

Development of a Thermodynamic Database for Corrosion in Chloride MSRs

October 2022

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http://www.inl.gov

Prepared for the U.S. Department of Energy Under DOE Idaho Operations Office Contract DE-NE0008985



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Overview

- Molten Salt Thermal Properties Database -Thermochemical (MSTDB-TC), a free resource for molten salt thermodynamic properties
- Well-specified CALPHAD modeling
- Thermodynamic assessment of NaCl-KCl-MgCl₂ with UCl₃-UCl₄ and CrCl₂
- Temperature and composition dependent formation of CrCl₂

Chloride corrosion systems of MSTDB-TC version 2.0

	KCI	MgCI ²	UCI ₃	UCI ₄	CrCl ₂	FeCl ₂	NiCl ₂	
NaCl	✓	✓		•		√	\checkmark	
KCI		\checkmark				\checkmark	\checkmark	
MgCl ₂						\checkmark	\checkmark	
UCI ₃								
NaCI-KCI						\checkmark	\checkmark	
NaCl-MgCl ₂	\checkmark					\checkmark		
KCI-MgCl ₂							\checkmark	
						• Nev		
General Atomics SmartState Center						□ Updated□ Unavailable		

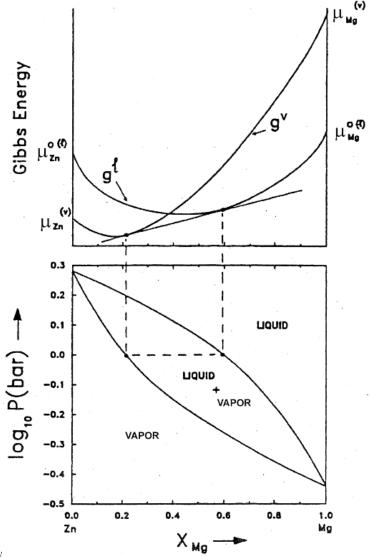
Producing well-specified thermodynamic assessments

- Gibbs energy descriptions can be underdefined
 Phase equilibria
- The modified quasi-chemical model in quadruplet approximation (MQMQA) describes ionic species ordering

- With well-defined endmembers depends only on and the cationcation coordination numbers (
- In a simple eutectic, and satisfied by and



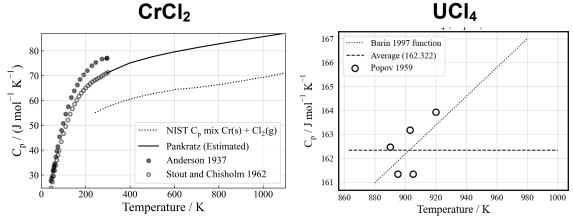
Connection between phase equilibria, chemical potential (), and



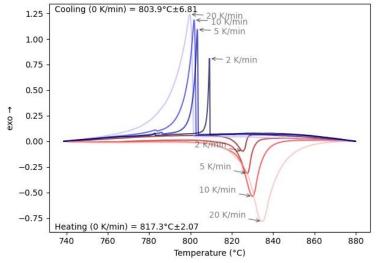
Adapton, Centre de Recherche en Calcul Thermodynamique: Montréal, Canada, 2011.

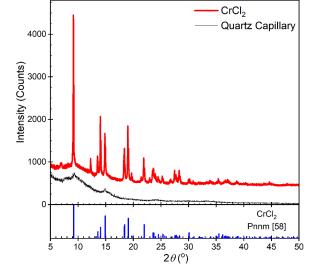
Endmember characterization

• , , and from primary sources.

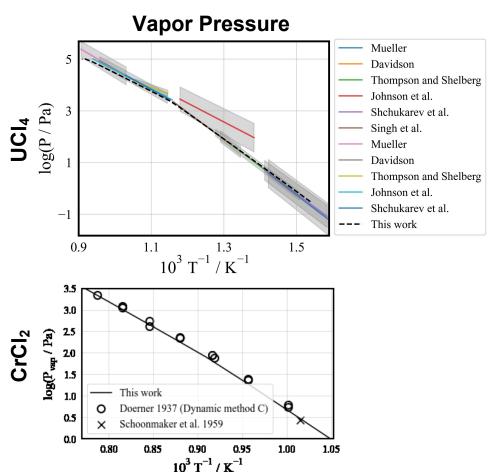


· Purity benchmarking of obtained salts.





 Comparison of calculated values against experimental



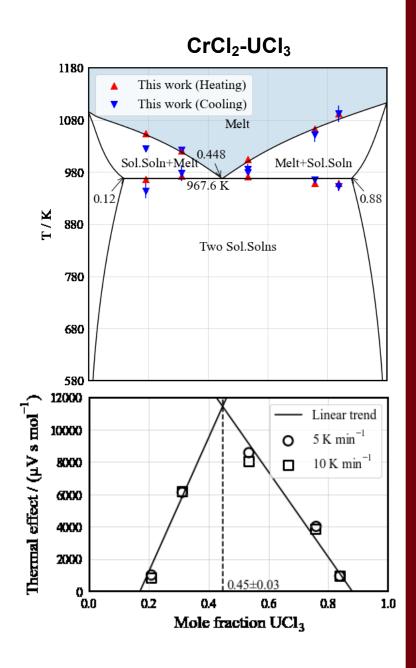


Experiments compliment similar system correlations

- Cationic potential (trends can predict broad equilibria patterns
- Few DSC measurements needed as confirmation

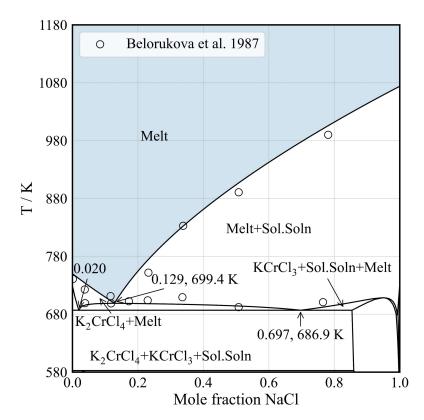
Cation (A)		# of Compounds
Cs(+)	0.24	2
Rb(+)	0.26	2
K(+)	0.29	2
Na(+)	0.39	1
Li(+)	0.53	1+ Sol. Soln.
Mn(2+)	0.96	Two Sol. Soln.
Fe(2+)	1.03	Two Sol. Soln.
Mg(2+)	1.11	Two Sol. Soln.



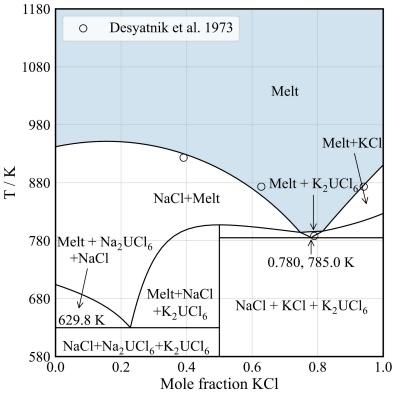


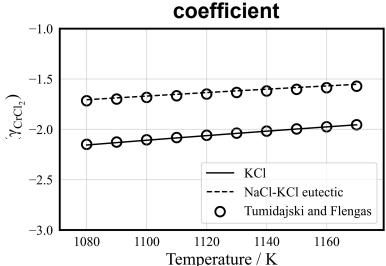
NaCl-KCl-CrCl₂ and NaCl-KCl-UCl₄

K₂CrCl₄-NaCl



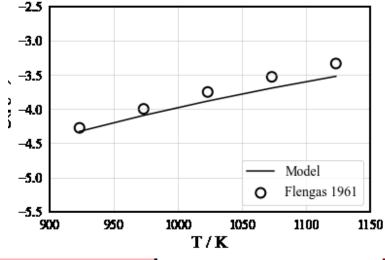
NaCI-KCI Section 20mol% UCI₄





Dilute CrCl₂ activity

Dilute UCI₄ activity coefficient

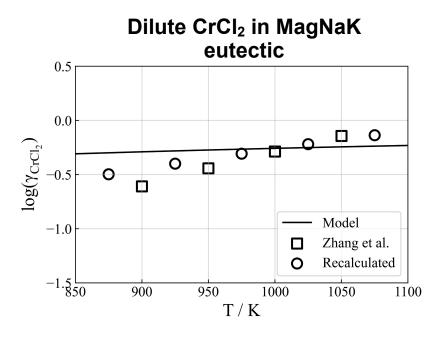


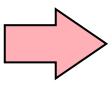


No pseudo-ternary liquid interaction parameters needed

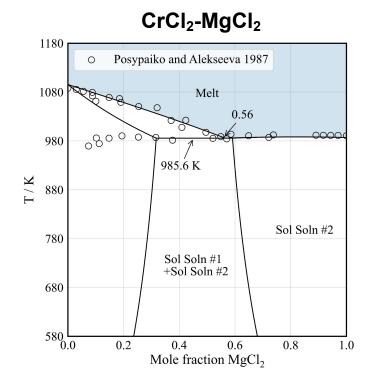
NaCl-KCl-MgCl₂-CrCl₂

- Sparse data for the CrCl₂-MgCl₂ system, only a single set of phase equilibria available
- Higher order data may be used to better inform the lower order system assessment



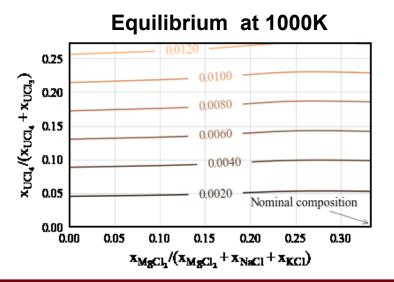


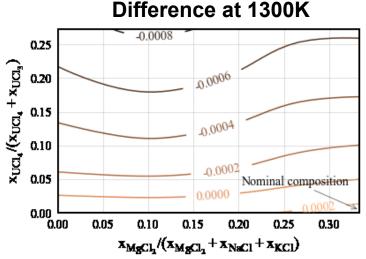
High-order data used in lower order system assessment.

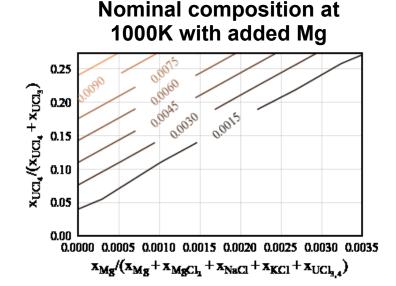


Hastelloy-N Cr corrosion

- Equilibrium CrCl₂ formation from Ni-5.7Cr-24.0Mo-4.4mol%Fe alloy
- Nominal salt composition of 10UCl₃-30NaCl-30KCl-30MgCl₂.
- Composition variations have constant total molar content and a 1:1 NaCl:KCl ratio.
- Very small additions of Mg can greatly reduce corrosion product formation.







Summary and conclusions

- This work added 18 chloride systems (7 pseudo-ternary) to MSTDB-TC
- Correlational approaches, DSC measurements, and constrained equilibria optimizations yield accurate high-order molten salt system assessments
- Chloride corrosion calculations can be performed for
 - NaCl-KCl-MgCl₂-UCl₃-UCl₄-CrCl₂
 - NaCl-KCl-MgCl₂-(FeCl₂,NiCl₂)
- Driving forces for CrCl₂ formation marginally decrease with increasing temperature
- More complete understanding will require phase equilibria of NaCl-MgCl₂-UCl₃, NiCl₂-UCl₃, and FeCl₂-UCl₃

Training/Workshop on Molten Salt Thermal Properties Databases University of South Carolina November 9, 2022

Thermochemical, MSTDB-TC, and thermophysical, MSTDB-TP

- Details on the development and the current and projected future content
- Use of software for accessing the database content
 - FactSage (commercial) and Thermochemica (open access) for MSTDB-TC
 - Saline (open access) for MSTDTB-TP
 - Examples of coupling to multiphysics codes
- Presenters from UofSC, ORNL, Ontario Tech, and others
- Contributed posters on applications

Registration deadline Oct. 28!!!

For registration details and to be added to the mailing list contact: besmann@sc.edu



Organizers:

- Ted Besmann, UofSC
- Dianne Ezell, ORNL

