

ANS MultiApps tutorial

November 2022

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Assembling Multiphysics Nuclear Reactor Simulations Using the MOOSE Framework

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Mission Statement

NRIC: Deliver successful demonstration and deployment of advanced nuclear energy

- EBRII Test Bed (DOME)
- > ZPPR Test Bed (LOTUS)
- Virtual Test Bed (VTB): Accelerate deployment of advanced reactors by leveraging state-of-the-art Modeling and Simulation (ModSim) tools developed by the NEAMS program /

Ok, but what is it? Reactor Demonstrations

1) Model Development

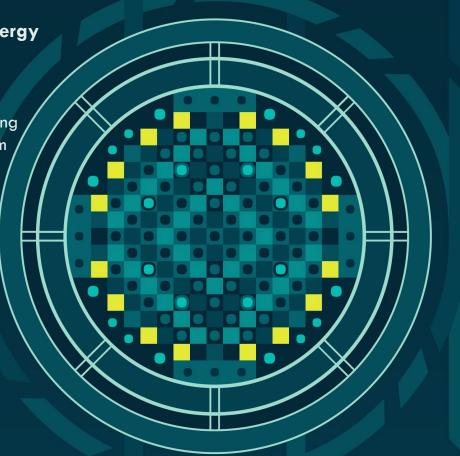
Leverage codes supported by NEAMS to provide powerful, highly-adaptable simulations:

- Analysis Tools
- Problem benchmarks
- Testing capabilities
- Safety review

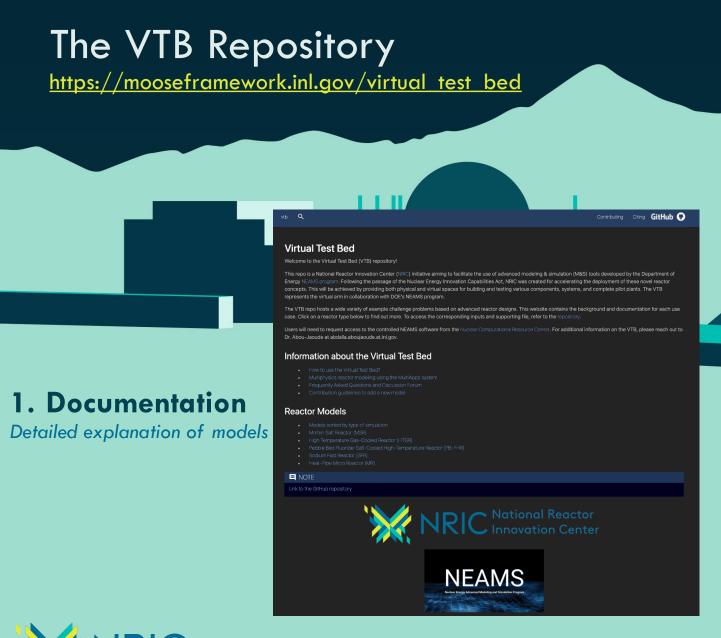


2) Model Repository

- Storing and showcasing open use-cases
- Stewardship of industryrelevant models
- Integration with code development framework to avoid legacy issues

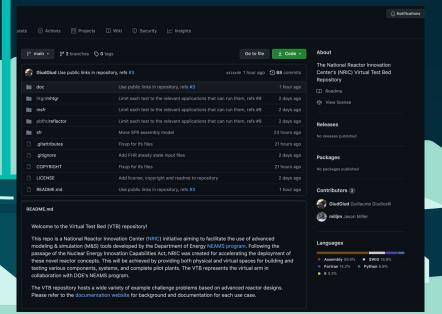






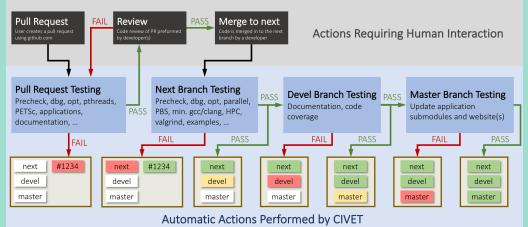
2. GitHub Repo

Ability to clone and contribute to models

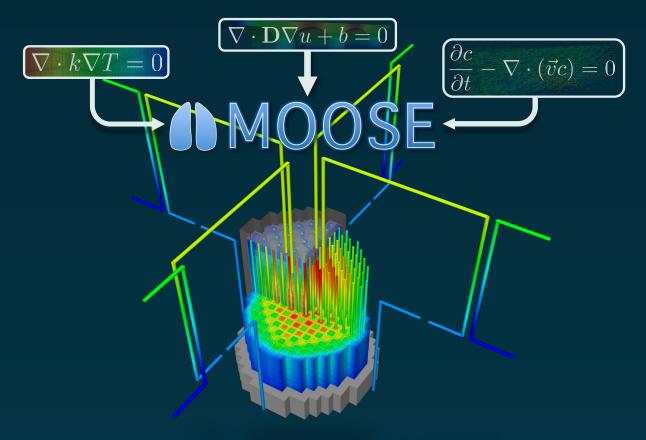


3. Integration with Code Development

Continuous testing of models against codes using CIVET



MOOSE Framework



What is MOOSE?

- Multiphysics framework to capture various reactor physical phenomena (neutronics, hydraulics, heat conduction, fuel performance etc.)
- Finite element based (with new finite volume capability) and massively parallelizable
- Standardized input structure
- Nuclear Software Quality Assurance (SQA) compliant

Why Multiphysics?

- Reactors are inherently Multiphysics
- Upcoming reactor designs rely on non-traditional Multiphysics effects (e.g. core expansion, heat pipes, molten fuel, fluidized beds, porous flow, etc.)
- Predictive Multiphysics enables the study of:
 - Power uprates, material changes, design/safety basis, accident scenarios, design feasibility, moderator choice, fuel loading optimization, material degradation, etc.



Tutorial

- 1. Introduction to Multiphysics Coupling with MOOSE
- 2. Important Terminology and Hierarchy Rules
- 3. Applications of MultiApps
- 4. Workflow to Establish a MultiApps Simulation
- 5. MultiApps Syntax & Examples
- 6. Transfers Syntax & Examples
- 7. Advanced Topics
- 8. Selected FAQ and Other Resources



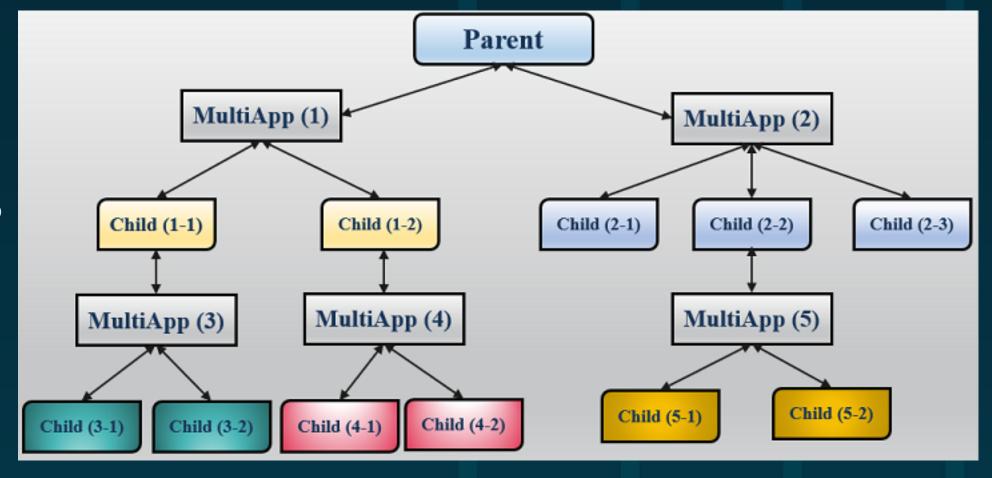
1) MultiApps Introduction

- System to numerically separate a physics solve
- Why separate?
 - Dissimilar time scales
 - Dissimilar spatial scales or dimensions
 - Weakly coupled physics
 - Numerical reasons
 - UQ/Optimization studies



2) MultiApps Terminology

- Application
- Parent app
- MultiApp
- Child or subapp
- Transfers
- Fixed point





3) Applications for MultiApps

 Coupling physics applications from the NEAMS program

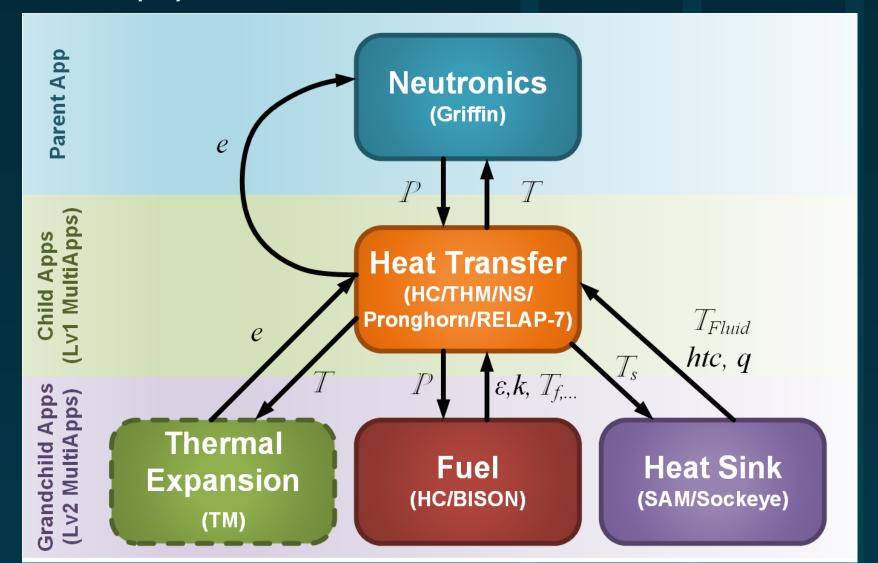
Full list on NEAMS website

Physics	MOOSE Application	Features
Fuel Performance	BISON	A finite element-based nuclear fuel performance code applicable to a variety of fuel forms including light water reactor fuel rods, TRISO particle fuel, and metallic rod and plate fuel. It is a multiphysics fuel analysis tool that solves fully-coupled thermomechanical problems.
Neutronics	Griffin	A reactor physics application for advanced reactor multiphysics modeling and simulation.
Structure Analysis	Grizzly	A code for modeling degradation of nuclear power plant systems, structures, and components due to exposure to normal operating conditions.
Thermal Hydraulics	nekRS	An open-source Navier Stokes solver based on the spectral element method targeting classical processors and hardware accelerators like GPUs. Use of nekRS in the MOOSE ecosystem is through Cardinal , a wrapping of the spectral element code CFD NekRS and the Monte Carlo radiation transport code OpenMC as a MOOSE application.
Thermal Hydraulics	Pronghorn	A multiscale thermal-hydraulic (T/H) application developed by the Idaho National Laboratory
System analysis	RELAP-7	A next generation nuclear systems safety analysis code being developed at the Idaho National Laboratory (INL).
System Analysis	System Analysis Module (SAM)	A modern system analysis tool being developed at Argonne National Laboratory for advanced non-LWR safety analysis. It aims to provide fast-running, whole-plant transient analyses capability with improved-fidelity for SFR, LFR, and MSR/FHR.
Heat Pipe	Sockeye	A heat pipe analysis application based on the MOOSE framework.
Chemistry	MOSCATO	The MOIten Salt Chemistry And TranspOrt (MOSCATO) code is a code being developed at Argonne that focuses on simulating chemical and electrochemical reactions in molten salts. (MOOSE wrapping development is on-going?)
Chemistry	Mole	An engineering scale MOOSE-based molten salt species transport code developed at Oak Ridge National Laboratory.



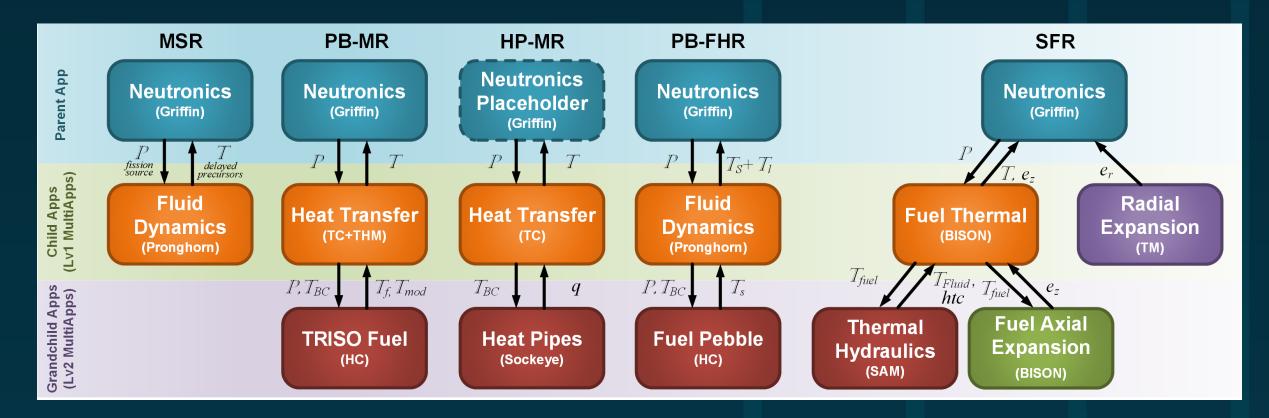
3) Applications for MultiApps

• Typical core multiphysics model



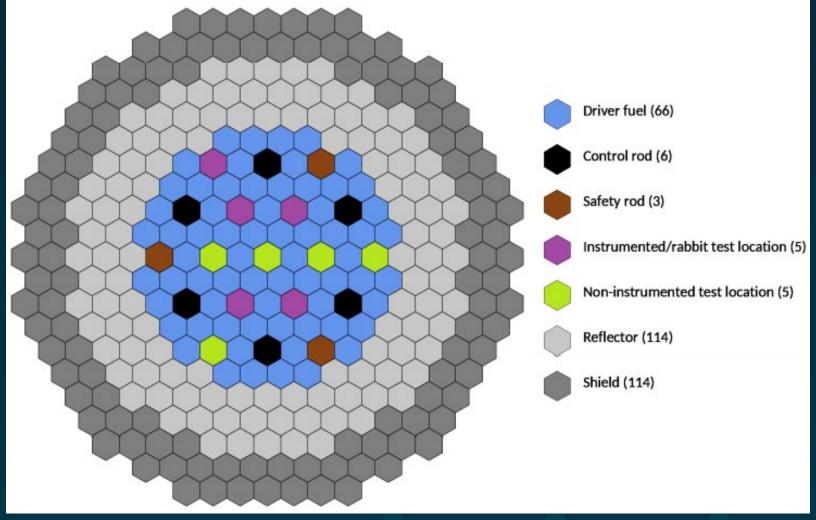


3) Multiphysics Models Leveraging MultiApps



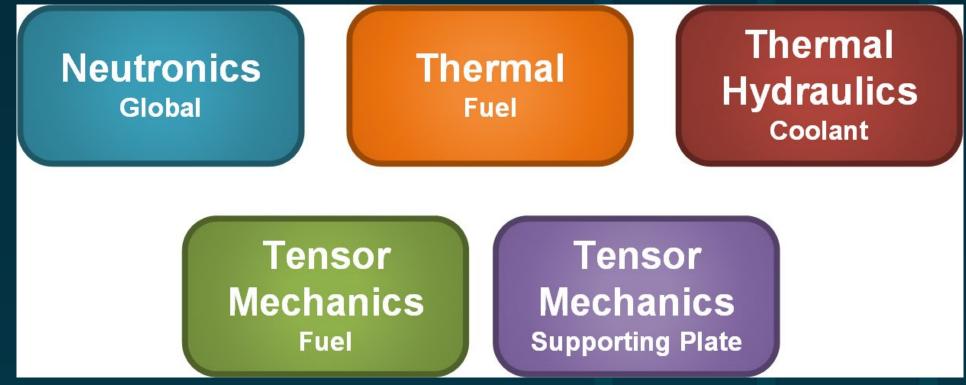


- Sodium Fast Reactor (SFR) example
- Declined in an assembly and a core model, both on VTB
- Contributed to the VTB by N. Martin, T. Folk and VTR team





Identify each physics involved





- Identify tool and build relevant single physics model
- Needs to run well standalone

Neutronics
Global
(Griffin)

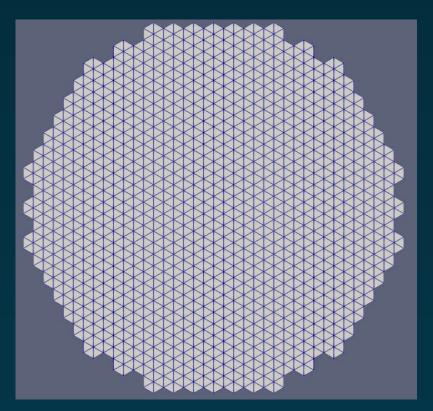
Thermal Fuel (BISON) Thermal Hydraulics Coolant (SAM)

Tensor Mechanics Fuel (BISON) Tensor
Mechanics
Supporting Plate
(TM Module)



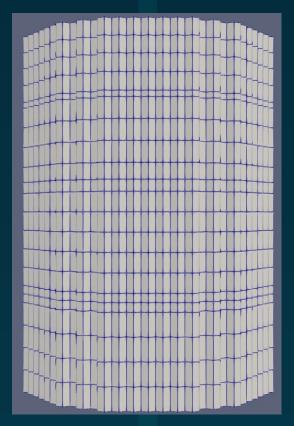
SFR Example Single-physics Models

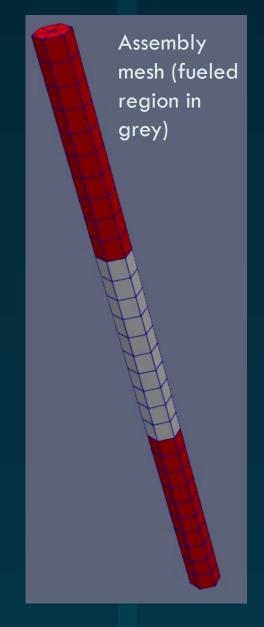
- Single assembly model: homogenized assembly
- Core model: homogenized Continuous Finite Element Method (CFEM) core



Radial mesh (left)

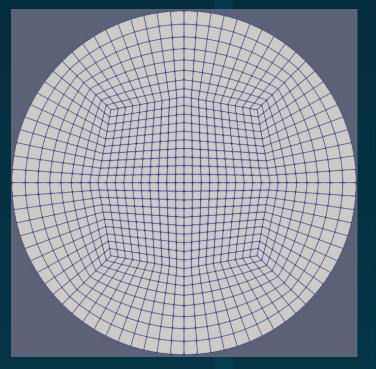
Axial mesh (right)





SFR Example Single-physics Models

- Axial expansion on 2D RZ fuel + clad model
- Radial expansion on 2D support plate

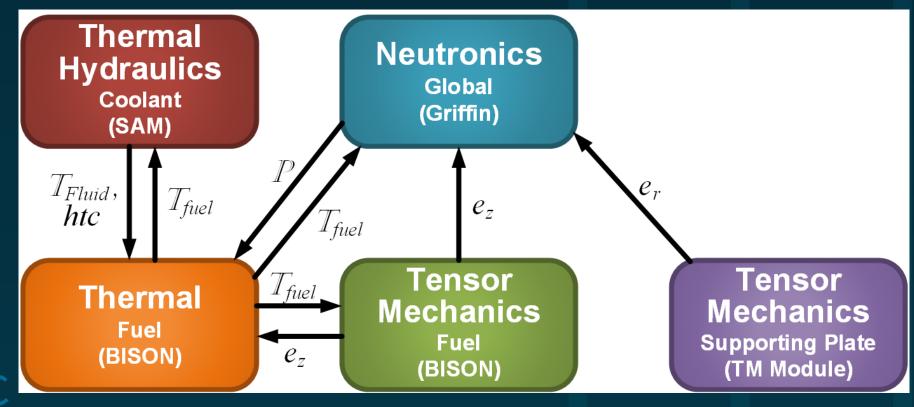




Axial pin
Model
red: fuel
white & green:
cladding

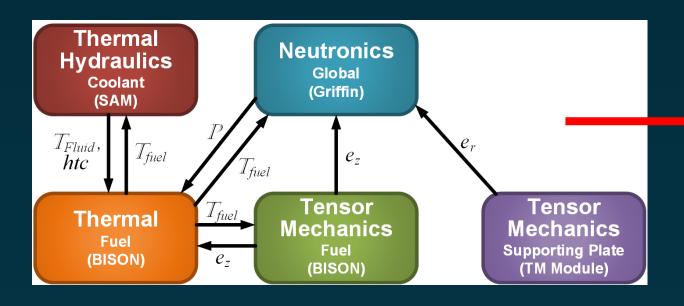


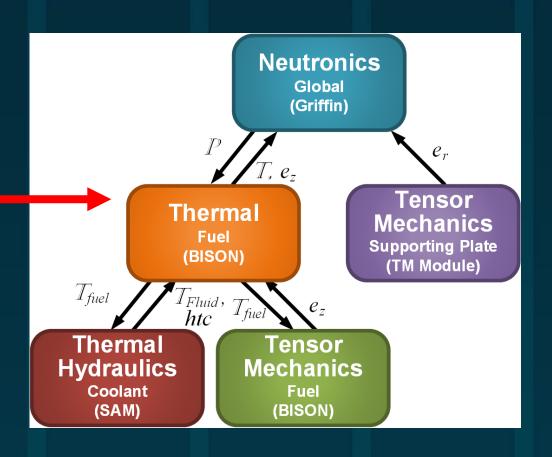
Identify quantities involved in coupling physics





Determine MultiApps hierarchy

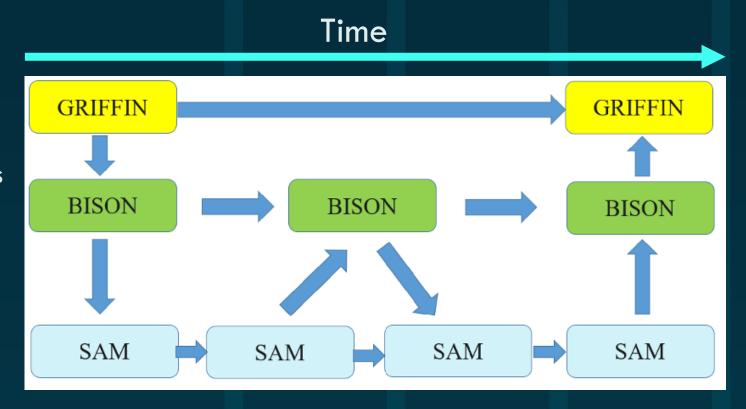






5) MultiApps Timestepping

- Default behavior:
 minimum timestep across apps forces synchronization
- Sub-cycles
 Allows subapps to take smaller timesteps
 → often main criteria for which app is the main app
- Catch-up
 Default + some crash-specific behavior



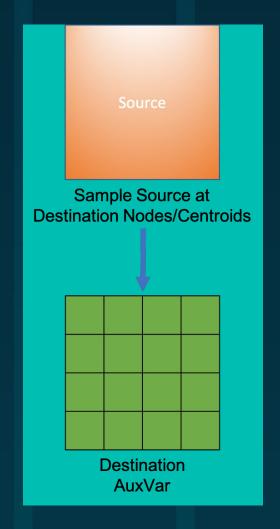


5) Other Features & Examples in the Tutorial

- Parallel capabilities and scheduling
- Nesting steady state solves
- Execution order
- Restart and recovery of simulations

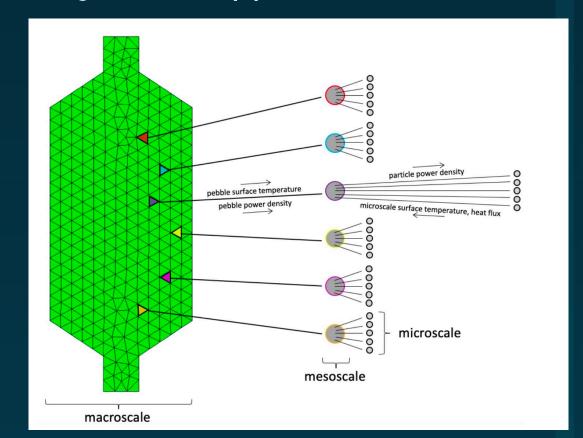


- Fields (spatially dependent)
 - Geometric interpolation
 - Shape function evaluation
 - Projection
 - Straight copy
- Scalar (one or few global numbers)
 - Postprocessors : MultiAppPostprocessorTransfer
 - Scalar variables: MultiAppScalarToAuxScalarTransfer
 - Reporters: MultiAppReporterTransfer

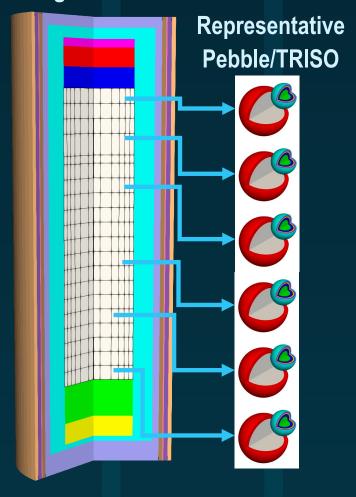




Conversion between types for multiple child apps and single main app







Credit: P. Balestra, Pronghorn (top)
A. Novak Ph.D. (left)



- SFR example
- Fields:

Displacement: geometric interpolation & copy





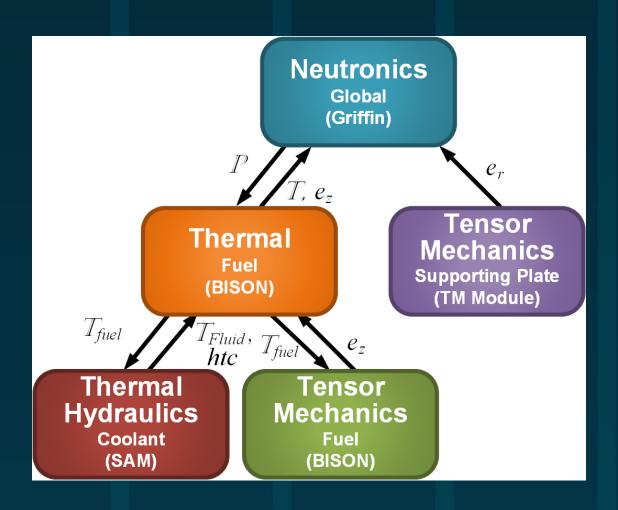
- SFR example
- Fields:

power_density: projection + conservation

displacement: geometric interpolation & copy

temperature: geometric interpolation should it be conservative?

Optimizations: block restriction + fixed mesh





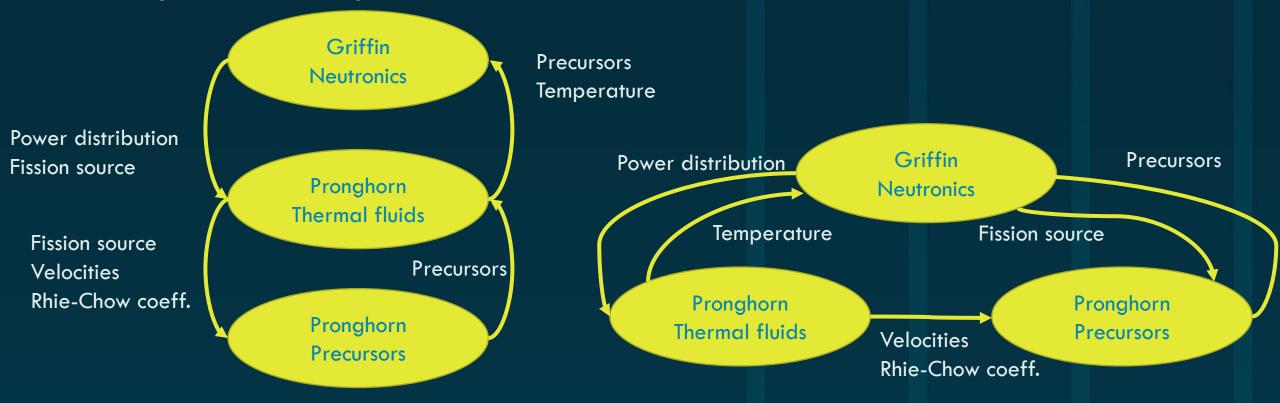
Numerous features:

- Block and boundary restriction
- Fixed mesh mapping caching
- Displaced source/target meshes
- Higher order variables
- Distributed meshes
- Multiple subapps, various parallel configurations

- Conservation of quantities
- Interpolation of transfers during sub-cycling
- Reduction operations (min/max/mean)
- Siblings transfer
- Coordinate transformation



Siblings transfer implemented in mid-FY22



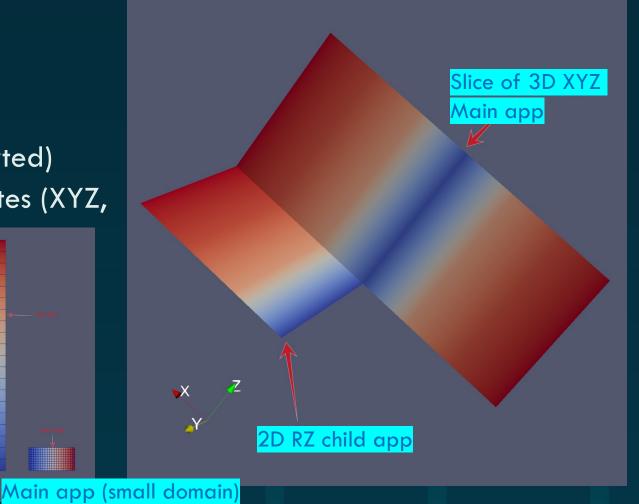


- Coordinate transforms
 - Rotation
 - Scaling
 - Translation (previously supported)

Collapsing between coordinates (XYZ,

RZ, R-spherical)

Sub app (larger extent, scaled using transform)





7) Additional Resources (under construction)

- Debugging tips
- Known issues about transfers
 - Floating point comparisons with nearest nodes for example
- Dealing with coupling convergence issues
- Miscellaneous items will be expanded
- Chapter 8 is FAQ



Summary

- MultiApps are a very powerful and popular system in MOOSE
 - Splits each physics in a different input
 - Automatically handles parallelism, time stepping, and coupling iterations
 - Numerous native ways to transfer data between apps
- Tutorial on MOOSE website on general MultiApps
- Hosts a tutorial on using MultiApps for building nuclear reactor models
 - Uses the SFR (VTR) coupled multiphysics model
 - Necessitates Griffin, BISON & SAM, requestable at ncrc.inl.gov
- Several additional models on the VTB leverage MultiApps
 - Indexed under "Model Features"
- Virtual Test Bed (VTB) repository at: https://mooseframework.inl.gov/virtual-test-bed
- Credit to: A. Abdelhameed, A. Novak, A. Lindsay, D. Gaston, N. Martin for figures