

Challenges and Opportunities Associated with the Municipal Solid Waste

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Outline

- What is municipal solid waste (MSW)?
 - Generation statistics
- How the MSW is being currently handling?
- How the MSW is destroying our world?
- Potential opportunities of MSW
- Challenges associated with MSW handling
 - Heterogeneity
 - Wet feedstock
 - Various hazards associated with it

Municipal solid waste (MSW)

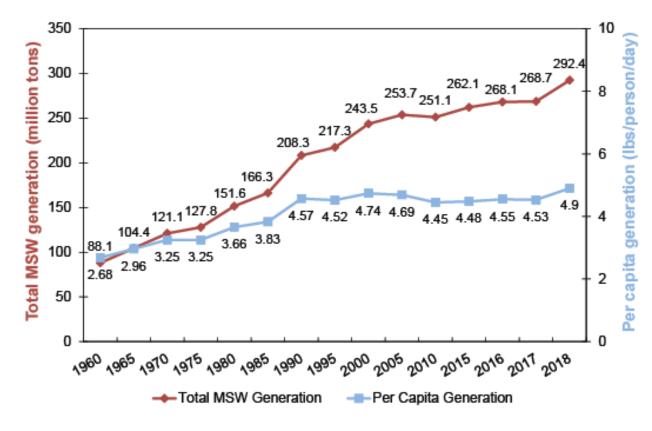
- Municipal Solid Waste (MSW), commonly called "trash" or "garbage" consists of everyday items we use and then throw away, such as:
 - Product packaging,
 - Grass clippings,
 - Furniture,
 - Clothing,
 - Bottles,
 - Food scraps,
 - Newspapers,
 - Appliances,
 - Etc.



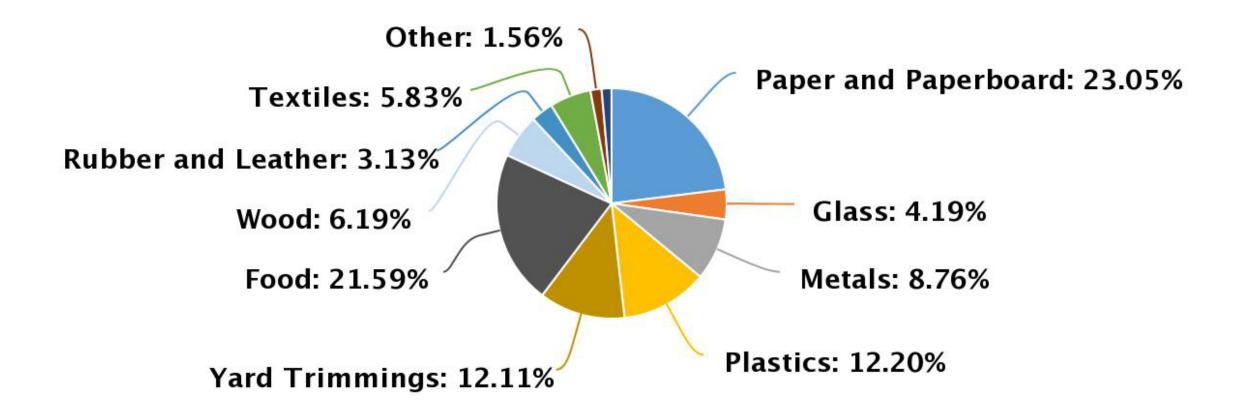
Accessed at https://www.pngitem.com/middle/hxoJbRw_municipal-solid-waste-png-transparent-png/ on 06.28.2022

Generation of MSW

- Total annual MSW generation in the U.S. has increased by 93% since 1980 to 2018.
- Per capita MSW generation increased by 34% over the same time period (3.7 to 4.9 lbs per person per day). As comparison, MSW generation rates (lbs/person/day) are 2.8 in Sweden, 3.7 in Germany, and 2.7 in the United Kingdom.

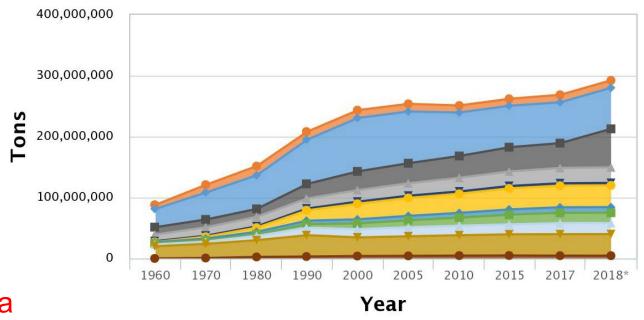


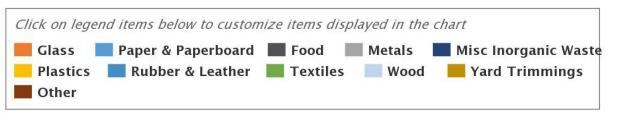
Typical fraction in MSW



Alarming contributions!

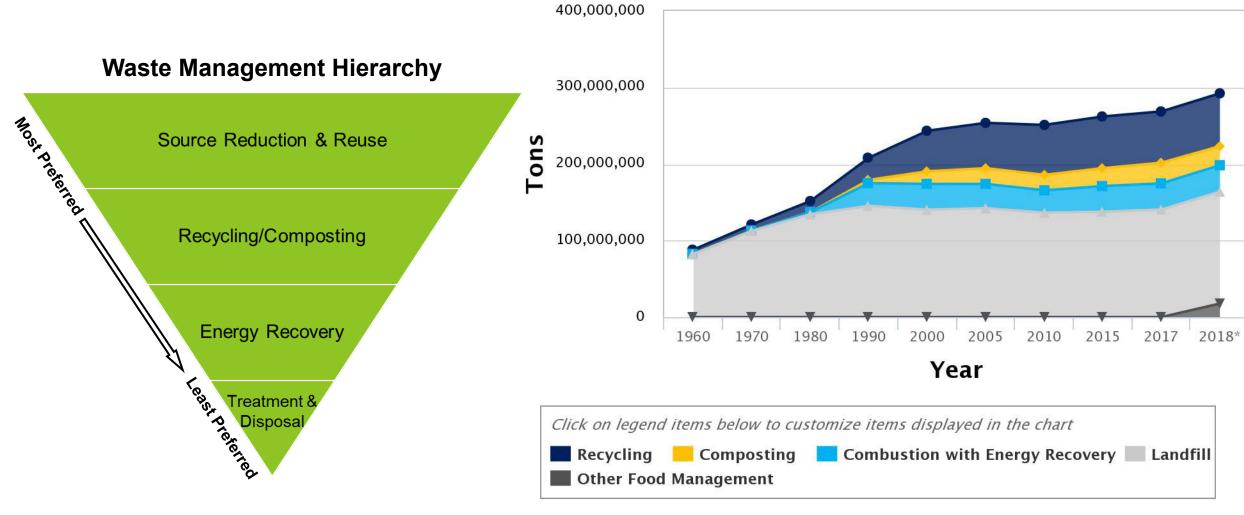
- Alarming contributions are from:
 - Food ((increased 30 million tons from 2010 to 2018)
 - Plastic (increased 4.3 million tons from 2010 to 2018)
 - Metal (increased 3.3 million tons from 2010 to 2018)
- The handling and disposal of MSW is a growing concern as the volume of waste generation in the U.S. continues to increase.





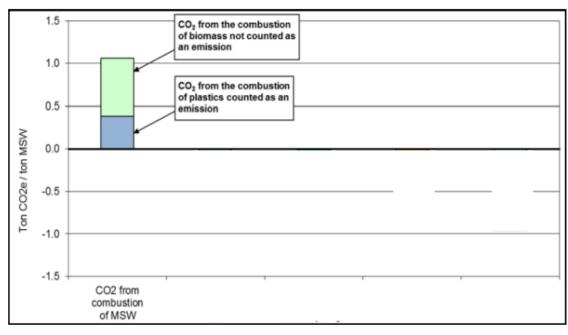
Management methods

Municipal Solid Waste Management: 1960-2018



Combustion: Waste to Energy

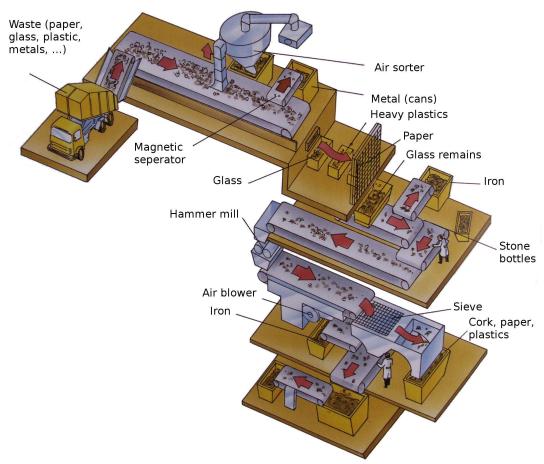
- Generates energy that otherwise would likely be generated by fossil fuel.
- Recovers metals for recycling, thereby saving the GHGs and energy associated with the production of products and materials from virgin inputs.
- Diverts waste from landfills where it would have emitted GHG.



 $Accessed \ at \ http://energyrecoverycouncil.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/ERC-2018-directory.pdf \ on \ 06.28.2022$



Recycle: Material recovery facilities (MRF)



Accessed at https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Materials_recovery_facility#/media/File:Non-selective_domestic_waste_sorting_machine.JPG on 06.28.2022

- In the United States, as of 2019
 - Over 300 MRF
 - Market size is \$6.6b

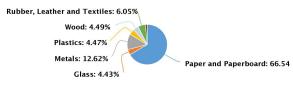


Accessed at https://resource-recycling.com/recycling/2019/10/22/mapping-out-mrf-infrastructure-nationwide/ on 06.28.2022

Summary of management methods

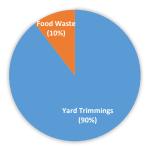
Recycled:

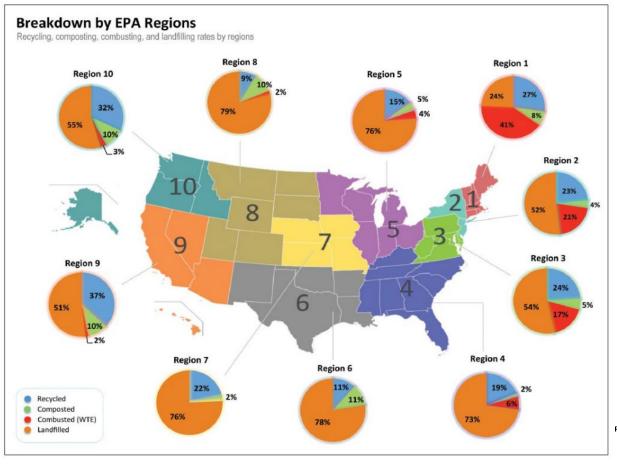
In 2018, 69 million tons MSW was recycled.



Composted:

In 2018, 25 million tons MSW was composted.

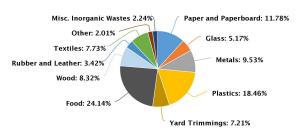




Accessed at https://www.mswmanagement.com/ on 06.28.2022

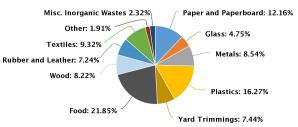
Landfilled:

In 2018, 146 million tons MSW was landfilled.



Combusted:

In 2018, 35 million tons MSW was combusted.



Greenhouse gas benefits

In 2018,

	(MT)	Combustion with Energy Recovery (MT)	Landfilled (MT)
69	25	35	146

Note: numbers in parentheses indicate a reduction in either greenhouse gases or vehicles, and therefore represent environmental benefits.

MSW's environmental impact

- MSW breaks down in landfills to emit greenhouse gas, and potential leaching of hazardous materials to groundwater.
- Change in climate and destruction of ozone layer due to waste biodegradable.
- Combustion of MSW generates a variety of pollutants (CO₂, heavy metals, dioxins, particulates) that contribute to impacts on both environment and human health.



MSW's environmental impact

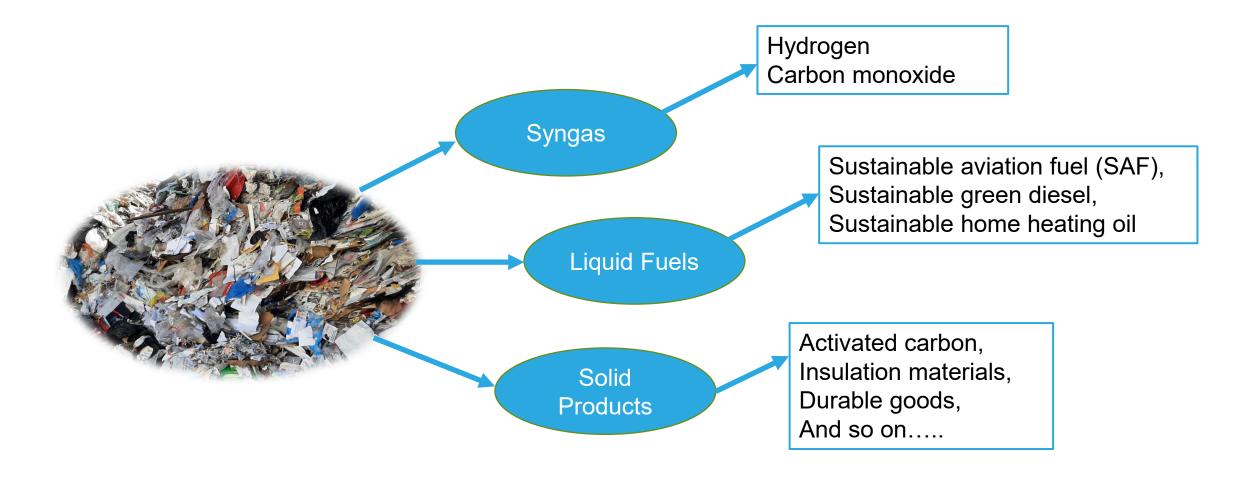
- >15% of methane emissions in the USA.
- These methane amounts
 - Are equal to emissions released by <u>over 20 million</u> <u>passenger vehicles driven</u> <u>over the year</u>.
 - Can trap <u>20 times</u> more solar radiation than CO₂.



What are we sending to landfill?

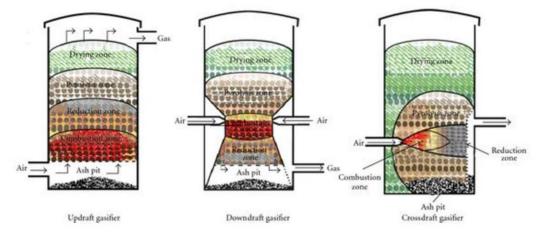


Potential opportunities of MSW utilization

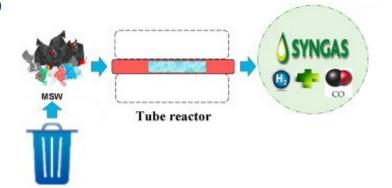


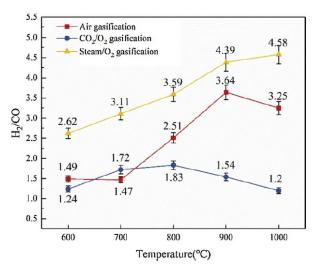
MSW to syngas

- Many companies have developed waste gasification technology:
 - Enerkem
 - Energy Products of Idaho
 - ENERGOS
 - Foster Wheeler
 - Lurgi
 - Thermoselect
 - Westinghouse Plasma Corporation
 - Ze-gen



Accessed at https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Different-zones-of-gasification-depending-upon-the-types-of-gasifier-Image-source_fig2_258383817 on 06.28.2022

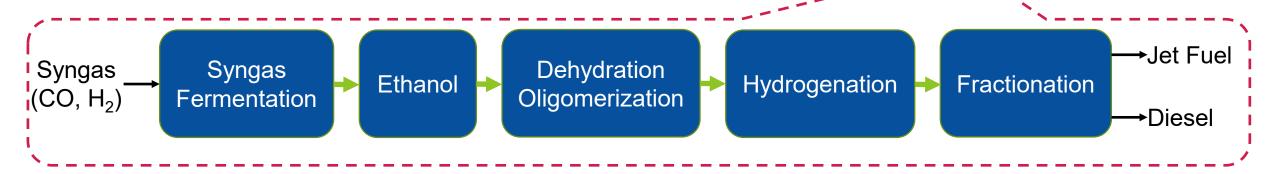


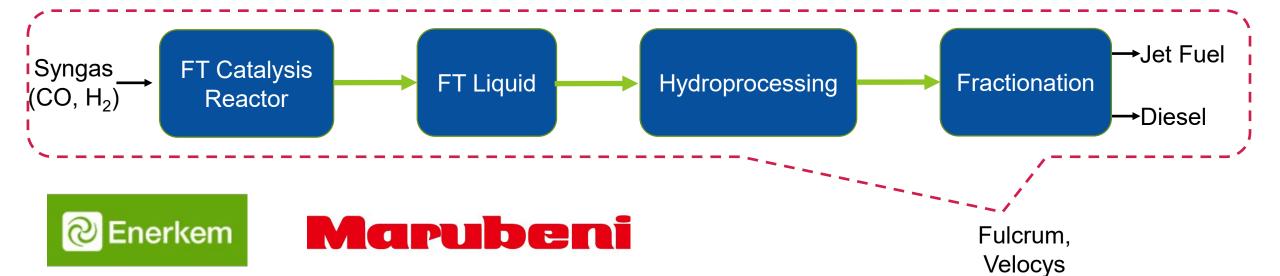


Accessed at https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract_id=4074329 on 06.28.2022

MSW to liquid fuels

LanzaTech/ LangzaJet

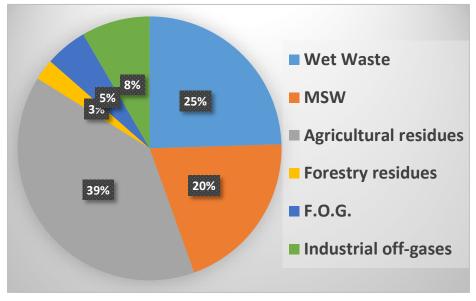




MSW to liquid fuels

SAF: Targets of opportunity that do not compete for food or land use change

- Wet Waste: manures, sanitary, misc streams
- MSW: wood, paper, yard, plastics, textiles, food
- Agricultural residues: primary crop residues only, 31% removal
- Forestry residues: 30% of production uncommitted
- F.O.G.: Fats oils and greases
- Industrial off-gases from steel, aluminum, petroleum industries

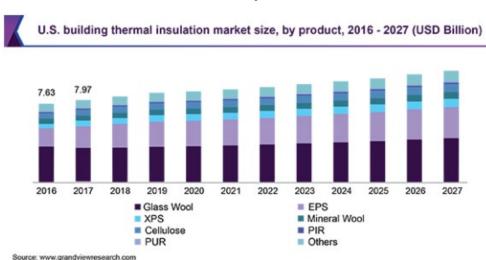


Accessed at https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/DEEP/waste_management_and_disposal/CCSMM/Public-Comments/038_RichardAltman_20201026.pdf on 06.28.2022

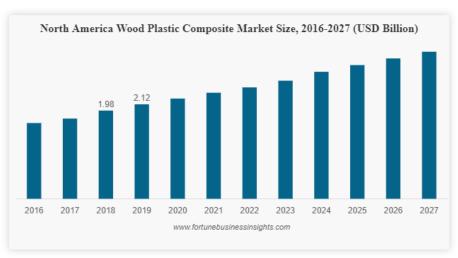


Solid products: Case study for co-products creation

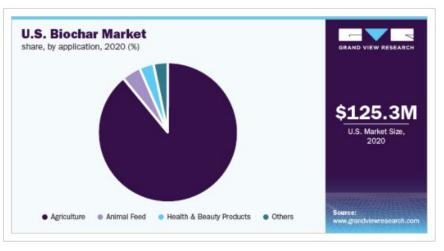
- Investigation of off-spec material properties and carbon structures for reuse in coproduct production
 - Building materials
 - High surface area carbon materials
 - Carbon fiber composites



Accessed at https://www.grandviewresearch.com/industry-analysis/building-thermal-insulation-market on 12.01.2021



Accessed at https://www.fortunebusinessinsights.com/wood-plastic-composite-market-102821 on 12.10.2021



Accessed at https://www.grandviewresearch.com/industry-analysis/biochar-market on 05.26.2021

MSW to thermal insulation: Processing







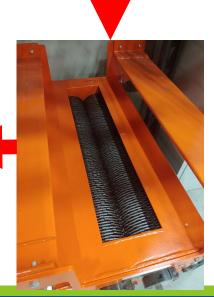


Thermal insulation and/or energy material

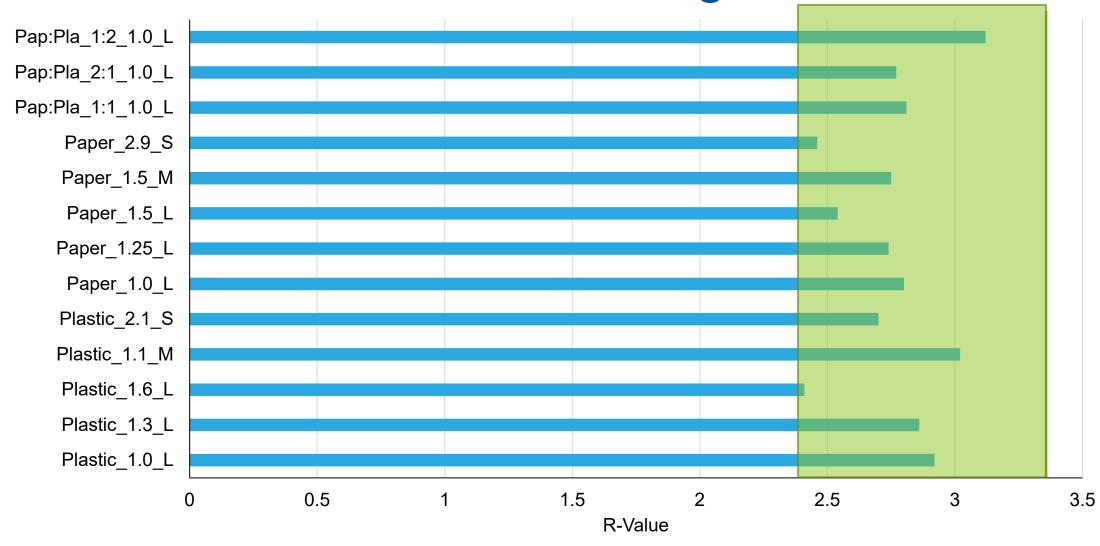








MSW to thermal insulation: Findings



Challenges associated with MSW handling

- Heterogeneous
 - Mechanical preprocessing
 - Chemical treatment



- Mechanical Hazards
- Ergonomic Hazards
- Chemical Hazards
- Biological Hazards



Solutions and sustainable alternatives

Source Reduction:

- Identify opportunities to reuse materials at home or in your community.
- Select efficiently packaged products or buying in bulk as packaging and containers made up 28% of the MSW generated in 2018.
- Choose reusable plates, cups, and silverware over disposable goods as 2.5 million tons of paper and plastic plates and cups were disposed in 2018.
- Reduce food waste through efficient meal planning and composting of scraps.

- Encourage Supportive Public Policy:
 - Implement Pay-As-You-Throw programs which could limit the MSW generation per household.
 - Implementation of recycling and composting programs can help reduce the burden of waste disposal.
 - A few (10) states have deposit laws that encourage the return of empty beverage containers for refunds.

Thank You!

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