 2, and 3 had two distinct modes around their nominal loads (400 or 500 or 600 lbf), while Stacks 4, 5, and 6 only had a single mode. The extent of the bimodality of Stacks 1, 2, and 3 is approximately 15 lbf peak to peak (which is at most 3.8% of the nominal load). The different modes for Stack 1 can be seen in Figure 3. Figure 4 shows the modes for Stacks 1 and 4, while Figure 5 displays the histograms for all the stacks above threshold values.

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AGC-2 Load Cell Data by Stack

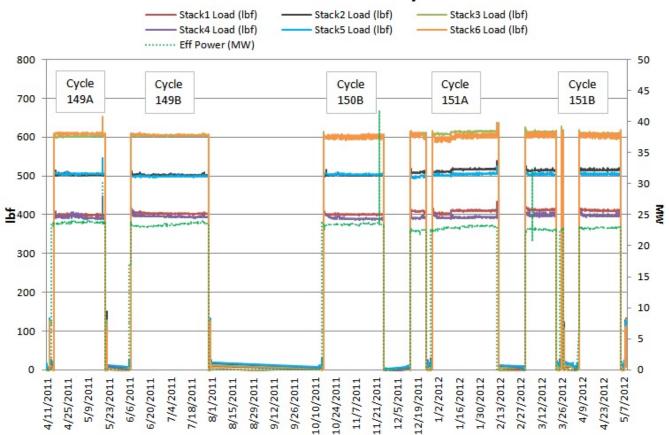


Figure 2. Time series data of load cell output from AGC-2 experiment.

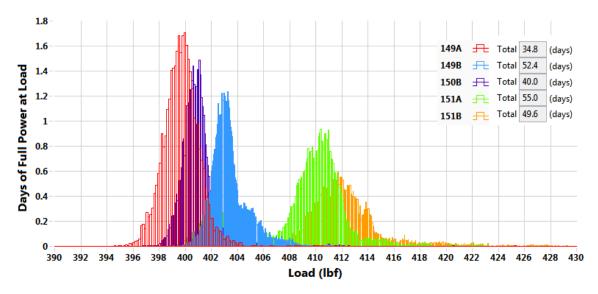


Figure 3. Stack 1 load variation between cycles.

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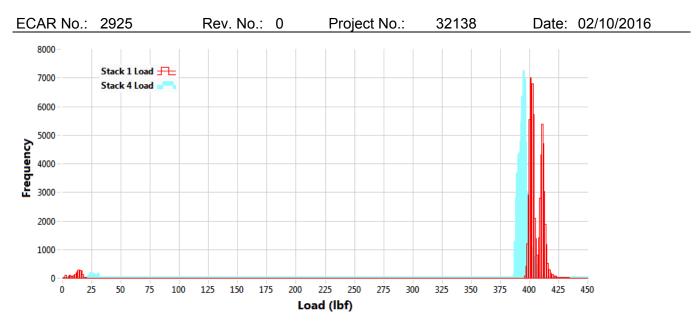


Figure 4. Distributions of load cell values for Stack 1 and Stack 4.

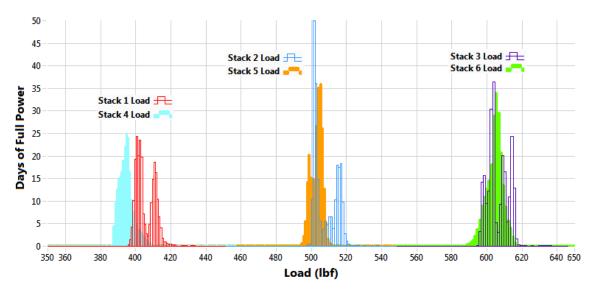


Figure 5. Load distribution data above threshold values for each specimen stack.

Upon reviewing the time series plots of the data, it was noted that at the start of each cycle there were lags in time between when the reactor came up to power and when the compressive load was applied to each stack. These delays in time were as high as 50 hours (Figure 6). With this in mind, the load averages for each stack were calculated using a threshold comparison. If the load for a stack was greater than 90% of the stack's nominal load and the power was greater than 2 megawatts (MW), then that datum point was included in the calculation of average load for the stack. Table 2 is a tabulation of the percentages of nominal loads for each stack as well as the MW-days for loads above and below those percentages. Figure 7 shows the average load of the stacks both before and after the threshold was applied.

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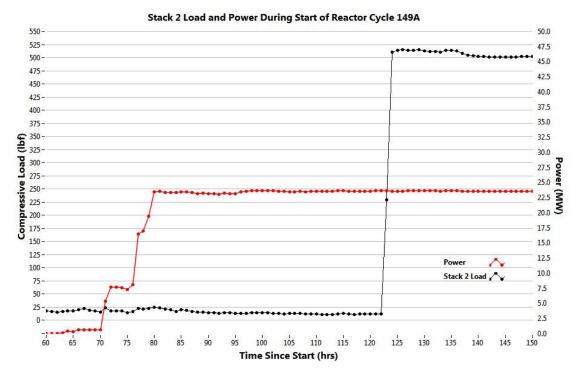


Figure 6. Example of delay in time between power up and application of compressive load.

Table 2. AGC-2 MW-Days at load, averaged for each stack across every cycle.

	Stack 1	Stack 2	Stack 3	Stack 4	Stack 5	Stack 6
90% of Nominal Load	360	450	540	360	450	540
MW-Days at Load	1075.8	1070.8	1074.8	1075.8	1075.6	1074.8
All other MW-Days	32.0	32.3	33.0	32.0	32.3	33.0

The motivation for using these criteria was to only consider load during the periods when the reactor was at power and the specimens were subjected to higher levels of neutrons. The time at power without load was limited to approximately 3%. The following equation was implemented in Excel to calculate the load averages.

$$\frac{1}{n} * \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}$$
for $x_{i} > 0.9*NL$ and $p_{i} > PT$,
where $x_{i} = load$ at time i ,
 $p_{i} = power$ at time i ,
 $NL = nominal\ load$,
 $PT = power\ threshold$.

The quality of the load data taken was evaluated using the PARCC parameters. These parameters are used to validate the data's usability.

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The precision of the load data was measured by calculating the standard deviation. To compare the precision among the stacks with different nominal loads, the coefficient of variation (COV) was calculated. The range of these COVs was between 0.7% (Stack 5) and 1.3% (Stacks 1 and 2). The magnitude of the COVs was all on the same order, indicating the consistency between stack loads and good repeatability with each stack. Table 3 shows the calculated average loads with the COVs and the standard deviations. The accuracy of the data is quantified from the specifications of the load cells used in the experiment. As stated above, the load cells used had an accuracy of +/- 0.3% of full-scale reading.

Representativeness is an evaluation of the data acquisition for its ability to capture or represent the true load applied to each of the stacks. In this case, the ram pressures were monitored concurrently with the load. They remained consistent over the experiment, which indicated that there was no loss of pressure that would affect the load. Thus, it is reasonable to conclude that the acquired load data represents the actual load applied.

Completeness is a quantitative measure that evaluates how much of the data were acquired versus how much of the data were planned to be acquired. In the AGC-2 experiment, data logging began on April 14, 2011 and ended on May 5, 2012, with data saved in 5-minute increments. With exception of Stack 2, the data were successfully acquired and saved. For reasons unknown, there was no load cell data logged for Stack 2 in Cycle 149A from April 29, 2011, 23:00 through April 30, 2011, 22:55.

Comparability is a qualitative parameter that assesses the consistency of the data acquisition and analysis between experiments. The instrumentation and data acquisition rates in the AGC-2 control system are the same for all AGC experiments; thus, the load data acquired will be directly comparable to the load data from other AGC experiments. The method outlined in this ECAR will serve as a template for future AGC load analyses.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The load data from the AGC-2 experiment were analyzed. Quantification of the data was necessary to obtain a single load value for each of the stacks of specimens. These values will be used in future analysis and characterization of material properties. The mean load values were calculated using a threshold method. This calculation only averaged data if the data were at or above 90% of the nominal load and the reactor power was above 2 MW. Table 3 shows the load values before and after the thresholding. Table 4 shows the load after thresholding by cycle.

Table 3. Load values for each specimen stack.

Before Threshold Statistics	Stack 1	Stack 2	Stack 3	Stack 4	Stack 5	Stack 6
Average (lbf)	390	489	582	380	484	580
2*Std Dev (lbf)	76	96	116	72	94	118
Coefficient of Variance (%)	9.8	9.8	10.0	9.5	9.7	10.1
After Threshold Statistics	Stack 1	Stack 2	Stack 3	Stack 4	Stack 5	Stack 6
Average (lbf)	406	508	606	395	503	604
2*Std Dev (lbf)	11	13	12	9	7	10
Coefficient of Variance (%)	1.3	1.3	1.0	1.1	0.7	0.8

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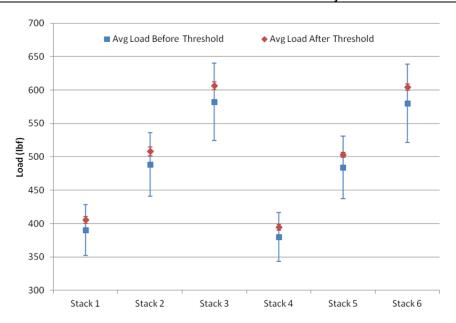


Figure 7. Load averages for each stack before and after applying the threshold average. The error bars indicate +/- 1 standard deviation in the data.

Table 4. Load data after threshold by cycle.

Cycle	Stack 1 (lbf)	Stack 2 (lbf)	Stack 3 (lbf)	Stack 4 (lbf)	Stack 5 (lbf)	Stack 6 (lbf)
149A	400	504	602	394	506	609
149B	403	502	603	396	499	606
150B	401	502	598	391	504	601
151A	409	514	612	393	503	602
151B	412	515	611	399	505	605

REFERENCES

- 1. LWP-10200, "Engineering Calculations and Analysis Report," Rev. 7, April 10, 2012.
- 2. INL/EXT-12-26248, "AGC-2 Irradiation Data Qualification Final Report," July 2012.
- 3. DWG 601266, "ATR Advanced Graphite Capsule Number 2 (AGC-2) Capsule Facility Assemblies," November 16, 2010.
- 4. "Engineering Work Instructions for Assembling the AGC-2 Experiment WO 137268-01"
- 5. TFR-509, "Advanced Graphite Capsule Temperature Control System"
- 6. TFR-510, "Advanced Graphite Capsule Compressive Load Control Gas System"
- 7. TFR-645, "Advanced Graphite Capsule (AGC-2) Experimental Test Train"

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Appendix A

INL CALIBRATION INPUT DATA

CALIBRATION INPUT DATA NAME: USER UNKNOWN BADGE: 0 PH: AREA: ? BLDG: ? RM: ? ID Number: 727790 Mfr: HONEYWELL Model: 31-1000 Noun Name: LOAD CELL Serial #: 1295040 Next Cal Due Date: 6/3/2011 **ACTION PERFORMED** AS-FOUND CONDITION Calibration Date: 6/3/2010 Acceptance Test 1 In Tolerance Charge Level: 12 2 Calibration - SCL Specs 2 Out of Tolerance >1x <2x Repair/Adj/etc C.L: 0 3 Calibration - MFG Specs 3 Out of Tolerance >2x <3x Material Amount: 0 Clean 4 ○ Out of Tolerance >3x <5x</p> Charge Number: 100911C56 5 V Limited Calibration 5 Out of Tolerance >5x Cal Work Inst ID: 5748P 6 **Functional Check** 6 Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check 7 | Inoperative Modify 8 Damaged Repair-needs Charge Level 9 Not Used 10 Not Determined Other 10 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED 350816 350815 375257 STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH | Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) *C (30 to 45) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION **UUT Tolerance Function Tested** Standard Reading **UUT Reading**

COMMENTS

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AGC-2 Specimen Load Calculations by Stack Title: ECAR No.: 2925 Rev. No.: 0 Project No.: 32138 Date: 02/10/2016

CALIBRATION INPUT DATA

NAME: USER UNKNOWN BADGE: 0 PH: AREA: ? BLDG: ? RM: ?				-		1/27/2016				
Next Cal Due Date: 6/3/2010 1	NAME: USER UNKNO	OWN	BADGE:	: 0	PH:		BLDG	i: ?	RM: ?	
Charge Level: 12 2			HONEY	WELL				No	44 0 H B H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	Serial #: 129504
Repair/Adj/etc C.L: 0 3 Calibration - MFG Specs 3 Out of Tolerance >2x <3x Material Amount: 0 4 Clean 4 Out of Tolerance >3x <5x Charge Number: 100911C56 5 V Limited Calibration 5 Out of Tolerance >5x Cal Work Inst ID: 5748P 6 Functional Check 6 Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check 7 Inoperative 8 Modify 8 Damaged 9 Repair-needs Charge Level 9 Not Used 10 Other 10 Not Determined 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNOLOGY Dimensional STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) °KRH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) °KRH PhysylDim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) °KRH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) °KRH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions.	Calibration Date:	6/3/2010	1		Acceptance	Test	1	•	In Tolerance	
Material Amount: 0 4	Charge Level:	12	2		Calibration -	- SCL Specs	2	0	Out of Tolerance >1x <2x	
Charge Number: 100911C56 5 Limited Calibration 5 Out of Tolerance >5x Cal Work Inst ID: 5748P 6 Functional Check 6 Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check 7 Inoperative 8 Modify 8 Damaged 9 Repair-needs Charge Level 9 Not Used 10 Other 10 Not Determined 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNOLOGY. Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION	Repair/Adj/etc C.L	: 0	3		Calibration -	- MFG Specs	3	0	Out of Tolerance >2x <3x	
Call Work Inst ID: 5748P 6 Functional Check 6 Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check 7 Inoperative 8 Modify 8 Damaged 9 Repair-needs Charge Level 9 Not Used 10 Other 10 Not Determined 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions.	Material Amount:	0	4		Clean		4	0	Out of Tolerance >3x <5x	
Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check	Charge Number:	100911C56	5	•	Limited Cal	ibration	5	0	Out of Tolerance >5x	
8 Modify 8 Damaged 9 Not Used 10 Other 10 Not Determined 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED	Cal Work Inst ID:	5748P	6		Functional (Check	6	0	Out of Tolerance-Undetermin	ned
9 Repair-needs Charge Level 9 Not Used 10 Other 10 Not Determined 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED 350816 350815 375257 SEXEMBEL TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION	Outside Vendor:		7		Performance	e Check	7		Inoperative	
Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension Calibration Standards Used Extension			8		Modify		8		Damaged	
Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED			9		Repair-need	s Charge Level	9		Not Used	
CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION			10			3400 M	10		Not Determined	
CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED 350816 350815 375257							11			
CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED 350816 350815 375257	Calibrated By:	Stan Zohner	S#:	58146	Phone: 52	6-2350		_		
VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION		350816	35081	5		ATION STAND	ARDS	US	ED	
LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 ± 5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION				- -			_	_		_
VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION								_		
Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION	STANDAI VALI	RDS USED ARE UES FOR NATUR	TRACEAB RAL PHYS	LE TO T	ONSTANTS, OR	DERIVED FROM	THE RA	TIO	TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TE	OM ACCEPTED CHNIQUES.
Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION	Pi	ysical STD (106C) (20	0.0 ± 0.3)	°C (40 to 55)%	RH Electroni	ic STD (1	06D)	(23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to	45) %RH
Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION	D	imensional STD (I	06B) (20	0.0 ± 0.25	°C (30 to 45)	KRH Electroni	ic CAL (L	ab I	12) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to	50) %RH
OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION	Pt	nys/Dim CAL (Lab	111) (20	0.0 ± 0.5)	°C (20 to 50) %	RH Remainir	ng S&CL	calib	eration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to	50) %RH
	Manu	facturer's environ	mental spec	cification	s are evaluated f	or conformance who	en calibra	ations	s are performed outside the above stat	ed conditions.
	Func	tion Tested	(Colerance
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Rev. 06 Title: AGC-2 Specimen Load Calculations by Stack Date: 02/10/2016 ECAR No.: 2925 Rev. No.: 32138 0 Project No.: INL CALIBRATION INPUT DATA 1/27/2016 NAME: USER UNKNOWN BADGE: 0 PH: RM: ? ID Number: 727817 Mfr: HONEYWELL Model: 31-1000 Noun Name: LOAD CELL Serial #: 1295090 Next Cal Due Date: 6/8/2011 **ACTION PERFORMED** AS-FOUND CONDITION Calibration Date: 6/8/2010 Acceptance Test In Tolerance Charge Level: 12 2 Calibration - SCL Specs Out of Tolerance >1x <2x Repair/Adj/etc C.L: 0 3 Calibration - MFG Specs Out of Tolerance >2x <3x Material Amount: 0 4 Clean Out of Tolerance >3x <5x Charge Number: 100911C56 5 V Limited Calibration 5 Out of Tolerance >5x Cal Work Inst ID: 5748P П **Functional Check** Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check ☐ Inoperative 8 Modify Damaged 9 ☐ Not Used Repair-needs Charge Level 10 Other 10 Not Determined 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED 350816 350815 375257 STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Physical STD (106C) Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION Standard Reading **UUT Reading UUT Tolerance Function Tested**

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Rev. 06 Title: AGC-2 Specimen Load Calculations by Stack Date: 02/10/2016 ECAR No.: 2925 Rev. No.: 32138 0 Project No.: INL CALIBRATION INPUT DATA 1/27/2016 NAME: USER UNKNOWN BADGE: 0 AREA: ? BLDG: ? RM: ? ID Number: 727819 Mfr: HONEYWELL Model: 31-1000 Noun Name: LOAD CELL Serial #: 1295092 Next Cal Due Date: 6/7/2011 **ACTION PERFORMED** AS-FOUND CONDITION Calibration Date: 6/7/2010 Acceptance Test In Tolerance Charge Level: 12 2 Calibration - SCL Specs Out of Tolerance >1x <2x Repair/Adj/etc C.L: 0 3 Calibration - MFG Specs Out of Tolerance >2x <3x Material Amount: 4 Clean Out of Tolerance >3x <5x Charge Number: 100911C56 5 V Limited Calibration Out of Tolerance >5x Cal Work Inst ID: 5748P 6 Functional Check Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check ☐ Inoperative 8 Modify Damaged 9 Repair-needs Charge Level ☐ Not Used 10 Not Determined 10 Other 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED 350816 350815 375257 STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH

Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions.

Remaining S&CL calibration areas:

(23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH

OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION								
Function Tested	Standard Reading	UUT Reading	UUT Tolerance					
			-					
			[]					
			1 50 1 50					

Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111)

(20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH

ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS AND ANALYSIS

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Title: AGC-2 Specimen Load Calculations by Stack

ECAR No.: 2925 Rev. No.: 0 Project No.: 32138 Date: 02/10/2016

INL CALIBRATION INPUT DATA

1/27/2016 NAME: USER UNKNOWN BADGE: 0 PH: AREA: ? BLDG: ? ID Number: 727820 Mfr: HONEYWELL Model: 31-1000 Noun Name: LOAD CELL Serial #: 1295094 Next Cal Due Date: 6/8/2011 ACTION PERFORMED AS-FOUND CONDITION Calibration Date: 6/8/2010 Acceptance Test In Tolerance Charge Level: 12 2 Calibration - SCL Specs Out of Tolerance >1x <2x Repair/Adj/etc C.L: 0 3 Calibration - MFG Specs Out of Tolerance >2x <3x Material Amount: 0 4 П Out of Tolerance >3x <5x Charge Number: Limited Calibration 100911C56 5 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ Out of Tolerance >5x Cal Work Inst ID: 5748P **Functional Check** 6 Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check ☐ Inoperative 8 Modify Damaged 9 Repair-needs Charge Level ☐ Not Used 10 Not Determined 10 Other 11 Excessed 12 Extension S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 Calibrated By: Stan Zohner CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED . 350816 350815 375257 STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES. LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions. OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITIONS FOUND DURING CALIBRATION Standard Reading **UUT Reading UUT Tolerance Function Tested**

COMMENTS

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Rev. 06 Title: AGC-2 Specimen Load Calculations by Stack Date: 02/10/2016 ECAR No.: 2925 Rev. No.: 0 32138 Project No.: INL CALIBRATION INPUT DATA 1/27/2016 NAME: MATT WESEMAN BADGE: 45985 AREA: REC BLDG: NHL RM: PH: 526-2573 ID Number: 727883 Mfr: HONEYWELL Model: 31-1000 Noun Name: LOAD CELL Serial #: 1295096 ACTION PERFORMED AS-FOUND CONDITION Next Cal Due Date: 6/22/2011 Acceptance Test In Tolerance Calibration Date: 6/22/2010 1 Charge Level: 12 2 Calibration - SCL Specs Out of Tolerance > 1x < 2x Repair/Adj/etc C.L: 0 3 Calibration - MFG Specs Out of Tolerance >2x <3x Out of Tolerance >3x <5x Material Amount: 0 4 Clean Charge Number: 100911C56 5 V Limited Calibration Out of Tolerance >5x Cal Work Inst ID: 5748P 6 Functional Check Out of Tolerance-Undetermined Outside Vendor: 7 Performance Check ■ Inoperative Modify □ Damaged 9 Repair-needs Charge Level ☐ Not Used 10 Other 10 Not Determined 11 Excessed Calibrated By: Stan Zohner S#: 58146 Phone: 526-2350 12 Extension CALIBRATION STANDARDS USED 350816 350815 375257

STANDARDS USED ARE TRACEABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY DERIVED FROM ACCEPTED VALUES FOR NATURAL PHYSICAL CONSTANTS, OR DERIVED FROM THE RATIO TYPE OF SELF CALIBRATION TECHNIQUES.

LABORATORY TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

Physical STD (106C) (20.0 ± 0.3) °C (40 to 55) %RH Electronic STD (106D) (23.0 ± 0.5) °C (30 to 45) %RH Dimensional STD (106B) (20.0 ± 0.25) °C (30 to 45) %RH Electronic CAL (Lab 112) (23.0 ± 1.0) °C (20 to 50) %RH Phys/Dim CAL (Lab 111) (20.0 ± 0.5) °C (20 to 50) %RH Remaining S&CL calibration areas: (23.0 +5, -3) °C (20 to 50) %RH

Manufacturer's environmental specifications are evaluated for conformance when calibrations are performed outside the above stated conditions.

	OUT OF TOLERANCE CONDITION	S FOUND DURING CALIBRATION	
Function Tested	Standard Reading	UUT Reading	UUT Tolerance
1155	0		-
	(
1000000	8 <u></u>		8 <u></u>

COMMENTS