



Sodium Fast Reactor Probabilistic Risk Assessment Activities

September 2023

Changing the World's Energy Future

Robby Christian



DISCLAIMER

This information was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the U.S. Government. Neither the U.S. Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, expressed or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness, of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. References herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trade mark, manufacturer, or otherwise, does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the U.S. Government or any agency thereof. The views and opinions of authors expressed herein do not necessarily state or reflect those of the U.S. Government or any agency thereof.

Sodium Fast Reactor Probabilistic Risk Assessment Activities

Robby Christian

September 2023

**Idaho National Laboratory
Idaho Falls, Idaho 83415**

<http://www.inl.gov>

**Prepared for the
U.S. Department of Energy
Under DOE Idaho Operations Office
Contract DE-AC07-05ID14517**



September 18, 2023

Robby Christian, PhD
robby.christian@inl.gov

Sodium Fast Reactor

Probabilistic Risk Assessment Activities

Battelle Energy Alliance manages INL for the
U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Nuclear Energy



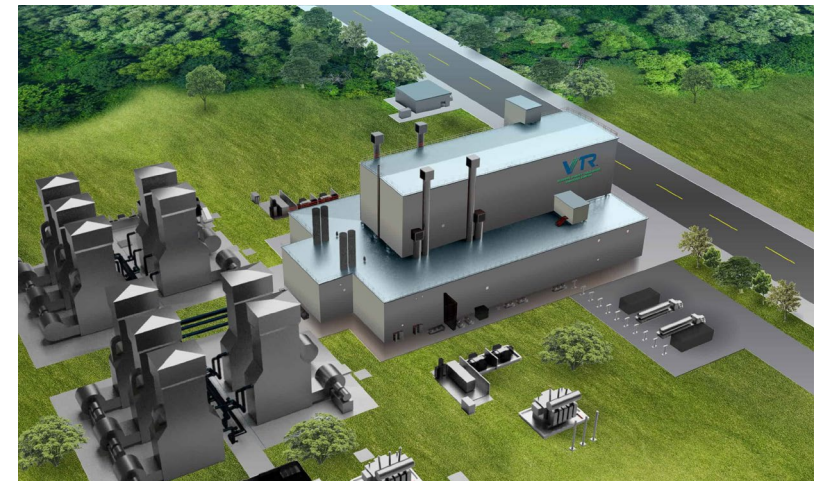
Idaho National Laboratory

Introduction

- Current PRA work on a power-generating SFR design
- References previous publications:
 - Experimental Breeder Reactor II (EBR-II) Level 1 PRA,
<https://www.osti.gov/biblio/1483951>
 - Versatile Test Reactor (VTR) safety analysis,
<https://www.osti.gov/biblio/1874798>
 - VTR PRA report, not publicly available
- PRA
 - Scenarios initiating and leading to the undesired outcome
 - Likelihood of said scenarios
 - Magnitude of the consequences



EBR-II, https://factsheets.inl.gov/FactSheets/EBRII_TestBed.pdf



VTR, <https://inl.gov/vtr/imagesvideos/>

Generic Initiating Events for SFRs

- **Loss of flow:** Loss of primary pump power, blockage of core inlet, inlet pipe breaks, etc.
- **Reactivity insertion:** control rod ejection, core support failure, core radial movement, gas bubble in core, etc.
- Loss of primary heat sink
- **Overcooling:** pump faults, BoP transients, etc.
- Loss of decay heat removal systems
- **Transients** (including shutdown)
 - Spurious reactor trips
 - Anticipatory shutdown
 - Normal shutdown
 - Core characterization transients
- Loss of coolant (sodium)
- Core support or other structural failure
- Blockage
- **Support system failures:** Loss of power, loss of instrument air, loss of water systems
- External events
- Leak between primary/secondary system.

Likelihood and Consequence

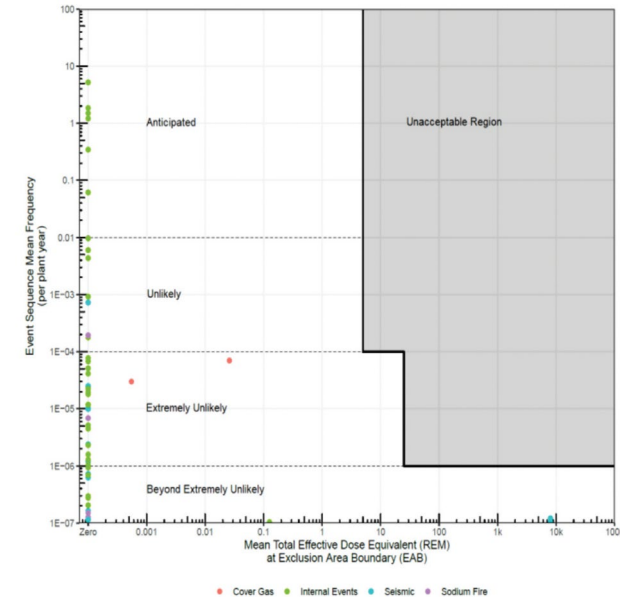
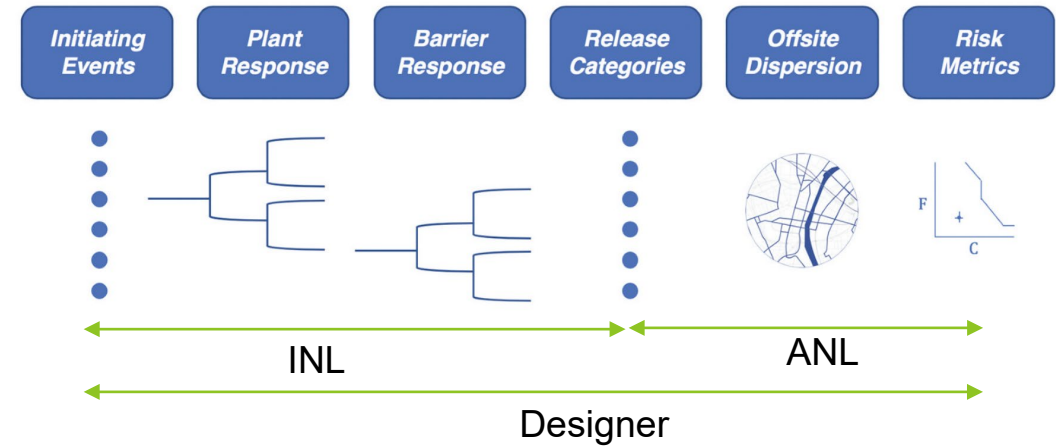
- Probability data:
 - US-NRC component reliability data, <https://nrcoe.inl.gov/AvgPerf/>
 - US-NRC CCF parameter estimates, https://nrcoe.inl.gov/ccf_pe/
 - Generic component failure data base for LWRs and liquid sodium reactors, <https://www.osti.gov/biblio/975488>
 - IAEA TecDoc 930: generic component reliability data for research reactor PSA, https://www-pub.iaea.org/MTCD/Publications/PDF/te_0930_scr.pdf
- Consequence assessment is done by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL)

PRA Standard

- ASME/ANS RA-S-1.4-2021 Probabilistic Risk Assessment Standard for Advanced Non-Light Water Reactor Nuclear Power Plants, <https://www.asme.org/codes-standards/find-codes-standards/ra-s-1-4-probabilistic-risk-assessment-standard-advanced-non-light-water-reactor-nuclear-power-plants/2021/drm-enabled-pdf>
- Integrated risk analysis. No PRA Level 1, 2, 3

ASME/ANS Non-LWR PRA Standard Elements

PRA Elements	Scope of Groups		
	Internal Events	Internal Hazards	External Hazards
Plant Operating State Analysis (POS)	×	×	×
Initiating Events Analysis (IE)	×	×	×
Event Sequence Analysis (ES)	×	×	×
Success Criteria (SC)	×	×	×
Systems Analysis (SY)	×	×	×
Human Reliability Analysis (HR)	×	×	×
Data Analysis (DA)	×	×	×
Internal Flood PRA (FL)		×	
Internal Fire PRA (FI)		×	
Seismic PRA (S)			×
Other Hazards Screening Analysis (EXT)			×
High Winds PRA (W)			×
External Flooding PRA (XF)			×
Other Hazards PRA (X)			×
Event Sequence Quantification (ESQ)	×	×	×
Mechanistic Source Term Analysis (MS)	×	×	×
Radiological Consequence Analysis (RC)	×	×	×
Risk Integration (RI)	×	×	×

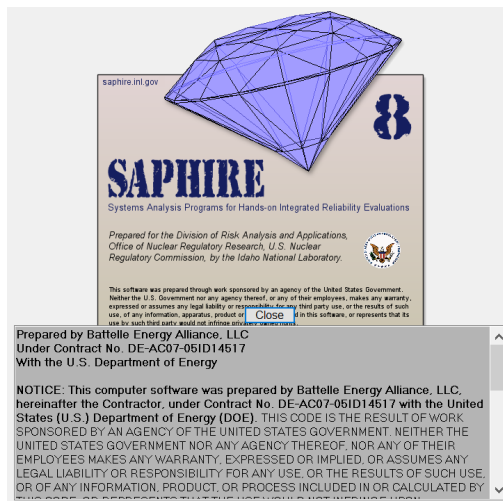


F/C Plot

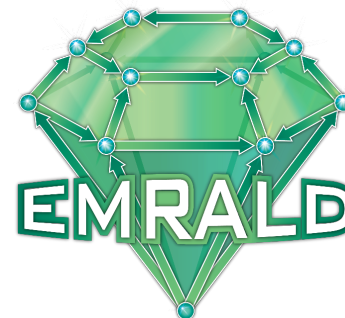
Figures from: David Grabaskas, Jason Andrus, Dennis Henneke, Jonathan Li, Matthew Bucknor & Matthew Warner (2022) Development of the Versatile Test Reactor Probabilistic Risk Assessment, Nuclear Science and Engineering, 196:sup1, 278-288, DOI: 10.1080/00295639.2021.2014741

Tools

- **Static PRA: Systems Analysis Programs for Hands-on Integrated Reliability Evaluations (SAPHIRE)** Version 8, <https://saphire.inl.gov/>
- Event trees, Fault trees, cutset solvers (MCUB, rare event, Min/Max, BDD)



- **Dynamic PRA: Event Modeling Risk Assessment using Linked Diagrams (EMRALD)**, <https://emrald.inl.gov/>
- Dynamic PRA model based on a three-phased discrete event simulation
 - No time steps
 - Jumps to next thing that happens in time.
 - Monte Carlo sampling.
 - Good for long and/or short time jumps.



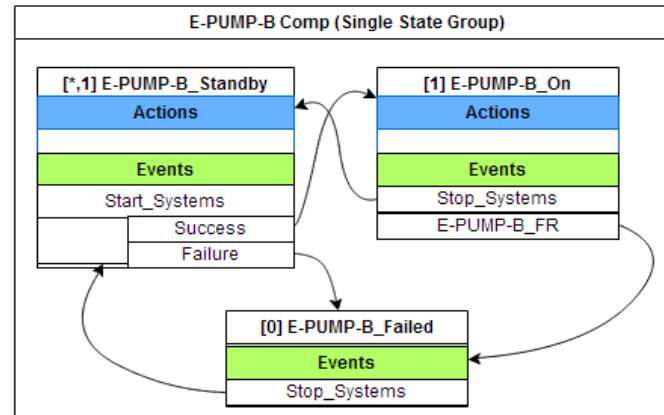
EMRALD Modeling

States

- Actions (transition, change variables, run script)
- Events -> Action (sampling, conditions, time, etc.)

Diagrams

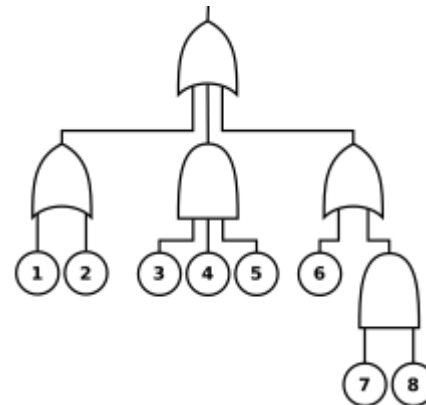
- Components
- Systems
- Plant response



Logic Trees

Variables

External Links



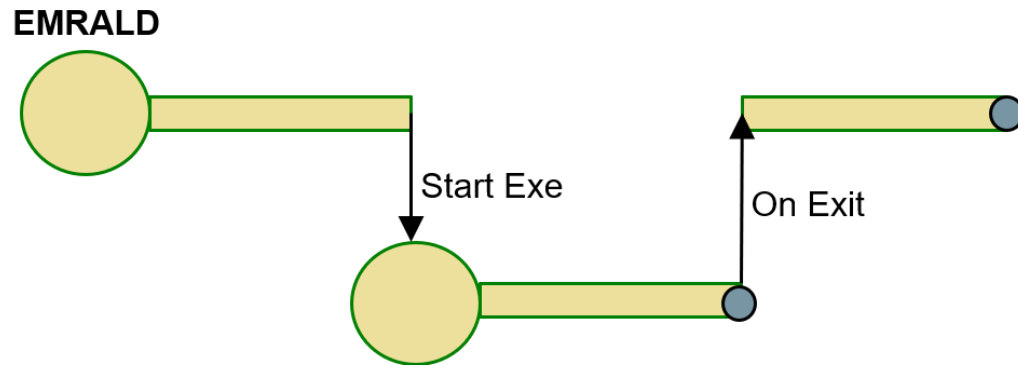
State
Actions
Transition
Change Variable
Run Script
Events
Failure Rate Sampling
Timer
State Change
Logic Tree
Evaluate Variable
External Event



EMRALD Coupling Capabilities

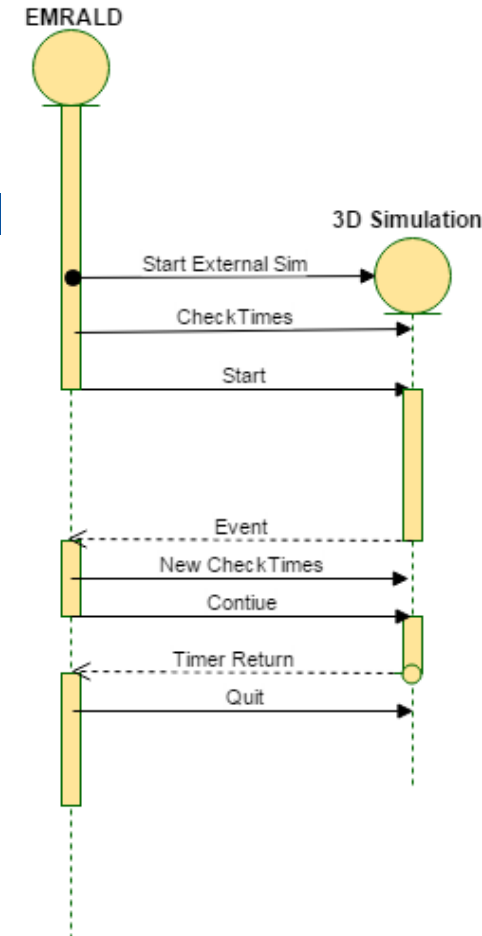
One Way Coupling

- Manual C# scripting in an EMRALD action window, or
- Customized form



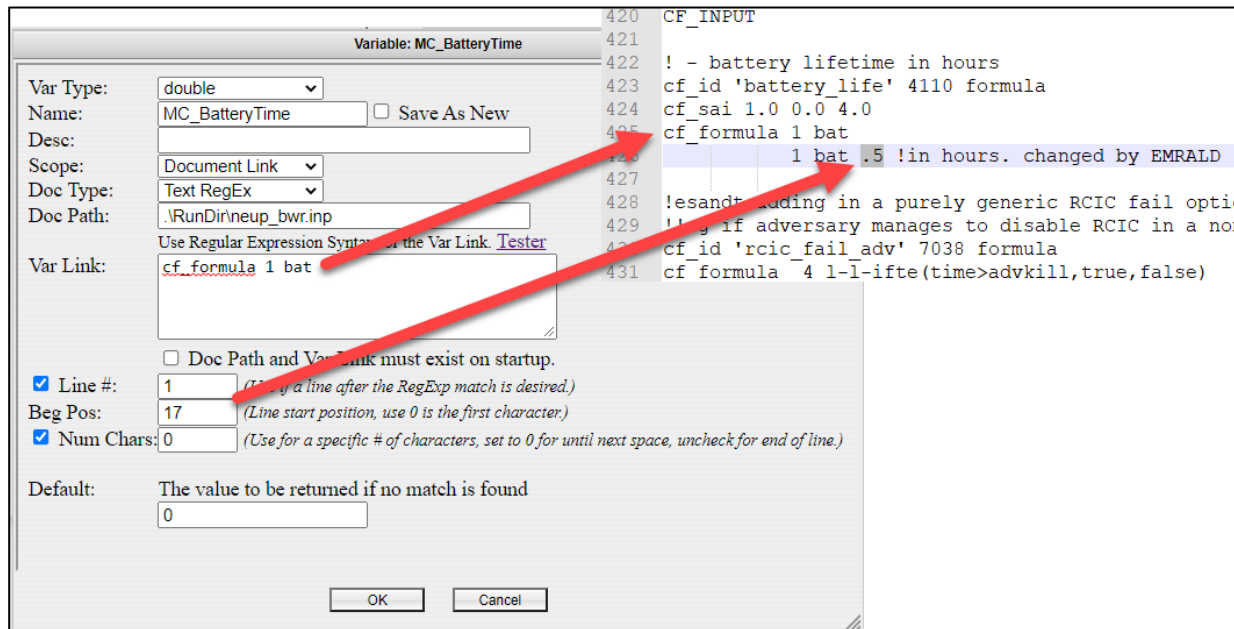
Two Way Coupling (XMPP)

- Message passing
- Requires open code or API
- Event times
- Feedback loops

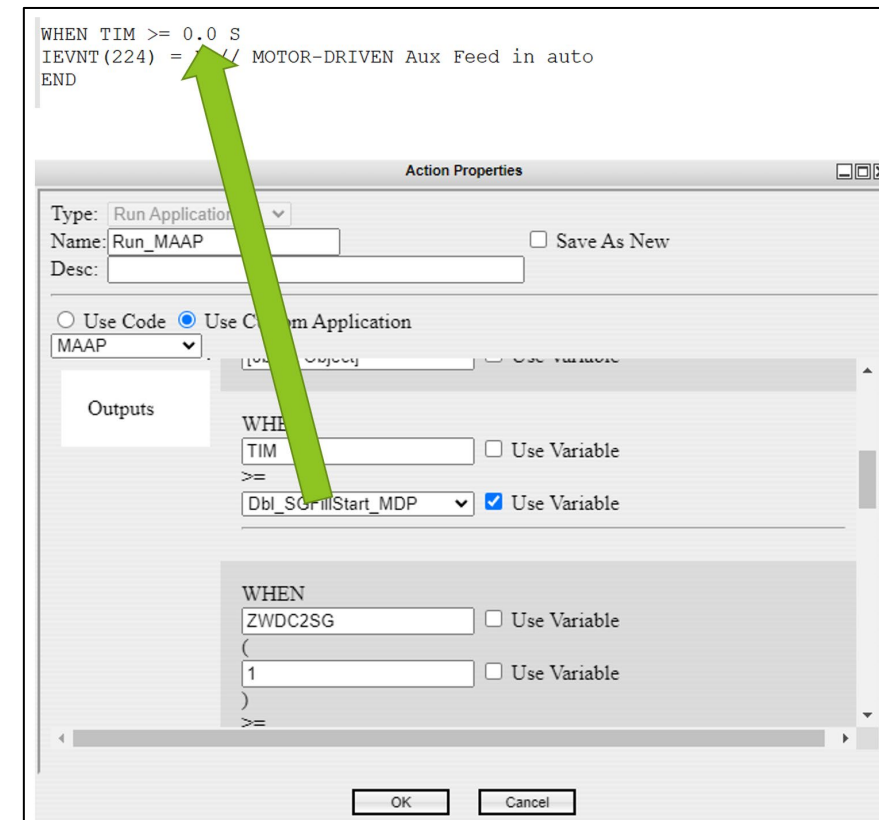


EMRALD Coupling Capabilities (2)

- **EMRALD-MELCOR**
- Modify MELCOR input file using EMRALD variable
- Run MELCOR in EMRALD action



- **EMRALD-MAAP**
- Modify input file, run MAAP, and fetch specific output data in a single form



EMRALD Coupling Capabilities (3)

- EMRALD-RELAP5
- Running_RELAP – There is **possible fuel damage** but **further calculations are needed using RELAP**.
 - Set_LGLeakRate – Sample and set if the RELAP simulation is to have a large leak rate.
 - Set_RecTime – Sample and set the recovery time for RELAP where an operator is able to manually adjust the PORV.
 - Inc_Loop_Cnt – Increment the counter indicating how many times RELAP was run for the current SBO event.
 - Run and Process_RELAP – **Modify the RELAP input deck with the failure time of any components or systems and run RELAP**. If RELAP indicates damage add to Fuel Damage to the current state list. After running RELAP move to Rerun_RELAP_Loop.
- References:
 - INL/EXT-16-40055: Multi-Hazard Advanced Seismic Probabilistic Risk Assessment Tools and Applications, <https://www.osti.gov/biblio/1369534>
 - INL/EXT-17-42666: Risk-Informed External Hazards Analysis for Seismic and Flooding Phenomena for a Generic PWR, <https://www.osti.gov/biblio/1376899>

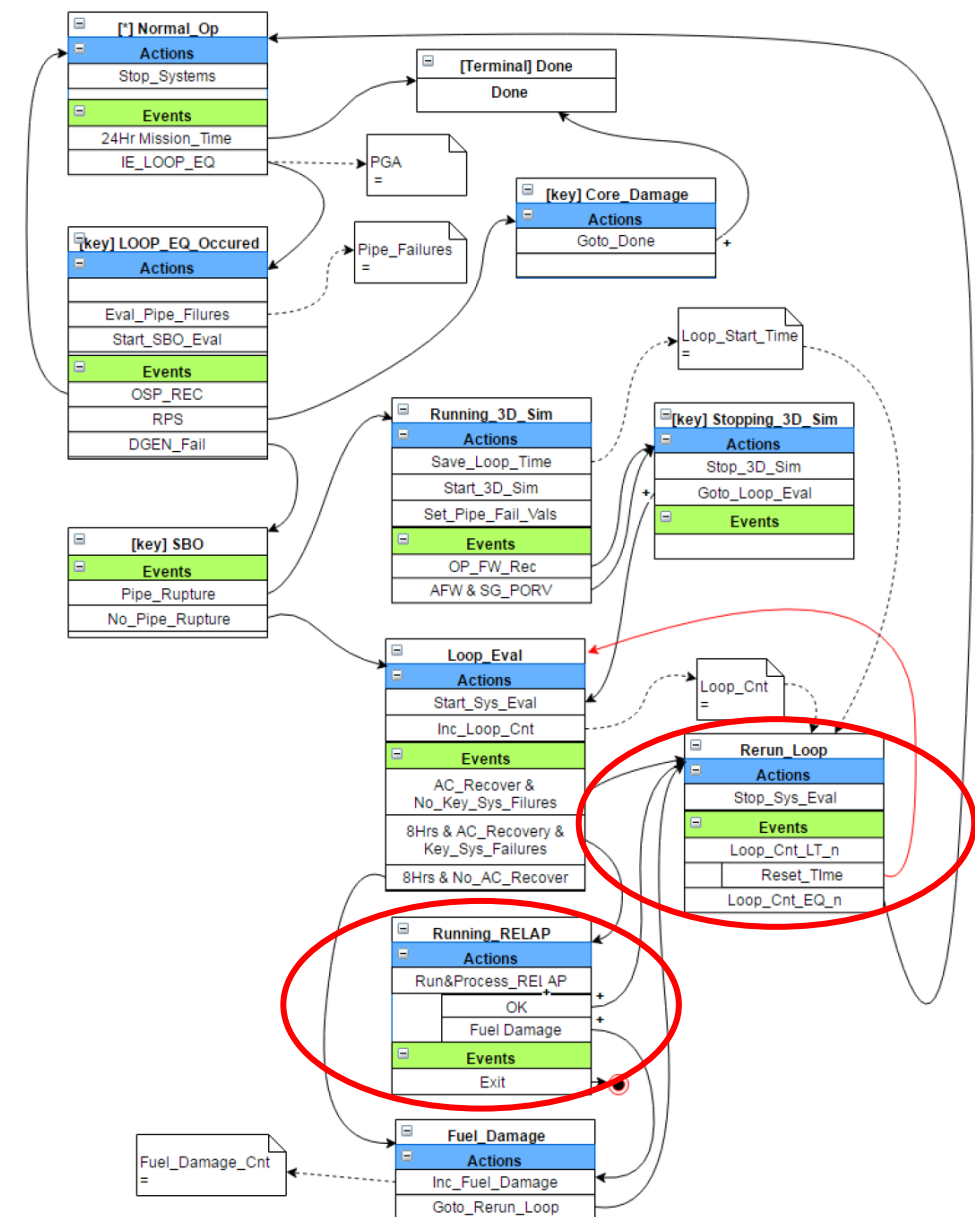


Figure: EMRALD diagram coupling seismic analysis, 3D simulations, and RELAP



Idaho National Laboratory

Battelle Energy Alliance manages INL for the U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Nuclear Energy. INL is the nation's center for nuclear energy research and development, and also performs research in each of DOE's strategic goal areas: energy, national security, science and the environment.

WWW.INL.GOV