

Alloy 709 Code Qualification Status

November 2021

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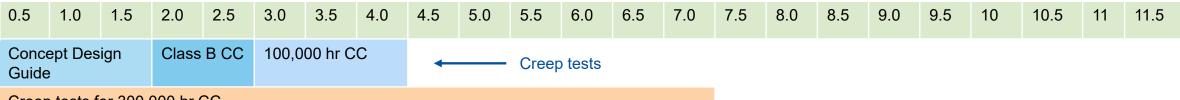
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A "Staged" Qualification Approach for Alloy 709 Code Cases Is Being Executed by the Fast Reactors Campaign

Creep rupture time extrapolation factor = 5, per current Section III, Division 5 guidance

Time from initiation of long-term testing (years)



Creep tests for 300,000 hr CC

Creep tests for 500,000 hr CC

(Determination of mechanisms giving rise to time dependent properties through simulation validated by experiment could allow larger extrapolation factors)

Other mechanical properties testing common to all CCs

A four-year testing program, not accounting for resource constraints, would generate data package to support:

Conceptual design

Tests initiated at the

- Conceptual Design Guide for 500,000-hour lifetime
- Preliminary design
 - 100,000-hour Class A code case
 - Class B material code case

Additional creep data at 7-year mark from start:

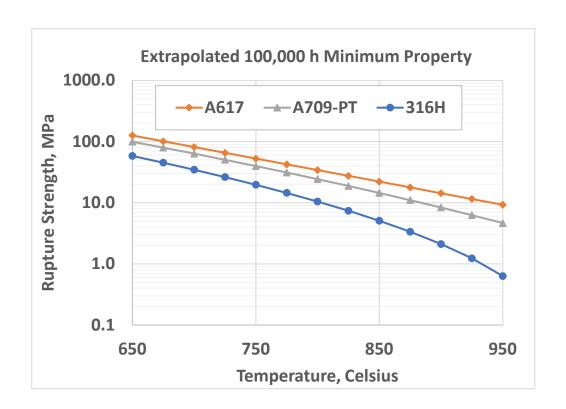
- Final design
 - 300,000-hour Class A code case

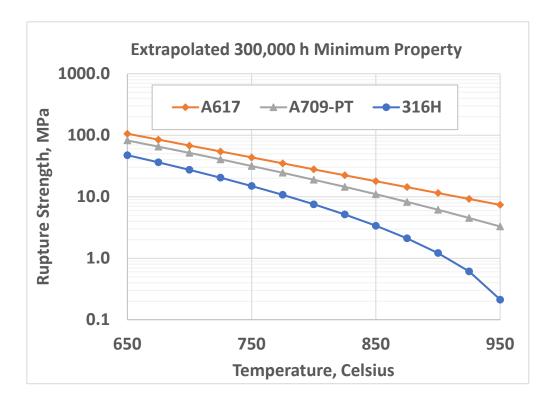
Additional creep data at 12-year mark from start:

- Nth-of-a-kind material insertion
 - 500,000-hour Class A code case

Alloy 709-PT Has Very Good Creep Rupture Properties

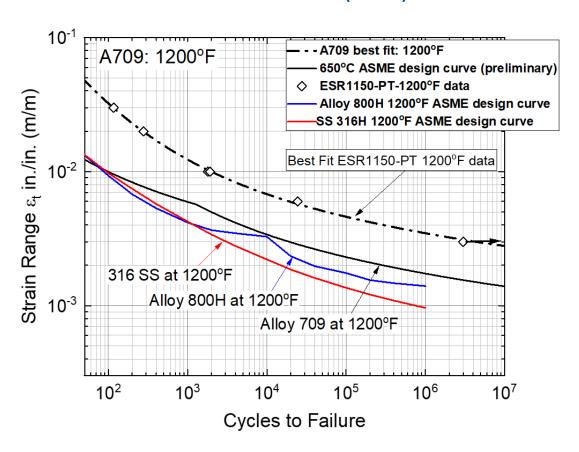
Alloy 709-PT, solution anneal plus precipitation treatment at 775C for 10 hours



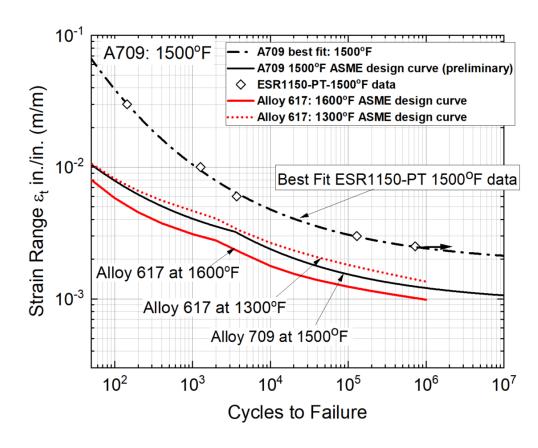


Alloy 709-PT Has Enhanced Fatigue Properties

Alloy 709-PT better than Alloy 800H and 316H at 1200F (650C)

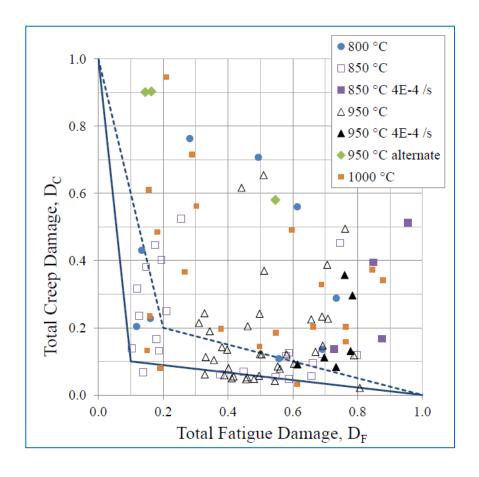


Alloy 709-PT comparable to Alloy 617 at 1500F (816C)

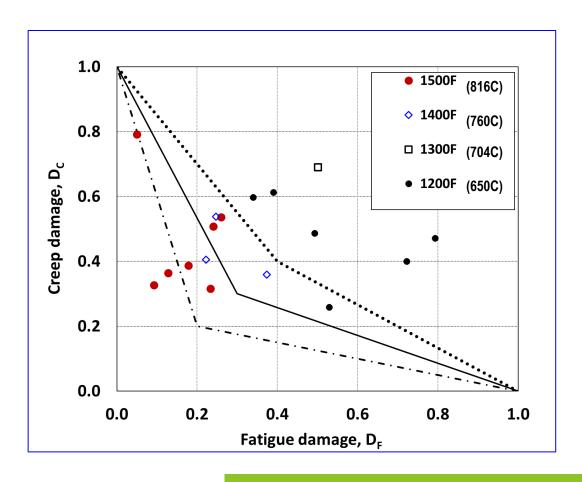


Alloy 709-PT Has Very Good Creep-Fatigue Resistance

Alloy 617 Creep-Fatigue Interaction



Alloy 709-PT Creep-Fatigue Interaction



 Alloy 709-PT Continues to Demonstrate Balanced Creep, Fatigue and Creep-Fatigue Performance