

Development of Multiresolution Capabilities for HERON - FY23 (M4)

July 2024

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Development of Multiresolution Capabilities for the Holistic Energy Resource Optimization Network (HERON) tool A progress update

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Report highlights

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Purpose of the study

Context

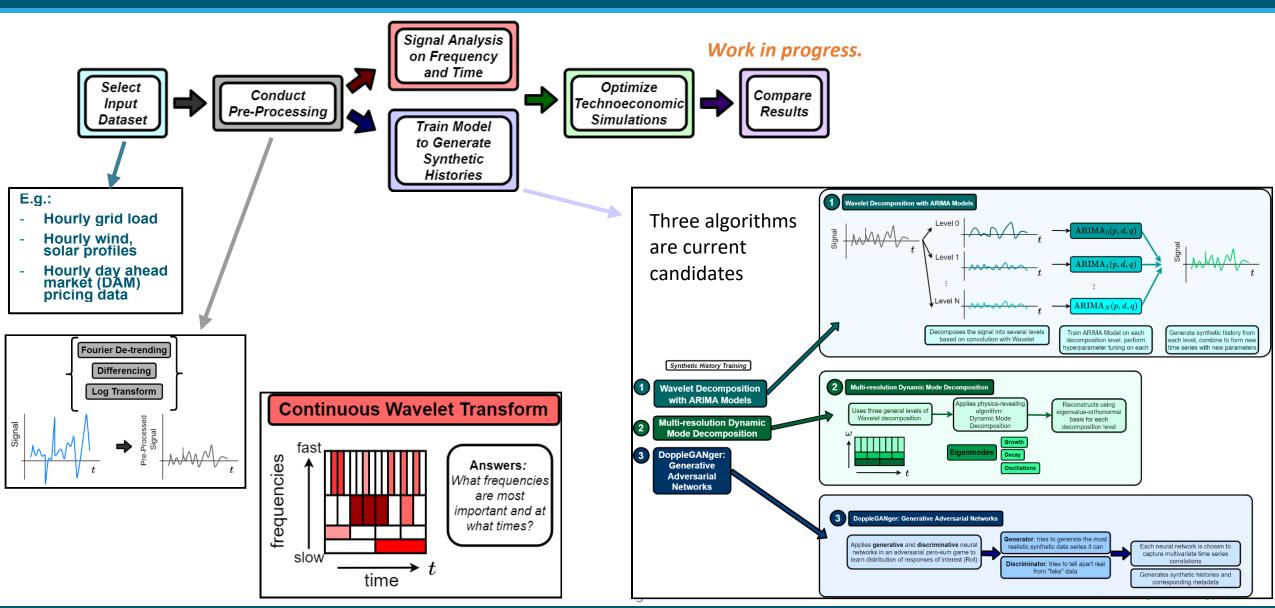
- INL researchers work on technoeconomic analyses of IES, e.g. maximizing net present value of components operating in a grid.
 - ☐ Determine optimal capacities of components and strategies for resource dispatch.
- Analyses rely on simulation tools that require time series data as inputs (e.g. pricing data, load profiles, wind speeds, solar irradiance, etc.).
- But simulations contain a degree of uncertainty due to the unpredictability of complex markets or weather events.
- Within simulations, dynamics occur on multiple timescales: important fast dynamics can get dominated by other larger, slower dynamics.
 - E.g., seasonal market trends vs. a quick contingency event due to power plant outage

Objectives and impact

- Generate better synthetic time histories that are statistically representative of training datasets.
- Understand the underlying dynamics in a multi-timescale time series.
- Couple seasonal, day-ahead and real-time optimization with greater computational efficiency.
- This will provide better decision-making for markets at different time scales.

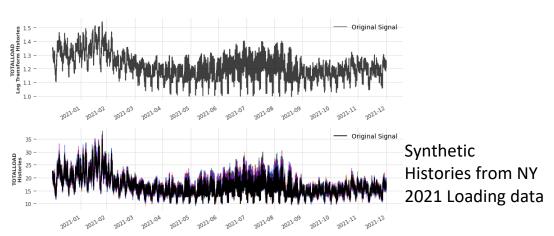


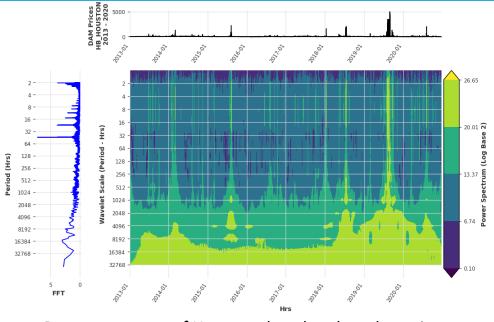
Methodology



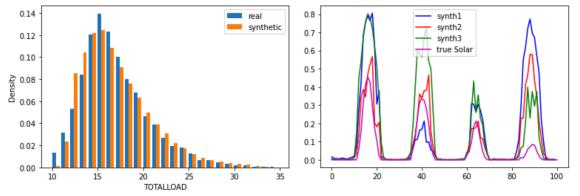
Main results and conclusions

- Showed that Wavelet ARIMA decomposition methods can be used to analyze signal and determines which frequencies are most important at what time periods.
- Demonstrated usage of 3 new algorithms for synthetic history training and generation:
 - Trained a model using two datasets, applying log transform first (nested ARIMA models based on decomposition levels).
 - Generated Dynamic Mode Decomposition.
 - Generated DGAN (DoppelGANger where GAN is generative adversarial networks) time series.





Power spectrum of Houston day-ahead market prices



Trained and generated new synthetic signals. Histograms show that model captures rare events (tails)

Next steps

- Generate better synthetic time histories:
 - Create metrics for comparing synthetic histories.
 - Improve capture of extreme spikes in training data.
 - Implement within INL's Risk Analysis Virtual Environment (RAVEN) for users.
- Understand the underlying dynamics in a multi-timescale time series
 - Apply clustering algorithm on Continuous Wavelet Transform
- Couple seasonal, day-ahead and real-time optimization with greater computational efficiency
 - Conduct optimization of simulations for multiple timescales (e.g., seasonal, day-ahead, etc.)

